B.P.Ed. Two Years
Gondwana University Gadchiroli

Faculty Of Education

The Examination Degree of Bachelor of Physical Education Two Years Semester Pattern 2015 and Onwards
Preamble: Bachelor of Physical Education (B. P. Ed.) two years (Four Semesters Choice Based Credit System) programme is a professional programme meant for preparing teachers of physical education in classes VI to X and for conducting physical education and sports activities in classes XI and XII.

B. P. Ed. programme shall be designed to integrate the study of childhood, social context of Physical Education, subject knowledge, pedagogical knowledge, aim of Physical Education and communication skills. The programme comprises of compulsory and optional theory as well as practical courses and compulsory school internship.

R.B.P.Ed. 1. Eligibility

Intake, Eligibility and Admission Procedure as per the NCTE norms and standards

R. B.P.Ed. 2. Duration:

The B.P.Ed programme shall be of a duration of two academic years, that is, four semesters. However, the students shall be permitted to complete the programme requirements within a maximum of three years from the date of admission to the programme.

R. B.P.Ed. 3. The CBCS System:

All Programmes shall run on Choice Based Credit System (CBCS). It is an instructional package developed to suit the needs of students, to keep pace with the developments in higher education and the quality assurance expected of it in the light of liberalization and globalization in higher education.
R. B.P.Ed 4. Course:

The term course usually referred to, as ‘papers’ is a component of a programme. All courses need not carry the same weight. The courses should define learning objectives and learning outcomes. A course may be designed to comprise Lectures/ tutorials/laboratory work/ field work/ outreach activities/ project work/ vocational training/viva/ seminars/ term papers/assignments/ presentations/ self-study etc. or a combination of some of these.

R. B.P.Ed. 5. Courses of Programme:

The B.P.Ed. Programme consists of a number of courses, the term ‘Course’ applied to indicate a logical part of subject matter of the programme and is invariably equivalent to the subject matter of a “paper” in the conventional sense. The following are the various categories of courses suggested for the B.P.Ed. Programme.

Theory:
  Core Course:
  Elective Course:

Practicum:
  Teaching Practices:

R. B.P.Ed.6. Semesters:

An academic year is divided into two semesters. Each semester will consist of 17-20 weeks of academic work equivalent to 100 actual teaching days. The odd semester may be scheduled from May/June to November/December and even semester from November/ December to May/June. The institution shall work for a minimum of 36 working hours in a week (five or six days a week).

R. B.P.Ed.7. Working days:

There shall be at least 200 working days per year exclusive of admission and examination processes etc.

R. B.P.Ed.8. Credits:

The term 'Credit' refers to a unit by which the programme is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or one and half / two hours of practical work/field work per week. The term 'Credit' refers to the weight given to a course, usually in relation to the instructional hours assigned to it. The total minimum credits, required for completing a B.P.Ed. Programme is 90 credits and for each semester 20 credits.
Provision of Bonus Credits Maximum 06 Credits in each Semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr. No.</th>
<th>Special Credits for Extra Co-curricular Activities</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sports Achievement at Stale level Competition (Medal Winner)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sports Achievement National level Competition (Medal Winner)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sports participation International level Competition</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Inter Uni. Participation (Any one game)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Inter College Participation (min. two game)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>National Cadet Corps / National Service Scheme</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Blood donation / Cleanliness drive / Community services /</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Mountaineering – Basic Camp, Advance Camp / Adventure Activities</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Organization / Officiating – State / National level in any two game</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>News Reposting / Article Writing / book writing / progress report writing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Research Project</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students can earn maximum 06 Bonus credits in each semester by his/her participation in the above mentioned activities duly certified by the Head of the institution / Department. This Bonus credit will be used only to compensate loss of credits in academic activities.

R. B.P.Ed. 9. Examinations:

i. There shall be examinations at the end of each semester, for first semester in the month of November /December: for second semester in the month of May / June. A candidate who does not pass the examination in any course(s) shall be permitted to appear in such failed course(s) in the subsequent examinations to be held in November /December or May / June.

ii. A candidate should get enrolled /registered for the first semester examination. If enrollment/registration is not possible owing to shortage of attendance beyond condonation limit / rules prescribed OR belated joining OR on medical grounds, such candidates are not permitted to proceed to the next semester. Such candidates shall redo the semester in the subsequent term of that semester as a regular student; however, a student of first semester shall be admitted in the second semester, if he/she has successfully kept the term in first semester.

R. B.P.Ed 10 Condonation:

Student must have 75% of attendance in each course for appearing the examination. Students who have 74% to 65% of attendance shall apply for condonation in the prescribed form with the prescribed fee. Students who have 64% to 50% of attendance shall apply for
condonation in prescribed form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students who have below 50% of attendance are not eligible to appear for the examination.

R. B.P.Ed 11. Pattern of Question Papers:

Question Papers shall have five questions corresponding to four units of each theory course.

B.P.Ed.: Format of Question Paper for 4 Units.

Each question paper shall have five questions. The pattern will be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Answer in detail (Long Question) Or Answer in detail (Long Question) (Form Unit 1)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Answer in detail (Long Question) Or Answer in detail (Long Question) (Form Unit 2)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Answer in detail (Long Question) Or Answer in detail (Long Question) (Form Unit 3)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Write short notes: any two out of four (Form Unit 4)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>M.C.Q. Type Questions (10 out of 12 Que.) (3 Questions. from each unit)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 70

R. B.P.Ed. 12. Evaluation:

The performance of a student in each course is evaluated in terms of percentage of marks with a provision for conversion to grade point. Evaluation for each course shall be done by a continuous internal assessment (CIA) by the concerned course teacher as well as by end semester examination and will be consolidated at the end of course. The components for continuous internal assessment are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>One Test</th>
<th>15 Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seminar / Quiz</td>
<td>5 Marks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignments</td>
<td>5 Marks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance</td>
<td>5 Marks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>30 Marks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Attendance shall be taken as a component of continuous assessment, although the students should have minimum 75% attendance in each course. In addition to continuous evaluation component, the end semester examination, which will be written type examination of at least 3 hours duration, would also form an integral component of the evaluation. The ratio of marks to be allotted to continuous internal assessment and to end semester examination is 30:70. The evaluation of practical work, wherever applicable, will also be based on continuous internal assessment and on an end-semester practical examination.

R. B.P.Ed. 13. Minimum Passing Standard:

The minimum passing standard for CIA (Continuous Internal Assessment) and External Examinations shall be 40%, i.e. 12 marks out of 30 marks and 28 marks out of 70 marks respectively for theory courses. The minimum passing for both CIA & external examination shall be 50%, i.e. 15 marks out of 30 and 35 marks out of 70 marks for the practical courses.

R. B.P.Ed 14. Grading:

Once the marks of the CIA (Continues Internal Assessment) and SEA (Semester End Assessment) for each of the courses are available, both (CIA and SEA) will be added. The marks thus obtained for each of the courses will then be graded as per details provided in R. B.P.Ed. 17 from the first semester onwards the average performance within any semester from the first semester is indicated by Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) while continuous performance (including the performance of the previous semesters also) starting from the first semester is indicated by Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). These two are calculated by the following formula:

\[ SGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i G_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i} \]

\[ CGPA = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N} SGPA_j}{N} \]

Where \( C_i \) is the Credit earned for the course is in any semester; \( G_i \) is the Grade point obtained by the student for the course \( i \) and \( n \) number of courses obtained in that semester; is SGPA of semester \( j \) and \( N \) number of semester. Thus CGPA is average of SGPA of all the semesters starting from the first semester to the current semester.

R. B.P.Ed. 15. Classification of Final Results:

For the purpose of declaring a candidate to have qualified for the Degree of Bachelor of Physical Education in the First class / Second class / Pass class or First class with Distinction, the
marks and the corresponding CGPA earned by the candidate in Core Courses will be the
criterion. It is further provided that the candidate should have scored the First / Second
Class separately in both the grand total and end Semester (External) examinations.

R. B.P.Ed.16. Award of the B.P.Ed. Degree:

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of the degree of the B.P.Ed. only
if he/she has earned the minimum required credit including Bonus Credits of the
programme prescribed above.

R. B.P.Ed.17. Letter Grades and Grade Points:

i. Two methods-relative grading or absolute grading– have been in vogue for awarding
    grades in a course. The relative grading is based on the distribution (usually normal
distribution) of marks obtained by all the students in the course and the grades are
    awarded based on a cut-off mark or percentile. Under the absolute grading, the marks are
    converted to grades based on pre-determined class intervals. To implement the following
    grading system, the colleges and universities can use any one of the above methods.

ii. The grades for each course would be decided on the basis of the percentage marks
    obtained at the end-semester external and internal examinations as per following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Grade Point</th>
<th>Latter Grade</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Classification of final result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>85 &amp; above</td>
<td>8.5-10.0</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>Outstanding</td>
<td>First class with Distinction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-84.99</td>
<td>7.0-8.49</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69.99</td>
<td>6.0-6.99</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Very Good</td>
<td>First Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-59.99</td>
<td>5.5-5.99</td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>Higher Second Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-54.99</td>
<td>5.0-5.49</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Above Average</td>
<td>Second Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49.99</td>
<td>4.0-4.99</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Average</td>
<td>Pass Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Below 40</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Fail/ Dropped</td>
<td>Dropped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R. B.P.Ed.18. Grade Point Calculation

Calculation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Credit
Grade Point (CGP) and declaration of class for B. P. Ed. Programme.
The credit grade points are to be calculated on the following basis:

\[
SGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i G_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i}
\]

Example – I

Marks obtained by Student in course CC101 = 65/100
Percentage of marks = 65 %
Grade from the conversion table is = A
Grade Point = 6.0 + 5 (0.99/9.99)
= 6.0 + 5x0.1
= 6.0 + 0.5 = 6.5

