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- Notes :
1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. All questions carry equal marks.
 3. Write case laws wherever necessary

1. Analyze the role and importance of the Companies Act, 2013 in the Indian corporate legal framework. Discuss its key objectives and the primary changes introduced compared to the Companies Act, 1956.

OR

Write Short Notes on the following:

- 1) Doctrine of Ultra-vires,
- 2) Binding force of Memorandum and Articles of Association,

2. Define the term prospectus within the context of corporate law and explain in detail the essential contents that must be included according to regulatory standards. Discuss the legal remedies available for investors in case of misrepresentation found in a prospectus.

OR

Define shares and distinguish between the different types of shares that companies can issue. Explain the process of allotment of shares, including statutory restrictions that companies must adhere to during this process.

3. Examine the roles, duties, and liabilities of directors in an Indian company under the companies act. 2013. Discuss the provisions relating to the appointment, remuneration and removal of directors and evaluate their role in corporate governance.

OR

Discuss the roles and responsibilities of promoters as mandated by the Companies act. 2013, highlighting the significance of these positions in fostering corporate governance and diversity within the boardroom.

4. Analyze the provisions relating to the protection of minority shareholders under the Companies Act. 2013. Discuss the various remedies available to minority shareholders, including class actions and the right to apply for relief under the oppression and mismanagement provisions.

OR

Discuss in detail rule in Foss vs. Harbottle.

5. Define the term "winding up" of a company and describe the different types of winding up processes as outlined in corporate legislation. Discuss the circumstances under which a company may be wound up and the procedural steps involved in each type of winding up. Is it possible for a company to enter into a compromise with any of its creditors without going into liquidation?

OR

Define Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and discuss its significance in the modern business environment. Is the Corporate Social Responsibility strategy evolving and adapting to meet new needs?
