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- Notes : 1. Attempt **any five** questions.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

1. a) Use appropriate punctuation marks in the following sentences. 4
- 1) Did you understand why I was upset
 - 2) The girls father sat in a corner
 - 3) There's no room for error, said the engineer so we have to double check every calculation.
 - 4) Yes, Jim said, I'll be home by ten.
- b) Correct the mistakes in the sentences wherever necessary. 4
- 1) She dreaming of the day when she can go to Canada to visit her relatives.
 - 2) Chandra was mop the house with an old rag.
 - 3) All the books is belonging to me. I love books.
 - 4) Salsa was went to Singapore last Monday.
2. a) Write one word for a group of words 4
- 1) Liable to catch fire easily
 - 2) A man with an evil reputation
 - 3) Incapable of being heard
 - 4) A person who cannot read or write
- b) Write Synonyms 4
- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1) Abundant | 2) Gracious |
| 3) Begin | 4) Explain |
3. a) Fill in the blanks with the correct degree of comparison 8
- 1) This chair is ----- (comfortable) than the old one.
 - 2) She is the ----- (intelligent) student in the class
 - 3) My dog is ----- (friendly) than my cat.
 - 4) That was the ----- (fun) party I've ever been to.

b) Write the meaning of the following

- I) Spilled the bean
- II) A piece of cake
- III) Once in a blue moon
- IV) On cloud nine

4. Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions:-

8

In the 1970s, Chipko activists in Tehri Garhwal used to sing a song praising their hills as paradise, the place of Gods, where the mountains bloom with rare plants and dense cedars. Chipko began as a movement to save the indigenous forests of oak and rhododendron from being felled by the Forest Department. It soon became a wider assertion of local rights to the environment, protesting against inappropriate policies imposed on the hills by a distant plains many hoped that the region would finally chart a path of development that was in harmony with its unique ecology and culture. The recent catastrophic rain, landslides and floods, and the consequent human tragedy, make us look more closely and critically at Uttarakhand's development narrative. The story that is told- the state can produce wealth and welfare by using natural resources to the fullest- grossly misunderstands the nature of Himalayan ecology. First, the Himalayas are known to be geologically active. Earthquakes and glacial lake outbursts are natural hazards that accompany these processes. But the destructive power of these events has been eclipsed by man- made hazards that exponentially increase the instability of the Himalayan landscape. Cutting mountains for building roads often trigger landslides. Blasting tunnels through the mountains for river projects destabilizes an already fragile geology. The pressure of water in dam reservoirs induces tectonic shifts. Multiplying the risk of earthquakes. Second. Like the mountains. Himalayan rivers are dynamic entities. Blocking and diverting their path with dams and tunnels. Dumping close to the river channel has disastrous consequence. The cloudburst that precipitated the recent disaster was a natural event, but the toll taken by the floods and landslides was made much worse by Uttarakhand's development strategy. It has become clear that our understanding of nature is poor, our ability to control and manipulate it poorer still. Nonetheless, we chose to forge ahead with building more concrete infrastructure because in the short term, that's where the money lies. This is a warning to us that development has to incorporate the precautionary principle, anticipating potential harm and acting prudently to prevent it. This means a conservative approach to construction in the hills.

Questions:-

- (i) How did the Chipko movement begin?
- (ii) What hope did many people have when the state of Uttarakhand was formed?
- (iii) Which man- made hazards increase the instability at the Himalayas?
- (iv) How did Uttarakhand's development strategy create problem for people?

5. What are the various types of Application Letters? 8
6. What is a Resume'? What are the contents of a Resume'? 8
7. What is meant by Interview? State its purpose. 8
8. Discuss the responsibilities of an Interviewer. 8
9. Draft a letter of Complaint to Bajaj Air Conditions Pune for supply of faulty Air conditioners. 8
10. Write short notes (**Any two**) 8
- a) Write Antonyms
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1) Weak | 2) Young |
| 3) Authentic | 4) Captivity |
- b) Write meaning of Idioms
- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 1) Under the weather | 2) Apple of eye |
| 3) Break a leg | 4) Call it a day |
- c) Essentials of good covering letter
- d) Why do candidates fail in an interview.