The Course Credits = 04

Credits Grade Point (CGP) = 6.5 x 04 = 26

The semester grade point average (SGPA) will be calculated as a weighted average of all the grade point of the semester courses. That is Semester grade point average (SGPA) = (sum of grade points of all eight courses of the semester) / total credit of the semester as per example given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses No.</th>
<th>Credit Marks out of 100 (%) Grade</th>
<th>Grade Point</th>
<th>Credit Grade point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CC-101</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-102</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-103</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-101/EC-102</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-101</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-102</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>A+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-103</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-104</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>A+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples: Conversion of marks into grade points

CC-101 65 = 60 + 5 = 6.0 + 5 x (0.99 / 9.99) = 6.0 + 5 x 0.1 = 6.0 + 0.5 = 6.5

CC-102 60 = 6.0

CC-103 62 = 60 + 2 = 6.0 + 2 x (0.99/9.99) = 6.0 + 2 x 0.1 = 6.0 + 0.2 = 6.2

EC-101/EC-102 57 = 55 + 2 = 5.5 + 2 x (0.49 / 4.99) = 5.5 + 2 x 0.1 = 5.5 + 0.2 = 5.7

PC-101 55 = 5.5

PC-102 72 = 70 + 2 = 7.0 + 2 x (1.49 /14.99) = 7.0 + 2 x 0.1 = 7.0 +0.2 = 7.2

PC-103 66 = 60 + 6 = 6.0 + 6 x (0.99 / 9.99) = 6.0 + 6 x 0.1 = 6.0 + 0.6 = 6.6

PC-104 72 = 70 + 2 = 7.0 + 2 x (1.49 /14.99) = 7.0 + 2 x 0.1 = 7.0 +0.2 = 7.2

SEMERSTER GRADE POINT AVERAGE (SGPA) = Total Credit Grade Points = 203.6 / 32 = 6.3625

SGPA Sem. I = 6.3625

At the end of Semester-
1 Total SGPA = 6.3625

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) = 6.3625/1 = 6.3625
CGPA = 6.66875, Grade = A, Class = First Class

### SEMESTER-2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses No.</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Marks out of 100 (%)</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Grade Point</th>
<th>Credit Grade point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CC-201</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>30.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-202</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>25.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-203</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>23.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-201/EC-202</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-201</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>19.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-202</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>25.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-203</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP - 201</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>28.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

32 207.6

SGPA Sem. II = 6.4875

At the end of Semester-2

Total SGPA for two Semesters = 12.85

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) = \( \frac{12.85}{2} = 6.425 \)

CGPA = 6.66875, Grade = A, Class = First Class

### SEMESTER-3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses No.</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Marks out of 100 (%)</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Grade Point</th>
<th>Credit Grade point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CC-301</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>25.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-302</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>25.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-303</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>23.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-301/EC-302</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>32.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-301</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>19.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-302</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>25.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-303</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>27.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP - 301</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

32 209.6

SGPA Sem. III = 6.55

At the end of Semester-3

Total SGPA for three Semesters = 19.4

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) = \( \frac{19.4}{3} = 6.466667 \)

CGPA = 6.66875, Grade = A, Class = First Class
### SEMESTER-4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses No.</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Marks out of 100 (%)</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Grade Point</th>
<th>Credit Grade point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CC-401</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>33.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-402</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>30.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-403</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>23.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-401/EC-402</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>32.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-401</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>19.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-402</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>31.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-401</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>32.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-402</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>32</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>232.8</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SGPA Sem. IV = 7.275  
At the end of Semester-4  
Total SGPA for all the four semesters = 26.675  
Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) = 26.675 /4 = 6.66875  
CGPA = 6.66875, Grade = A, Class = First Class  

Note:  
(1) SGPA is calculated only if the candidate passes in all the courses i.e. get minimum C grade in all the courses.  
(2) CGPA is calculated only when the candidate passes in all the courses of all the previous and current semesters.  
(3) The cumulative grade point average will be calculated as the average of the SGPA of all the semesters continuously, as shown above.  
(4) For the award of the class, CGPA shall be calculated on the basis of:  
   (a) Marks of each Semester End Assessment And  
   (b) Marks of each Semester Continuous Internal Assessment for each course. The final Class for B.P.Ed. Degree shall be awarded on the basis of last CGPA (grade) from all the one to four semester examinations.

R. B.P.Ed.19. Grievance Redressal Committee:  
The college/department shall form a Grievance Redressal Committee for each course in each college/department with the course teacher / Principal / Director and the HOD of the faculty as the members. This Committee shall solve all grievances of the students.

R. B.P.Ed.20. Revision of Syllabi:  
1. Syllabi of every course should be revised according to the NCTE.  
2. Revised Syllabi of each semester should be implemented in a sequential way.  
3. In courses, where units / topics related to governmental provisions, regulations or laws, that change to accommodate the latest developments, changes or corrections are to be made consequentially as recommended by the Academic Council.
4. All formalities for revisions in the syllabi should be completed before the end of the semester for implementation of the revised syllabi in the next academic year.
5. During every revision, up to twenty percent of the syllabi of each course should be changed so as to ensure the appearance of the students who have studied the old (unrevised) syllabi without any difficulties in the examinations of revised syllabi.
6. In case, the syllabus of any course is carried forward without any revision, it shall also be counted as revised in the revised syllabi.

**Semester - I**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part A: Theoretical Course</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Course Code</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Core Course</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Elective Course (Anyone)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Part-B Practical Course</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC - 104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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</table>

**Note:** Total Number of hours required to earn 4 credits for each Theory Course are 68-80 hours per semester whereas 102-120 hours for each Practicum Course.
## Semester - II

### Part A: Theoretical Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CC-201</td>
<td>Yoga Education</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-202</td>
<td>Educational Technology and Methods of Teaching in Physical Education</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-203</td>
<td>Organization and Administration</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
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**Elective Course (Anyone)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC-201</td>
<td>Contemporary issues in physical education, fitness and wellness</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-202</td>
<td>Sports Nutrition and Weight Management</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

### Part-B Practical Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
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<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PC-201</td>
<td>Track and Field (Jumping Events)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-202</td>
<td>Yoga/Aerobics/ Gymnastics/ Swimming</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-203</td>
<td>Racket Sports: Badminton/ Table Tennis/ Squash/ Tennis</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
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</table>

### Part – C Teaching Practices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
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<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TP - 201</td>
<td>Teaching Practices (05 lessons in class room teaching and 05 lessons in outdoor activities)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
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**Note:** Total Number of hours required to earn 4 credits for each Theory Course are 68-80 hours per semester whereas 102-120 hours for each Practicum Course.
## Semester - III

### Part A: Theoretical Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
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<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Core Course</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-301</td>
<td>Sports Training</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-302</td>
<td>Computer Applications in Physical Education</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>CC-303</td>
<td>Sports Psychology and Sociology</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
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<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Elective Course (Anyone)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-301</td>
<td>Sports Medicine, Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
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<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>EC-302</td>
<td>Curriculum Design</td>
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### Part – B Practical Course

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PC-301</td>
<td>Track and Field (Throwing Events)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-302</td>
<td>Combative Sports: Martial Art/ Karate/ Judo/ Fencing/ Boxing/ Taekwondo/ Wrestling (Any two out of these)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-303</td>
<td>Team Games: Baseball/ Cricket/ Football/ Hockey/ Softball/ Volleyball/ Handball/ Basketball/ Netball (Any two of these)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Part – C Teaching Practices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TP - 301</td>
<td>Teaching Practice: (Teaching Lesson Plans for Racket Sport/ Team Games/Indigenous Sports) (out of 10 lessons 5 internal and 5 external at practicing school)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 40 32 240 560 800

**Note:** Total Number of hours required to earn 4 credits for each Theory Course are 68-80 hours per semester whereas 102-120 hours for each Practicum Course.
### Semester - IV

#### Part A: Theoretical Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Core Course</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-401</td>
<td>Measurement and Evaluation in Physical Education</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-402</td>
<td>Kinesiology and Biomechanics</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-403</td>
<td>Research and Statistics in Physical Education</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective Course (Anyone)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-401</td>
<td>Theory of sports and game</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-402</td>
<td>Sports Management</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Part-B Practical Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PC-401</td>
<td>Track and Field / Swimming / Gymnastics (Any one out of three)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-402</td>
<td>Kabaddi/ Kho-Kho/ Baseball/ Cricket/ Football/Hockey/Softball/ Volleyball/ Handball/ Basketball/ Netball/ Badminton/ Table Tennis/ Squash/ Tennis (Any Two of these)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Part – C Teaching Practices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title of the Papers</th>
<th>Total Hours</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>Internal Marks</th>
<th>External Marks</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TP-401</td>
<td>Sports specialization: Coaching lessons Plans (One for Sports 5 lessons)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-402</td>
<td>Games specialization: Coaching lessons Plans (One for Games 5 lessons)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**  
40  32  240  560 800  
160 128 960 2240 3200

**Note:** Total Number of hours required to earn 4 credits for each Theory Course are 68-80 hours per semester whereas 102-120 hours for each Practicum Course.
## SCHEME OF EXAMINATION
### SEMESTER - I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Internal</th>
<th>External</th>
<th>Total Marks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>THEORY (400)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-101</td>
<td>History, Principles and foundation of Physical Education</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-102</td>
<td>Anatomy and Physiology</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-103</td>
<td>Health Education and Environmental Studies</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-101</td>
<td>Olympic Movement/Officiating and Coaching (Elective)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>PRACTICAL (400)</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PC-101</td>
<td>Track and Field (Running Events)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-102</td>
<td>Swimming/Gymnastics/Shooting</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-103</td>
<td>Indigenous Sports: Kabaddi/ Malkhambh/ lezim / March past</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Any of one out of these)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-104</td>
<td>Mass Demonstration Activities: Kho-Kho / dumbbells /</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>tipri / wands / hoop /umbrella (Any one out of these)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>240</td>
<td>560</td>
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### SEMESTER - II

<table>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>THEORY (400)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-201</td>
<td>Yoga Education</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-202</td>
<td>Educational Technology and Methods of Teaching in Physical Education</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-203</td>
<td>Organization and Administration</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-201</td>
<td>Contemporary issues in physical education, fitness and wellness/ Sports Nutrition and Weight Management (Elective)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>PRACTICAL (300)</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-201</td>
<td>Track and Field (Jumping Events)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-202</td>
<td>Yoga/Aerobics / Swimming / Gymnastics (Any of the two out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-203</td>
<td>Racket Sports: Badminton/ Table Tennis/ Squash/ Tennis (Any of the two out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
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<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>TEACHING PRACTICE (100)</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-201</td>
<td>Teaching Practice (Classroom and outdoor)</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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# SEMESTER –III

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>THEORY (400)</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-301</td>
<td>Sports Training</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-302</td>
<td>Computer Applications in Physical Education</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-303</td>
<td>Sports Psychology and Sociology</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-301/302</td>
<td>Sports Medicine, Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation/Curriculum Design (Elective)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PRACTICAL (300)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-301</td>
<td>Track and Field (Throwing Events)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-302</td>
<td>Combative Sports : Martial Art, Karate, Judo, Fencing, Boxing, Taekwondo, Wrestling (Any two out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-303</td>
<td>Team Games: Baseball, Cricket, Football, Hockey, Softball, Volleyball, Handball, Basketball, Netball (Any two of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TEACHING PRACTICE (100)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-301</td>
<td>Teaching Practice (Teaching Lesson Plans for Racket Sport/ Team Games/Indigenous Sports)</td>
<td>30</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
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# SEMESTER -IV

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<td>CC-401</td>
<td>Measurement and Evaluation in Physical Education</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-402</td>
<td>Kinesiology and Biomechanics</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC-403</td>
<td>Research and Statistics in Physical Education</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC-401/402</td>
<td>Theory of sports and games(Specifically sports and games specialization)/Sports Management (Elective)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PRACTICAL (200)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-401</td>
<td>Track and Field/Swimming /Gymnastics (Any of one out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-402</td>
<td>Kabaddi/ Kho-Kho/ Baseball/ Cricket/ Football/Hockey/Softball/ Volleyball/ Handball/ Basketball/ Netball/ Badminton/ Table Tennis/ Squash/ Tennis (Any of one out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TEACHING PRACTICE (200)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-401</td>
<td>Sports Specialization: Coaching lessons Plans Track and Field/Swimming /Gymnastics (Any of one out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP-402</td>
<td>Game specialization Coaching lessons: Kabaddi/ Kho-Kho/ Baseball/ Cricket/Football/Hockey /Softball/ Volleyball/ Handball/ Basketball/ Netball/ Badminton/ Table Tennis/ Squash/ Tennis (Any of one out of these)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>800</td>
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</table>
B. P. Ed. – Outline of Syllabus

Semester – I

Theory Courses
CC-101 HISTORY, PRINCIPLES AND FOUNDATION OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Unit – 1: Introduction
- Meaning, Definition and Scope of Physical Education
- Aims and Objective of Physical Education
- Importance of Physical Education in present era.
- Misconceptions about Physical Education.
- Relationship of Physical Education with General Education.
- Physical Education as an Art and Science.

Unit- 2 – Historical Development of Physical Education in India
- Indus Valley Civilization Period. (3250 BC–2500 BC)
- Vedic Period (2500 BC–600 BC)
- Early Hindu Period (600 BC–320 AD) and Later Hindu Period (320 AD–1000 AD)
- Medieval Period (1000 AD–1757 AD)
- British Period (Before 1947)
- Physical Education in India (After 1947)
- Contribution of Akhadas and Vyayamshals
- Y.M.C.A. and its contributions.

Unit- 3- Foundation of Physical Education
- Philosophical foundation:
  - Idealism, Pragmatism, Naturalism, Realism, Humanism, Existentialism and Indian Philosophy and Culture.
- Fitness and wellness movement in the contemporary perspectives
- Sports for all and its role in the maintenance and promotion of fitness.

Unit-4- Principles of Physical Education
- Biological
  - Growth and development
  - Age and gender characteristics
  - Body Types
  - Anthropometric differences
- Psychological
  - Learning types, learning curve
  - Laws and principles of learning
  - Attitude, interest, cognition, emotions and sentiments
Sociological

- Society and culture
- Social acceptance and recognition
- Leadership
- Social integration and cohesiveness

References:


Semester I
Theory Courses
CC-102 ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

UNIT-I

- Brief Introduction of Anatomy and physiology in the field of Physical Education.
- Introduction of Cell and Tissue.
  - The arrangement of the skeleton – Function - of the skeleton – Ribs and Vertebral column and the extremities – joints of the body and their types
- Gender differences in the skeleton.
- Types of muscles.

UNIT-II

- Blood and circulatory system: Constituents of blood and their function –Blood groups and blood transfusion, clotting of blood, the structure of the heart-properties of the heart muscle, circulation of blood, cardiac cycle, blood pressure, Lymph and Lymphatic circulation. Cardiac output.
- The Respiratory system: The Respiratory passage – the lungs and their structure and exchange of gases in the lungs, mechanism of respiration (internal and external respiration) lung capacity, tidal volume.
- The Digestive system: structure and functions of the digestive system, Digestive organs, Metabolism,
- The Excretory system: Structure and functions of the kidneys and the skin.
- The Endocrine glands: Functions of glands pituitary, Thyroid, Parathyroid. Adrenal, Pancreatic and the sex glands.
- Nervous systems: Function of the Autonomic nervous system and Central nervous system. Reflex Action,
  - Sense organs: A brief account of the structure and functions of the Eye and Ear.

UNIT-III

- Definition of physiology and its importance in the field of physical education and sports.
- Structure, Composition, Properties and functions of skeletal muscles.
- Nerve control of muscular activity:
  - Neuromuscular junction
  - Transmission of nerve impulse across it.
  - Fuel for muscular activity
- Role of oxygen- physical training, oxygen debt, second wind, vital capacity.

UNIT-IV

- Effect of exercise and training on cardiovascular system.
- Effect of exercise and training on respiratory system.
- Effect of exercise and training on muscular system
- Physiological concept of physical fitness, warming up, conditioning and fatigue.
Basic concept of balanced diet–Diet before, during and after competition.

References:


Semester I
Theory courses
CC-103 HEALTH EDUCATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Unit – I Health Education

- Concept, Dimensions, Spectrum and Determinants of Health
- Definition of Health, Health Education, Health Instruction, Health Supervision
- Aim, objective and Principles of Health Education
- Health Service and guidance instruction in personal hygiene

Unit – II Health Problems in India

- Communicable and Non Communicable Diseases
- Obesity, Malnutrition, Adulteration in food, Environmental sanitation, Explosive Population,
- Personal and Environmental Hygiene for schools
- Objective of school health service, Role of health education in schools
- Health Services – Care of skin, Nails, Eye health service, Nutritional service, Health appraisal, Health record, Healthful school environment, first- aid and emergency care etc.

Unit – III Environmental Science

- Definition, Scope, Need and Importance of environmental studies.
- Concept of environmental education, Historical background of environmental education,
- Celebration of various days in relation with environment.
- Plastic recycling & probation of plastic bag / cover.
- Role of school in environmental conservation and sustainable development.

Unit – IV Natural Resources and related environmental issues:

- Water resources, food resources and Land resources
- Definition, effects and control measures of:
- Air Pollution, Water Pollution, Soil Pollution, Noise Pollution, Thermal Pollution
- Management of environment and Govt. policies , Role of pollution control board.

References:


Semester – I
Theory courses

EC-101 OLYMPIC MOVEMENT (ELECTIVE)

Unit – I Origin of Olympic Movement

- Philosophy of Olympic movement
- The early history of the Olympic movement
- The significant stages in the development of the modern Olympic movement
- Educational and cultural values of Olympic movement

Unit – II Modern Olympic Games

- Significance of Olympic Ideals, Olympic Rings, Olympic Flag
- Olympic Protocol for member countries
- Olympic Code of Ethics
- Olympism in action
- Sports for All

Unit – III Different Olympic Games

- Para Olympic Games
- Summer Olympics
- Winter Olympics
- Youth Olympic Games

Unit – IV Committees of Olympic Games

- International Olympic Committee - Structure and Functions
- National Olympic committees and their role in Olympic movement
- Olympic commission and their functions
- Olympic medal winners of India

Reference:


Semester – I
Theory courses
EC-102 OFFICIATING AND COACHING

(Elective) Unit- I: Introduction of Officiating and coaching

- Concept of officiating and coaching
- Importance and principles of officiating
- Relation of official and coach with management, players and spectators
- Measures of improving the standards of officiating and coaching

Unit- II: Coach as a Mentor

- Duties of coach in general, pre, during and post game.
- Philosophy of coaching
- Responsibilities of a coach on and off the field
- Psychology of competition and coaching

Unit- III: Duties of Official

- Duties of official in general, pre, during and post game.
- Philosophy of officiating
- Mechanics of officiating—position, singles and movement etc.
- Ethics of officiating

Unit- IV: Qualities and Qualifications of Coach and Official

- Qualities and qualification of coach and official
- General rules of games and sports
- Eligibility rules of intercollegiate and inter-university tournaments, preparation of TA, DA bills
- Integrity and values of sports

Reference Books:
Semester – II
Theory Courses
CC-201 YOGA EDUCATION

Unit – I: Introduction

- Meaning and Definition of Yoga
- Aims and Objectives of Yoga
- Yoga in Early Upanisads
- The Yoga Sutra: General Consideration
- Need and Importance of Yoga in Physical Education and Sports

Unit - II: Foundation of Yoga

- The Astanga Yoga: Yama, Niyama, Asana, Pranayama, Pratyahara, Dharana, Dhyana and Samadhi
- Yoga in the Bhagavadgita - Karma Yoga, Raja Yoga, Jnana Yoga and Bhakti Yoga

Unit - III Asanas

- Effect of Asanas and Pranayama on various system of the body
- Classification of asanas with special reference to physical education and sports
- Influences of relaxtive, meditative posture on various system of the body
- Types of Bandhas and mudras
- Type of kriyas

Unit – IV Yoga Education

- Basic, applied and action research in Yoga
- Difference between yogic practices and physical exercises
- Yoga education centers in India and abroad
- Competitions in Yogasanas

References:


Semester – II
Theory Courses
CC-202 EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND METHODS OF TEACHING IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Section-I

Unit – I Introduction

○ Education and Education Technology- Meaning and Definitions
○ Types of Education- Formal, Informal and Non- Formal education.
○ Educative Process
○ Importance of Devices and Methods of Teaching.

Unit – II Teaching Technique

○ Teaching Technique – Lecture method, Command method, Demonstration method, Imitation method, project method etc.
○ Presentation Technique–Personal and technical preparation
○ Command- Meaning, Types and its uses in different situations.

Unit – III Teaching Aids

○ Teaching Aids–Meaning, Importance and its criteria for selecting teaching aids.
○ Teaching aids – Audio aids, Visual aids, Audio – visual aids, Verbal, Chalk board, Charts, Model, Slide projector, Motion picture etc
○ Team Teaching–Meaning, Principles and advantage of team teaching.
○ Difference between Teaching Methods and Teaching Aid.

Unit – IV Lesson Planning and Teaching Innovations

○ Lesson Planning–Meaning, Type and principles of lesson plan.
○ General and specific lesson plan.
○ Micro Teaching–Meaning, Types and steps of micro teaching.
○ Simulation Teaching - Meaning, Types and steps of simulation teaching.

Reference:


Section II
Methodology of Special Subject


The Syllabus for each is as given below

(1) Sports Coaching

1. Aims, Objectives and specifications of coaching sports, skills and techniques.
2. Different methods of coaching sports skills.
3. Class organization
4. Stages of skill teaching
5. Coaching aids and devices: Charts, Models, Film-strips, Posters, Motion Films, Gadgets, Flannelography, Epidiascope, Overhead Projector
6. Principles of the selection and use of A.V. aids in coaching sports skills.
7. Lead up games: Need and importance
8. Preparation of sports coaching lesson
   (a) Various parts of lesson
   (b) Basic requirement for the lesson

Books recommended

1. Bounder, J. B.: How to be a Successful Coach
2. Geoffrey Dyson: The Mechanics of Athletics
3. John Bunn: Scientific Principles of Coaching
4. J. P. Thomas: Physical Education Lessons
7. Lawther, J. D.: Psychology of Coaching
(2) English

1. The place of English in the curriculum of Secondary Schools.
2. Aims and objectives of teaching the subject as a compulsory language – The stage at which to begin study and the time to be devoted.
3. Different aspects of the Teaching of English –
   a. Types of reading, oral and silent reading, their objective and how to improve reading.
   b. Poetry, place of poetry teaching, choice of poems, methods of teaching, recitation, chorus reading.
   c. Composition – Oral, Written, Comprehension – Methods of correction, teaching, spelling.
   d. Grammar – Place of Grammar in the teaching of English, Method of teaching –
      i. Grammar, formal and functional grammar.
      ii. The difficulties of English : Word order, Sentence patterns, the usage, language exercise.
   e. Supplementary reading. Intensive and extensive readers. Use of the Library.
   f. Dictation : Its objectives, planning a dictation lesson.
   g. Translation, paraphrase, précis writing.
4. Critical study of the English Syllabus at the higher and lower levels, essentials of a good text book.
5. Method of Teaching – The direct Method, Dr. West’s Method. The Grammar translation method, New Direct (Structural) approach, the comprehensive method.
6. Lessons planning with reference to different types of lesson.
7. The teaching of handwriting.
9. Co-curricular activities, Excursions Class magazines.
10. Evaluation procedure in English, Preparation of New type tests in English.
11. The qualities and qualifications of the teaching of English.

Books recommended :

(3) Marathi

विषेष अध्ययन पद्धती

मराठीचे मातृभाषा महृदून महत्वाचे स्थान:
1. मातृभाषा व व्यक्तीविकास, मातृभाषा व सामाजिक विकास, मातृभाषा व माता यांचा संबंध, इतर शाळेत विषयाशी संबंध, मातृभाषेचे वैयक्तिक, सामाजिक, राष्ट्रीय व सांस्कृतिक जीवनातील स्थान, शिक्षणाचे माध्यम महृदून मराठीचे महत्त.
2. मातृभाषेच्या अध्ययनाचा वैष्णवशी:
   माध्यमिक शाळातून मातृभाषेच्या अध्ययनाची सामान्य ध्येय व उद्देश्ये व स्पष्टीकरण, शिक्षणावर राष्ट्रीय उद्देश्यांची व माध्यमिक सतारातील विद्यार्थी व्याप्त संबंध.
3. भाषा व्यवहाराची विविध अंगे – शब्द, कथन, वाचन, लेखन व पाठांतर, व्यापक महत्त व अन्य अंगांची संबंध, भाषाच्या आकलन व अविभक्तांर्वर विविध मार्ग, मूलतत्त्व, न्यायपद्धत आलबिबक व सादरसंकलन.
4. मातृभाषेच्या अध्ययनक्रम
   माध्यमिक शाळेतील मातृभाषेच्या अध्ययनक्रमाचा परिचय, अध्ययनक्रमाचे मुख्य घटक, उपघटक व पाठघटक निर्देशक करण्याची तंत्रे, माता अध्ययनविषयाची दोन श्रेणी – सामाजिक व प्रगत स्तर अध्ययनक्रम रचनेतील व स्थापनेची त्यांचा उपयोग, अध्ययनकर्ता स्तर व दर्ज उच्चाध्ययनातील अध्ययनक्रमात करवण्याचा तत्त्व.
5. अध्ययन पद्धती व तंत्रे
   गद, घड, लेखन व व्याकरण यांचे उद्देशीकरित्या अध्ययन – अध्ययन अनुभव आसामायी निर्देशी, ल्यातील कृती व ल्याचं ध्या, अध्ययन कथन बर्ण, प्रश्नोत्तर, समन्वय, स्वतंत्र, प्रक्त, नियोजित अध्ययन व विषेष अध्ययन तंत्राचा मातृभाषेच्या अध्ययन. व्यक्तिगत व सामुदायिक तंत्राचा समन्वय, अध्ययन साहित्य निर्देशी संदर्भ व उपयोग.
   अध्ययन साहित्याचे प्रकार, त्याचा मातृभाषेच्या अध्ययनात उपयोग, ग्रामीण, रेडियो, टिप्पणीकर्ते, तक्ते, आदर्शे, फलक इत्यादीचा उपयोग, मातृभाषेची क्रियाकलाप पुस्तके, प्रमाणित पुस्तकांचे परिशोध, पुस्तकी वाचन पुस्तक.
6. सर्व ग्रंथालये व शाळेत ग्रंथालये, शाळेत वाचनाळे, हस्तलिखिते व शाळेत नियतकाळि, संघर्ष पुस्तक, अव्यांतर वाचन साहित्य, विविध पढळ.
7. अध्यायात्मक उपक्रम
   अध्यायात्मक उपक्रम व सार्वभौमिक माता विकास, माध्यमिक शाळातून उपयुक्त असारे भाषिक व वाक्यमयीन उपक्रम, विविध मंडले व त्यांचे वाक्यमयीन उपक्रम व प्रक्त, व्यक्तिगत व सामुदायिक अध्ययन स्वरूपसारी उपक्रमांने आरोपण.
8. मातृभाषेच्या शिक्षणांचे व्यक्तित्व
9. प्रगतीचे मृद्यागांने
   मृद्यागांना संस्कृत चा व्यक्त तराय करणे.

संदर्भसारी पुस्तके

1. Rybum, W.M. : Suggestion for the Teaching of Mother Tongue, Oxford
   University Press
2. अकोलकर व पाटणकर : मराठीचे अध्ययन, दीपसंस प्रकाशन, पुणे 2
3. फाटक, म. वि. : मराठी कवितेचे अध्ययन, मॉडर्न बुक हेपो, पुणे 2
4. डांगे, शंकरकुमार : मातृभाषेचे अध्ययन, प्रतिष्ठा मुद्रागार, टिंकर रस्ता, पुणे 2
हिंदी

1. भारतीय जीवन में हिंदी का स्थान –
   भारतीय संघर्षात्मक की विविध माहात्मा। संविधान में हिंदी को दिया हुआ स्थान। हिंदी नाम अंग्रेज़ी।
   हिंदी का सांस्कृतिक महत्व। माहा और संस्कृति।

2. हिंदी शिक्षा का उद्देश्य :
   (अ) व्याकरण उद्देश्य – सांस्कृतिक, साहित्यिक और व्याकरणिक उद्देश्य
   (आ) विषयान्तर उद्देश्य –अपेक्षित स्तर – मार्गण योग्यता, अभिव्यक्ति क्षमता, अनुवाद क्षमता और आकलन क्षमता – अभिव्यक्ति का संबंधन।

3. माहा शिक्षा का मनोविज्ञान –
   बालक माहा कैसे सीखते हैं। श्रवण का महत्व, अनुकरण और उच्चारण, अभ्यास में वातावरण का स्थान।

4. पाठ्यक्रम और पाठ्यपुस्तकें –
   पाठ्यक्रम का स्वरूप और शिक्षा के उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति, अच्छी पाठ्य पुस्तकों के लक्षण

5. शिक्षा प्रणालियों–
   संबंधानितक प्रणाली, व्यकरण – अनुवाद प्रणाली, संबंध प्रणाली, पत्न प्रणाली, प्रणालियों का समन्वय।

6. पाठ्यपुस्तकों का संपादन
   शिक्षा विषयक विभिन्न उपयोग और प्रकार

7. पाठ प्रकार और पाठ नियोजन
   परमाणु पाठ, बालीय के पाठ, पाठय साहित्य, गद्य, पत्र पाठ रचना, पाठ और व्यकरण, पाठ रचना या आवश्यकों के विभिन्न प्रकार तथा उनमें संबंधित पाठ

8. सहाय्यक उपकरण –
   संबंधान सम्र, बकुल सम्र, हस्ताक्षरित पत्रिका, वाणिज्य, नाटक, खेलना, पुस्तक प्रदर्शन प्रकल्प।

9. हिंदी शिक्षा में दृष्टिकोण साधनों का स्थान और उपयोग
   गृहमापन – गृहमापन तंत्र के अनुसार कसौटियाँ तैयार करना।

10. हिंदी अध्यापक का व्यक्तित्व

संदर्भ किताबें

1. लज्जालंकार दादा : माहात्म्य क पद्धति, मिश्रबंध कायरिय, जबलपुर

2. साठे, ग.ज. : राष्ट्रभाषा का अध्ययन, महाराष्ट्र राज्य राष्ट्रभाषा, पुणे

3. सीताराम चतुर्वेदी : अध्यापन कला, नंदकिशोर एंड सन्स, वैक, वाराणसी

4. सीताराम चतुर्वेदी : माहा की शिक्षा, हिंदी साहित्य कूटी, वाराणसी

5. भाई योगेन्द्रजीत : हिंदी भाषा शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर, आगरा

6. रणजीकांत लहरी : हिंदी शिक्षण, राष्ट्रबंद एंड सन्स, आगरा
(5) History

1. Meaning and scope of History. The place of History in the school curriculum.

2. Times, objectives and specifications of teaching History.
   Criteria of good syllabus –
   (a) Chronological
   (b) Periodical
   (c) Concentric
   (d) Lines development
   (e) Local History
   (f) World History
   (g) Current events –

3. Essentials of a good Text Book in History Study of the prescribed course in History for High School classes in Maharashtra.

4. Different methods of teaching History –
   (a) Story telling method
   (b) Discussion method
   (c) Text Book method
   (d) Lecture method
   (e) Project method
   (f) Dalton Plan
   (g) Source method
   (h) Problem method
   (i) Biographical method

5. Teaching aids and devices –
   Charts, Maps, Graphs, Models, Discussions, Questions, Poems, Novels, Ballads, Picture, Inscriptions, Historical documents and time line.

6. Co-curricular activities
   - Visit of places of historical importance, Lectures, Note making, note taking and parallel reading, Dramatisation.

7. Correlation of History with other school subjects.

8. Education for National Integration and International understanding through teaching of History


10. Qualities and qualification of the History Teacher.


Books recommended:
1. The Teaching of History: V.D. Ghate, Oxford University Press
2. The Teaching of History: Johnson, Macmillan Co., Bombay
3. Creative Teaching of History: Ghose, K.D., Oxford University Press
4. Teaching of History: Kochhar, Sterling Publisher, Jallunder.
5. इतिहासाचे अध्यापन : धार्मिक, पारसनीस, कौनस प्रकाशन, पुणे— 3
6. इतिहासाचे अध्यापन : न. भा. निरंतर, मॉडर्न बुक डेट्रो, बाजीराव रस्ता, पुणे
7. इतिहास कर्ता सिहावा : चित्र, वि., अनाथ विद्यार्थी गृह प्रकाशन, पुणे.
8. इतिहासाचे अध्यापन : वि. पा. बोकील, बिजूशाळा प्रकाशन, पुणे
9. Teaching of History: Miss Vajreshwar, Allied Published, Bombay – 1

(6) Geography

1. Meaning and scope of Geography. The place of Geography in school curriculum.
2. Aims, Objectives and Specification of teaching Geography with special emphasis on National Integration and International understanding.
4. Different methods of teaching Geography –
   (a) Observation method
   (b) Story telling method
   (c) Journey method
   (d) Excursion method
   (e) Laboratory method
   (f) Regional method
   (g) Project method
5. Map reading and map making.
8. Correlation of Geography with other school subjects.
10. Qualities and qualifications of the Geography Teacher.

Books recommended
3. Teaching of Geography in India : Verma, University Publication, Jallunder
5. Source Book of Teaching Geography : UNESCO (UNESCO, Longman)
6. भूगोल अध्यापन आणि अध्यापन : म. पा. रापट, कौनस प्रकाशन, पुणे — 30
7. भूगोलाचे अध्यापन : म. कौनस पाठणकर, मॉडर्न बुक डेट्रो, बाजीराव रस्ता, पुणे.
(7) Science

1. Importance and place of science in the School curriculum.
2. Aims, Objectives and specifications of teaching Science.
4. Lesson planning in Science.
5. Method of teaching Science – Lecture, Historical, Demonstration, Laboratory, Heuristic and problem methods.
6. Contribution of the Dalton Plan and the Project method to the teaching of the Science
   b. Correlation of various branches of Science with one another and with other School Subjects.
7. Laboratory and its equipment, improvised apparatus.
8. Co-curricular Activities
   a. Visits to Work-shops, Factories and other places of Scientific Interest.
   b. School Museum
   c. Science Clubs and Science Fairs
10. Qualities and qualification of the Science Teacher

Books recommended –
5. Sharma & Sharma : Teaching of Science, S.Chand, New Delhi
(8) Economics

Objectives:
1. To acquaint the student-teachers with the objectives of teaching Economics
2. To develop necessary skills in the preparation and use of teaching aids
3. To initiate the student-teachers to the various methods of Economics.
4. To develop competence in the use of various tools of evaluation.

Unit-wise breakup of the Syllabus

Unit I:

(a) The place of economics in education, aim and objectives of teaching Economics in Secondary School such as responsible citizenship, understanding, economic role of Governments, understanding economics, phenomenon, help to perform one’s role as a producers or consumer to grasp the inter-dependence of man in modern times to think critically, to participate in the economic development of the country.

(b) Place of economics in Secondary School and relation of the same with other subjects.

(c) The presentation of economics at different stages in School as a Part of community living in Primary as a part of Social Studies in the Secondary, as a separate subject in the Higher Secondary. Approach to the teaching of economics in the Schools.

Unit II:

Methods of teaching Economics, narration, text-book, survey, project, discussion, field trips, case study, preparation and interpretation of data through time series, graphs, pie and bar diagrams, pictographs, advantages, adaptation and scope of these methods.

Unit III:

Audio-visual aids used in Economics Teaching maps, charts, model, graphs, diagrams, films-films trips, radio.

Unit IV:

Economics room and museum, necessary equipment.

Unit V:

Qualities and qualifications of a good Economics, Teacher, his professional equipment.
Unit VI :

Preparation and criteria of framing Syllabus.
Preparation and criteria of framing syllabus in Economics at different levels, Criteria of a good Text-book in the subject, Study of present Syllabus and Text-book.

Unit VII :

Preparation of the year's plan, unit plans and daily lesson plan-objectives, learning experience, teaching points, methods used.

Unit VIII :

Evaluation and testing procedures in the teaching of Economics, knowledge of achievement test and preparation of unit tests.

Reference Books

1. Teaching of Economics : B.S. Kanwar
4. H.S.C. Syllabus of M. S. Board of Secondary Education, Shivaji Nagar, Poona – 10
5. अर्थशास्त्र शिक्षण : त्यागी, गुरुचरणदास
6. अर्थशास्त्र अध्यापन : प्र. वा. गो. दाहाके
7. अर्थशास्त्र शिक्षण : महेंद्र सर्मा
8. अर्थशास्त्र शिक्षण : शांताप्रसाद
9. Hand Bill
Semester – II
Theory Courses
CC-203 ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Unit – I: Organization and administration

- Meaning and importance of Organization and Administration in physical education
- Qualification and Responsibilities of Physical Education teacher and pupil leader
- Planning and their basic principles,
- Program planning: Meaning, Importance, Principles of program planning in physical education.
- Functions of Planning, organizing, staffing, directing, communicating, co-ordination, controlling, evaluating and innovating.

Unit - II: Office Management, Record, Register & Budget

- Office Management: Meaning, definition, functions and kinds of office management
- Records and Registers: Maintenance of attendance Register, stock register, cash register, physical efficiency record, Medical examination Record.
- Budget: Meaning, Importance of Budget making.
- Criteria of a good Budget, Sources of Income, Expenditure, Preparation of Budget.

Unit-III: Facilities, & Time-Table Management

- Facilities and equipment management: Types of facilities Infrastructure-indoor, out door.
- Care of school building, Gymnasium, swimming pool, Play fields, Play grounds
- Equipment: Need, importance, purchase, care and maintenance.
- Time Table Management: Meaning, Need, Importance and Factor affecting time table.

Unit-IV: Competition Organization

- Importance of Tournament,
- Types of Tournament and its organization structure - Knock-out Tournaments, League or Round Robin Tournaments, Combination Tournament and challenge Tournament.
- Organization structure of Athletic Meet
- Sports Event Intramurals & Extramural Tournament planning

References:


Semester – II
Theory Courses
EC-201 CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION, FITNESS AND WELLNESS (ELECTIVE)

Unit – I Concept of Physical Education and Fitness
- Definition, Aims and Objectives of Physical Education, fitness and Wellness
- Importance and Scope of fitness and wellness
- Modern concept of Physical fitness and Wellness
- Physical Education and its Relevance in Inter Disciplinary Context.

Unit – II Fitness, Wellness and Lifestyle
- Fitness—Types of Fitness and Components of Fitness
- Understanding of Wellness
- Modern Lifestyle and Hypokinetic Diseases—Prevention and Management
- Physical Activity and Health Benefits

Unit – III Principles of Exercise Program
- Means of Fitness development—aerobic and anaerobic exercises
- Exercises and Heart rate Zones for various aerobic exercise intensities
- Concept of free weight Vs Machine, Sets and Repetition etc
- Concept of designing different fitness training program for different age group.

Unit – IV Safety Education and Fitness Promotion
- Health and Safety in Daily Life
- First Aid and Emergency Care
- Common Injuries and their Management
- Modern Life Style and Hypo-kinetic Disease—Prevention and Management

References:
Semester II
Theory courses
EC-202 SPORTS NUTRITION AND WEIGHT MANAGEMENT (ELECTIVE)

Unit – I Introduction to Sports Nutrition
- Meaning and Definition of Sports Nutrition
- Basic Nutrition guidelines
- Role of nutrition in sports
- Factor to consider for developing nutrition plan

Unit – II Nutrients: Ingestion to energy metabolism
- Carbohydrates, Protein, Fat—Meaning, classification and its function
- Role of carbohydrates, Fat and protein during exercise
- Vitamins, Minerals, Water—Meaning, classification and its function
- Role of hydration during exercise, water balance, Nutrition – daily caloric requirement and expenditure.

Unit – III Nutrition and Weight Management
- Meaning of weight management Concept of weight management in modern era Factor affecting weight management and values of weight management
- Concept of BMI (Body mass index), Obesity and its hazard, Myth of Spot reduction, Dieting versus exercise for weight control, Common Myths about Weight Loss
- Obesity—Definition, meaning and types of obesity,
- Health Risks Associated with Obesity, Obesity - Causes and Solutions for Overcoming Obesity.

Unit – IV Steps of planning of Weight Management
- Nutrition—Daily calorie intake and expenditure, Determination of desirable body weight
- Balanced diet for Indian School Children, Maintaining a Healthy Lifestyle
- Weight management program for sporty child, Role of diet and exercise in weight management, Design diet plan and exercise schedule for weight gain and loss

References:


Semester – III
Theory Courses
CC-301 SPORTS TRAINING

Unit – I Introduction to Sports Training
  o Meaning and Definition of Sports Training
  o Aim and Objective of Sports Training
  o Principles of Sports Training
  o System of Sports Training – Basic Performance, Good Performance and High Performance Training

Unit – II Training Components
  o Strength–Mean and Methods of Strength Development
  o Speed–Mean and Methods of Speed Development
  o Endurance - Mean and Methods of Endurance Development
  o Coordination–Mean and Methods of coordination Development
  o Flexibility–Mean and Methods of Flexibility Development

Unit – III Training Process
  o Training Load- Definition and Types of Training Load
  o Principles of Intensity and Volume of stimulus
  o Technical Training–Meaning and Methods of Technique Training
  o Tactical Training–Meaning and Methods of Tactical Training

Unit – IV Training programming and planning
  o Periodization–Meaning and types of Periodization
  o Aim and Content of Periods–Preparatory, Competition, Transitional etc.
  o Planning–Training session
  o Talent Identification and Development

Reference:
Semester III
Theory Courses

CC-302 COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Unit – I: Introduction to Computer

- Meaning, need and importance of information and communication technology (ICT).
- Application of Computers in Physical Education
- Components of computer, input and output device
- Application software used in Physical Education and sports

Unit – II: MS Word

- Introduction to MS Word
- Creating, saving and opening a document
- Formatting, Editing features, Drawing, Table
- Page setup, Paragraph alignment, Spelling and grammar check, Printing option, Inserting page number, Graph, Footnote and Notes

Unit – III: MS Excel

- Introduction to MS Excel
- Creating, saving and opening spreadsheet
- Creating formulas
- Format and editing features, Adjusting columns width and row height, Understanding charts.

Unit – IV: MS Power Point

- Introduction to MS Power Point
- Creating, saving and opening a ppt. file
- Format and editing features, Slide show, Design, Inserting slide number
- Picture, Graph, Table
- Preparation of Power point presentations

References:
Semester – III
Theory Courses
CC-303 SPORTS PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGY

Unit -I: introduction

- Meaning, Importance and scope of Educational and Sports Psychology
- General characteristics of Various Stages of growth and development
- Types and nature of individual differences; Factors responsible - Heredity And environment
- Psycho-sociological aspects of Human behavior in relation to physical education and sports

Unit-II: Sports Psychology

- Nature of learning, theories of learning, Laws of learning,
- Plateau in Learning; & transfer of training
- Meaning and definition of personality, characteristics of personality,
- Dimension of personality, Personality and Sports performance
- Nature of motivation: Factors influencing motivation; Motivation and techniques and its impact on sports performance.
- Mental Preparation Strategies: Attention focus, Self-talk, Relaxation, Imaginary.
- Aggression and Sports, Meaning and nature of anxiety, Kinds of anxiety
- Meaning and nature of stress; Types of stress, Anxiety, Stress, Arousal and their effects on sports performance

Unit-III: Relation between Social Science and Physical Education.

- Orthodoxy, customs, Tradition and Physical Education.
  - Festivals and Physical Education.
  - Socialization through Physical Education.
  - Social Group life, Social conglomeration and Social group, Primary group and Remote group.

Unit- IV Culture : Meaning and Importance.

- Features of culture,
  - Importance of culture.
  - Effects of culture on people life style.
  - Different methods of studying Observation/ Inspection method, Questionnaire method, Interview method

References:

Semester – III

Theory Courses

EC-301 SPORTS MEDICINE, PHYSIOTHERAPY AND REHABILITATION (ELECTIVE)

Unit-I: - Sports Medicine:

- Sports Medicine: Meaning, Definition, Aims, Objectives, Modern Concepts and Importance.
- Athletes Care and Rehabilitation: Contribution of Physical Education Teachers and Coaches.
- Need and Importance of the study of sports injuries in the field of Physical Education
- Prevention of injuries in sports–Common sports injuries–Diagnosis–

Unit-II: Physiotherapy

- Definition – Guiding principles of physiotherapy, Importance of physiotherapy,

Unit-III: Hydrotherapy:


Unit-IV: Therapeutic Exercise:


References:

Semester – III
Theory Courses
EC-302 CURRICULUM DESIGN (Elective)

UNIT-I Modern concept of the curriculum
- Need and importance of curriculum, Need and importance of curriculum development, the role of the teacher in curriculum development.
- Factors affecting curriculum - Social factors - Personnel qualifications - Climatic consideration - Equipment and facilities - Time suitability of hours.
- National and Professional policies, Research finding

UNIT-II Basic Guide line for curriculum construction; contest (selection and expansion).
- Focalization
- Socialization
- Individualization
- Sequence and operation
- Steps in curriculum construction.

- Basic principles of curriculum construction.
- Curriculum Design, Meaning, Importance and factors affecting curriculum design.
- Principles of Curriculum design according to the needs of the students and state and national level policies.
- Role of Teachers

UNIT-IV Under-graduate preparation of professional preparation.
- Areas of Health education, Physical education and Recreation.
- Curriculum design-Experience of Education, Field and Laboratory.
- Teaching practice.
- Professional Competencies to be developed-Facilities and special resources for library, laboratory and other facilities.

Reference:


Semester – IV
Theory Courses

CC-401 MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Unit- I Introduction to Test & Measurement & Evaluation

- Meaning of Test & Measurement & Evaluation in Physical Education
- Need & Importance of Test & Measurement & Evaluation in Physical Education
- Principles of Evaluation

Unit- II Criteria; Classification and Administration of test

- Criteria of good Test
  - Criteria of tests, scientific authenticity (reliability, objectivity, validity and availability of norms)
  - Type and classification of Test
  - Administration of test, advance preparation–Duties during testing–Duties after testing.

Unit- III Physical Fitness Tests

- AAHPER youth fitness test
  - National physical Fitness Test
    - Indiana Motor Fitness Test
    - JCR test
    - U.S Army Physical Fitness Test

Unit- IV Sports Skill Tests

- Lockhart and McPherson badminton test
- Johnson basketball test
- McDonald soccer test
- S.A.I volleyball test
- S.A.I Hockey test

References:


Semester – IV
Theory Courses

CC-402 KINESIOLOGY AND BIOMECHANICS

Unit – I Introduction to Kinesiology and Sports Biomechanics

- Meaning and Definition of Kinesiology and Sports Biomechanics
- Importance of Kinesiology and Sports Biomechanics to Physical Education Teacher, Athletes and Sports Coaches.
- Terminology of Fundamental Movements
- Fundamental concepts of following terms – Axes and Planes, Centre of Gravity, Equilibrium, Line of Gravity

Unit – II Fundamental Concept of Anatomy and Physiology

- Classification of Joints and Muscles
  - Types of Muscle Contractions
  - Posture–Meaning, Types and Importance of good posture.
  - Fundamental concepts of following terms- Angle of Pull, All or None Law, Reciprocal Innovation

Unit – III Mechanical Concepts

- Force - Meaning, definition, types and its application to sports activities
- Lever - Meaning, definition, types and its application to human body.
- Newton's Laws of Motion—Meaning, definition and its application to sports activities.
- Projectile—Factors influencing projectile trajectory.

Unit – IV Kinematics and Kinetics of Human Movement

- Linear Kinematics–Distance and Displacement, speed and velocity, Acceleration
- Angular Kinematics – Angular Distance and Displacement, Angular Speed and velocity, Angular Acceleration.
- Linear Kinetics–Inertia, Mass, Momentum, Friction.

Reference:

Semester – IV
Theory Courses
CC-403 RESEARCH AND STATISTICS IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Unit-I Introduction to Research

- Definition of Research
- Need and importance of Research in Physical Education and Sports.
- Scope of Research in Physical Education & Sports.
- Classification of Research
- Research Problem, Meaning of the term, Location and criteria of Selection of Problem, Formulation of a Research Problem, Limitations and Delimitations.

Unit-II Survey of Related Literature

- Need for surveying related literature.
- Literature Sources, Library Reading
- Preparation of Research proposal / project.
- Research Report: A group project is to be undertaken by a small batch of students under the supervision of a teacher, wherein it is expected to survey school facilities of physical education, health assessment programme evaluation, fitness status of the students, staff and other stakeholders etc. and submit the report to the institution.

Unit-III Basics of Statistical Analysis

- Statistics: Meaning, Definition, Nature and Importance
- Class Intervals: Raw Score, Continuous and Discrete Series, Class Distribution, Construction of Tables
- Graphical Presentation of Class Distribution: Histogram, Frequency Polygon, Frequency Curve. Cumulative Frequency Polygon, Ogive, Pie Diagram

Unit- IV Statistical Models in Physical Education and Sports

- Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode-Meaning, Definition, Importance, Advantages, Disadvantages and Calculation from Group and Ungrouped data
- Measures of Variability: Meaning, importance, computing from group and ungrouped data
- Percentiles and Quartiles: Meaning, importance, computing from group and ungrouped data

References:


UNIT-INTRODUCTION

- General Introduction of specialized games and sports—
  - Athletics,
  - Badminton,
  - Basketball,
  - Cricket,
  - Football,
  - Gymnastics,
  - Hockey,
  - Handball,
  - Kabaddi,
  - Kho-Kho,
  - Tennis,
  - Volleyball and
  - Yoga.

  Each game or sport to be dealt under the following heads:

  - History and development of the Game and Sports
  - Ground preparation, dimensions and marking
  - Standard equipment and their specifications
  - Ethics of sports and sportsmanship

UNIT-II Scientific Principles of coaching: (particular sports and game specific)

- Motion – Types of motion and Displacement, Speed, Velocity, Acceleration, Distance and Newton’s Law of motions.
- Equilibrium and its types
- Lever and its types
- Sports Training–Aims, Principles and characteristics.
- Training load–Components, Principles of load, Over Load (causes and symptoms).

UNIT-III Physical fitness components: (particular sports and game specific)

- Speed and its types
- Strength and its types
- Endurance and its types
- Flexibility and its types
- Coordinative ability and its types
- Training methods: - Development of components of physical fitness and motor fitness through following training methods (continuous method, interval method, circuit method, fartlek /speed play and weight training)
UNIT-IV Conditioning exercises and warming up.

- Concept of Conditioning and warming up.
- Role of weight training in games and sports.
- Teaching of fundamental skill & their mastery (technique, tactic and different phases of skill acquisition).
- Recreational and Lead up games
- Strategy—Offence and defense, Principles of offence and defense.

References:


Semester – IV

Theory Courses

EC-402 SPORTS MANAGEMENT

Unit-I

- Progressive concept of Sports management.
- The purpose and scope of Sports Management.
- Essential skills of Sports Management.
- Qualities and competencies required for the Sports Manager.
- Event Management in physical education and sports.

Unit-II

- Meaning and Definition of leadership
- Leadership style and method.
- Elements of leadership.
- Forms of Leadership.
  - Autocratic
  - Laissez-faire
  - Democratic
  - Benevolent Dictator
- Qualities of administrative leader.
- Preparation of administrative leader.
- Leadership and Organizational performance.

Unit-III

- Sports Management in Schools, colleges and Universities.
- Factors affecting planning
- Planning a school or college sports programme.
- Directing of school or college sports programme.
- Controlling a school, college and university sports programme.
  - Developing performance standard
  - Establishing a reporting system
  - Evaluation
  - The reward/punishment system

Unit-IV

- Financial management in Physical Education & sports in schools, Colleges and Universities.
- Budget–Importance, Criteria of good budget,
- Steps of Budget making
- Principles of budgeting
REFERENCES:


Part – B
Practical Courses
Semester – I

PC - 101
Track and Field:

Running Event

- Starting techniques: Standing start, Crouch start and its variations, Proper use of blocks.
- Finishing Techniques: Run, Through, Forward lunging, Shoulder Shrug
- Ground Marking, Rules and Officiating
- Hurdles:
  - Fundamental Skills- Starting, Clearance and Landing Techniques.
  - Types of Hurdles
  - Ground Marking and Officiating.

Relays: Fundamental Skills

- Various patterns of Baton Exchange
- Understanding of Relay Zones
- Ground Marking
- Interpretation of Rules and Officiating.

PC 102

Gymnastics: Floor Exercise

- Forward Roll, Backward Roll, Sideward Roll, different kinds of scales, Leg Split, Bridge,
  Dancing steps, Head stand, Jumps-leap, scissors leap.
- Vaulting Horse
- Approach Run, Take off from the beat board, Cat Vault, Squat Vault.

PC – 102

Swimming: Fundamental Skills

- Entry into the pool.
- Developing water balance and confidence
- Water fear removing drills.
- Floating-Mushroom and Jelly fish etc.
- Gliding with and without kickboard.
- Introduction of various strokes
- Body Position, Leg, Kick, Arm pull, Breathing and Co ordination.
- Start and turns of the concerned strokes.
- Introduction of Various Strokes.
- Water Treading and Simple Jumping.
- Starts and turns of concerned strokes.
- Rules of Competitive swimming-officials and their duties, pool specifications, seeding heats and finals, Rules of the races.

**PC – 102**

**Shooting Fundamental Skills**

- Basic stance, grip, Holding rifle/Pistol, aiming target
- Safety issues related to rifle shooting
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials

(Any one out of three)

**PC – 103 Indigenous sports:**

**Kabaddi: Fundamental Skills**

- Skills in Raiding-Touching with hand, various kicks, crossing of baulk line, Crossing of Bonus line, luring the opponent to catch, Pursuing.
- Skills of Holding the Raider-Various formations, Catching from particular position, Different catches, Luring the raider to take particular position so as to facilitate catching, catching formations and techniques.
- Additional skills in raiding-Bringing the antis in to particular position, Escaping from various holds, Techniques of escaping from chain formation, Combined formations in offence and defense.
- Ground Marking, Rules and Officiating

**PC – 103**

**Malkhambh and Light Apparatus:**

- Lathi-Two counts exercises, Four Count exercises, eight count exercises, sixteen count exercises.
- GhatiLezuim-AathAawaaz, Bethakawaaz, AagePaon, Agekadam, Do pherawaaz, Chaupherawaaz, Kadamtaal, Pavitra, Uchhakpavitra, Kadampavitra.
- Mass P.T. Exercises-Two count, four count and eight count exercises.
- Hindustani Lezuim-Char Awaaz, EkJagah, AantiLagaav, Pavitra, Do Rukh, ChauRukh, Chaurukhbethak, Momiya.
- Drill and Marching
KhoKho:

- General skills of the game - Running, chasing, Dodging, Faking etc.
- Skills in chasing - Correct Kho, Moving on the lanes, Pursuing the runner, Tapping the inactive runner, Tapping the runner on heels, Tapping on the pole, Diving, Judgement in giving Kho, Rectification of Foul.
- Skills in Running - Zigzag running, Single and double chain, Ring play, Rolling in the sides, Dodging while facing and on the back, fakes on the pole, fake legs, body arm etc, Combination of different skills.
- Ground Marking
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

Dumbells/ Wands/ Hoop/ Umbrella/ Tipri: Fundamentals skills

- Apparatus/ Light apparatus Grip
- Attention with apparatus/ Light apparatus
- Stand-at-ease with apparatus/ light apparatus
- Exercise with verbal command, drum, whistle and music – Two count, Four count, Eight count and Sixteen count.
- Standing Exercise
- Jumping Exercise
- Moving Exercise
- Combination of above all

Semester –

II PC – 201

Track and Field

Athletics: Jumping Events

- High Jump (Straddle Roll)
- Approach Run,
- Take off
- Clearance over the bar.
- Landing
PC – 202

Gymnastics:

- Parallel Bar:
  - Mount from one bar
  - Straddle walking on parallel bars.
  - Single and double step walk
  - Perfect swing
  - Shoulder stand on one bar and roll forward.
  - Roll side
  - Shoulder stand
  - Front on back vault to the side (dismount)

- Horizontal /Single Bar:
  - Grip
  - Swings
  - Fundamental Elements
  - Dismount

- Uneven Parallel Bar:
  - Grip
  - Swings
  - Fundamental Elements
  - Dismount

Yoga:

- Surya Namaskara,
- Pranayams
- Corrective Asanas
- Kriyas
- Asanas
  - Sitting
  - Standing
  - Laying Prone Position,
  - Laying Spine Position
PC – 202

Swimming:

Introduction of water polo game

- Fundamental skills
  - Swim with the ball
- Passing
  - Catching
  - Shooting
  - Goal keeping
- Rules of the games and responsibility of officials

Introduction of Diving sports.

- Basic Diving Skills from spring boards
- Basic Diving Skills from platform

PC – 202

Aerobics: Introduction of Aerobics

- Rhythmic Aerobics - dance
- Low impact aerobics
- High impact aerobics
- Aerobics kick boxing
- Postures–Warm up and cool down
- THR Zone – Being successful in exercise and adaptation to aerobic workout.

Badminton: Fundamental Skills

- Racket parts, Racket grips, Shuttle Grips.
- The basic stances.
- The basic strokes-Serves, Forehand-overhead and underarm, Backhand-overhead and underarm
- Drills and lead up games
- Types of games-Singles, doubles, including mixed doubles.
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.
PC - 203

Table Tennis: Fundamental Skills

- The Grip-The Tennis Grip, Pen Holder Grip.
- Service-Forehand, Backhand, Side Spin, High Toss.
- Strokes-Push, Chop, Drive, Half Volley, Smash, Drop-shot, Balloon, Flick Shit, Loop Drive.
- Stance and Ready position and foot work.
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC – 203

Squash Fundamental Skills

- Service- Under hand and Over hand
- Service Reception
- Shot- Down the line, Cross Court
- Drop
- Half Volley
- Tactics–Defensive, attacking in game
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC – 203

Tennis: Fundamental Skills.

- Grips- Eastern Forehand grip and Backhand grip, Western grip, Continental grip, Chopper grip.
- Stance and Footwork.
- Basic Ground strokes- Forehand drive, Backhand drive.
- Basic service.
- Basic Volley.
- Over-head Volley.
- Chop
- Tactics–Defensive, attacking in game
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.
Semester – III

PC – 301

Track and fields (Throwing Events)

- Discus Throw, Javelin, Hemmer throw, shot-put
- Basic Skills and techniques of the Throwing events
- Ground Marking / Sector Marking
- Interpretation of Rules and Officiating.
  - Grip
  - Stance
  - Release
  - Reserve/ (Follow through action)
  - Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials

PC – 302

Boxing: Fundamental Skills

- Player stance
- Stance - Right hand stance, left hand stance.
- Footwork – Attack, defense.
- Punches – Jab, cross, hook, upper cut, combinations.
- Defense slip–bob and weave, parry/block, cover up, clinch, counter attack
- Tactics – Toe to toe, counter attack, fighting in close, feinting
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC – 302

Martial Arts/Karate: Fundamental Skills

- Player Stances – walking, hand positions, front-leaning, side-fighting.
- Hand Techniques - Punches (form of a punch, straight punch, and reverse punch), Blocks (eight basic).
- Leg Techniques - Snap kicks, stretching straight leg, thrust kicks, sidekicks, round house.
- Forms - The first cause Katas.
- Self Defense - against punches, grabs and strikes, against basic weapons (knife, club sticks).
- Sparring - One step for middle punch, high punch and groin punch. (Defended by appropriate block from eight basic blocks).
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

63
Taekwondo: Fundamental Skills

- Player Stances—walking, extending walking, L stance, cat stance.
- Fundamental Skills—Sitting stance punch, single punch, double punch, triple punch.
- Punching Skill from sparring position—front-fist punch, rear fist punch, double punch, and four combination punch.
- Foot Techniques (Baljisul)—standing kick (soseochagi), Front kick (AP chagi), Arc kick (BandalChagi), Side kick, (YeopChagi), Turning kick (DollyoChagi), Back kick (Twit Chagi), Reverse turning kick (BandaeDollyoChagi), Jump kick (TwimyoChagi),
- Poomsae (Forms)—Jang, Yi Jang, Sam Jang, Sa Jang, O Jang, Yook Jang, Chil Jang, Pal Jang (Fundamental Movement—eye control, concentration of spirit, speed control, strength control, flexibility, balance, variety in techniques)
- Sparring (Kyorugi)—One Step Sparring (hand techniques, foot techniques, self defense techniques, combination kicks), Free Sparring.
- Board Breaking (Kyokpa)—eye control, balance, power control, speed, point of attack.
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

Judo: Fundamental skills

- Rei (Salutation)-Ritsurei(Salutation in standing position), Zarai (Salutation in the sitting position)
- Kumi kata (Methods of holding judo costume)
- Shisei (Posture in Judo)
- Kuzushi (Act of disturbing the opponent posture)
- Tsukuri and kake (Preparatory action for attack)
- Ukemi (Break Fall)-UrhiroUkemi (Rear break Fall), Yoko Ukemi (Side Break Fall), Mae Ukemi (Front Break Fall), Mae mawariUkemi (Front Rolling break fall)
- Shin Tai (Advance or retreat foot movement)-Suri-ashi (Gliding foot), Twugi-ashi (Following footsteps), Ayumi-ashi (Waling steps)
- TaiSabaki (Management of the body)
- NageWaze (Throwing techniques)-HizaGuruma (Knee wheel), SesaeTwurikomi-ashi (Drawing ankle throw), De ashihari (Advance foot sweep), O Goshi (Major loinm), SeoiNage (Shoulder throw).
- Katamawaze(Grappling techniques)-Kesagatame (Scaff hold), Kata gatame (Shoulder hold), Kami shihogatama (Locking of upper four quarters), Method of escaping from each hold.
PC – 302

Wrestling: Fundamental Skills

- Take downs, Leg tackles, Arm drag.
- Counters for take downs, Cross face, Whizzer series.
- Escapes from under-sit-out turn in tripped.
- Counters for escapes from under-Basic control back drop, Counters for stand up.
- Pinning combination-Nelson series(Half Nelson, Half Nelson and Bar arm), Leg lift series, Leg cradle series, Reverse double bar arm, chicken wing and half Nelson.
- Escapes from pining: Wing lock series, Dopuble arm lock roll, Cridge.
- Standing Wrestling-Head under arm series, whizzer series
- Referees positions.

PC – 302

Fencing: Fundamental Skill

- Basic Stance - on-guard position (feet and legs)
- Footwork-advance, retire, lunge, Step-lunge
- Grip—hold a foil correctly, Etiquette—salute and handshake to coaches and partners
- Hit a target (glove, mask, person) at riposte distance
- Lunge from an on-guard position.
- Attack - simple attacks from sixte – direct, disengage, double attack, compound attacks high line – one-two and cut-over disengage, Cut-over attack, Low line attacks
- Semi circular parries—octave and septime

- Understand the layout of a piste.
- Compound or successive parries.
- Lateral parry and direct riposte
- Fence a bout—judges etc. salutes and handshakes
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC 303 Team Games

PC 303

Base Ball Fundamental Skills

- Player Stances—walking, extending walking, L stance, cat stance.
- Grip—standard grip, choke grip,
- Batting—swing and bunt.
- Pitching—
Baseball: slider, fast pitch, curve ball, drop ball, rise ball, change up, knuckle ball, screw ball,

Softball: windmill, sling shot,

Fielding–
- Catching: basics to catch fly hits, rolling hits,
- Throwing: over arm, side arm.

Base running–
- Base running: single, double, triple, home run,
- Sliding: bent leg slide, hook slide, head first slide.

Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC 303

Netball: Fundamental Skills

- Catching: one handed, two handed, with feet grounded, in flight.
- Throwing (different passes and their uses): one handed passes (shoulder, high shoulder, underarm, bounce, lob); two handed passes (push, overhead, bounce).
- Footwork: landing on one foot; landing on two feet; pivot; running pass.
- Shooting: one hand; two hands; forward step shot; backward step shot.
- Techniques of getting free: dodge and sprint; sudden sprint; sprint and stop; sprinting with change of speed.
- Defending: marking the player; marking the ball; blocking; inside the circle; outside the circle (that is, defending the circle edge against the pass in).
- Intercepting: pass; shot.
- The toss-up.
- Role of individual players
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC – 303

Cricket: Fundamental Skills

- Batting-Forward and backward defensive stroke
- Bowling-Simple bowling techniques
- Fielding-Defensive and offensive fielding
- Catching-High catching and Slip catching
- Stopping and throwing techniques
- Wicket keeping techniques
PC 303

Football:   Fundamental Skills

- Kicks-Inside kick, Instep kick, Outer instep kick, lofted kick
- Trapping-trapping rolling the ball, trapping bouncing ball with sole
- Dribbling-With instep, inside and outer instep of the foot.
- Heading-From standing, running and jumping.
- Throw in
- Feinting- With the lower limb and upper part of the body.
- Tackling-Simple tackling, Slide tackling.
- Goal Keeping-Collection of balls, Ball clearance-kicking, throwing and deflecting.

PC 303

Hockey:   Fundamental Skills

- Player stance & Grip
- Rolling the ball
- Dribbling
- Push
- Stopping
- Hit
- Flick
- Scoop
- Passing– Forward pass, square pass, triangular pass, diagonal pass, return pass,
- Reverse hit
- Dodging
- Goal keeping–Hand defence, foot defence
- Positional play in attack and defense.
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.
- Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.
- Ground Marking.

PC – 303

Softball   Fundamental Skills

- Catching: one handed, two handed, with feet grounded, in flight.
- Throwing (different passes and their uses): one handed passes (shoulder, high shoulder, underarm, bounce, lob); two handed passes (push, overhead, bounce).
- Footwork: landing on one foot; landing on two feet; pivot; running pass.
- Shooting: one hand; two hands; forward step shot; backward step shot.
Techniques of getting free: dodge and sprint; sudden sprint; sprint and stop; sprinting with change of speed.
Defending: marking the player; marking the ball; blocking; inside the circle; outside the circle (that is, defending the circle edge against the pass in).
Intercepting: pass; shot.
The toss-up.
Role of individual players
Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC 303

Volleyball: Fundamental Skills

Players Stance-Receiving the ball and passing to the team mates,
The Volley (Over head pass),
The Dig(Under hand pass).
Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC - 303

Hand Ball:

Fundamental Skills-Catching, Throwing, Ball Control, Goal Throws-Jump Shot, Centre Shot, Dive Shot, Reverse Shot, Dribbling-High and Low, Attack and Counter Attack, Simple Counter Attack, Counter Attack from two wings and centre, Blocking, Goal keeping, Defense.
Rules and their interpretations and duties of officials.

PC – 303

Basket ball: Fundamental Skills

Player stance and ball handling
Passing-Two Hand chest pass, Two hand Bounce Pass, One Hand Base ball pass, Side Arm Pass, Over Head pass, Hook Pass.
Receiving-Two Hand receiving, One hand receiving, Receiving in stationary position, Receiving while jumping, Receiving while running.
Dribbling-How to start dribble, How to drop dribble, High dribble, Low dribble, Reverse dribble, Rolling dribble.
Shooting-Layup shot and its variations, one hand set shot, One hand jump shot, Hook shot, Free throw.
Rebounding-Defensive rebound, Offensive rebound, Knock out, Rebound Organization.
Individual Defensive-Guarding the man with the ball and without the ball.
Pivoting.
Rules and their interpretations and duties of the officials.
TP – 201  Teaching practices:
10 teaching practice lessons out of which 5 lessons in class-room situation and 5 lessons for out-door activities within premises on the students of B.P.Ed course.

TP – 301  Teaching practices:
10 teaching lesson plans for Racket Sport/ Team Games/ Indigenous Sports out of which 5 lessons internal and 5 lessons external at school.

TP – 401  Sports Specialization:  Track and field / Gymnastics / Swimming (4 internal lesson at practicing school and 1 final external lesson on the students of practicing school as a sports specialization of any discipline mentioned above.)

TP- 402  Games Specialization:  Kabaddi, Kho-kho, Base ball, cricket, Football, Hockey, Softball Volleyball, Handball, Basketball, Netball, Badminton, Table Tennis, Squash, Tennis

(4 internal lesson at practicing school and 1 final external lesson on the students of practicing school as a games specialization of any discipline mentioned above.)

*Note: Where ever details of any activities are not mentioned, it is expected to elaborate skills by the competent bodies of local Universities.*
### Table – 1: Semester wise distribution of hours per week

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Minimum of 36 teaching hours per week is required in five or six days in a week

### Table – 2: Number of credits per semester

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Minimum of 36 teaching hours per week is required in five or six days in a week