GONDWANA UNIVERSITY GADCHIROLI



SYLLABI AND COURSE OF STUDY IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

BIOTECHNOLOGY COURSE

PG SEMESTER III UNDER NEP-2020

From Session 2024 Onwards

GONDWANA UNIVERSITY, GADCHIROLI FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Master of Science in Biotechnology

Program Information

On completion of the course, the students are expected to be proficient in the fundamental, applied and modern areas of Biotechnology. They are expected to have acquired the skills of theoretical and practical aspects of different branches of biotechnology; to be able to develop rationale thinking skills, logical interpretation and analytical skills. Effective communication of scientific developments to the society at large is very critical attribute expected from the students of this course.

The outcomes expected (PO) from the post-graduates of M.Sc. Biotechnology program are:

PO1- Fundamental and advanced knowledge of biotechnology and its different branches

PO2- Orientation and specialization in at least one specific branch of biotechnology and related fields **PO3-** Proficiency in theoretical and practical aspects of traditional as well as modern tools and techniques in the fields of biotechnology

PO4- Awareness and sensitization about various societal problems related to biotechnology

PO-5- Effective communication of scientific knowledge and recent developments with the society **PO-6-**Acquiring skills of writing, editing and publication of research findings in reputed journals and magazines.

PO-7- Acquire skills and training in scientific communications and presentation

PO-8- Ability to design and undertake research projects to solve societal problems

Aims of Master Degree Program in Biotechnology

The objective of this course is to provide fundamental and advanced knowledge of biotechnology and its related subjects.

• To generate competent human resources skilled to contribute towards the sustainable development of industry, teaching, and research in different areas of Biotechnology.

• To develop a set of interdisciplinary professional skills that will enable the students in research and development in Biotechnology.

• To bring social, ethical, and professional awareness among the students about various issues of contemporary practices in biotechnology and related fields.

Qualification Descriptors

Upon successful completion of the course, the students receive a M.Sc. degree in Biotechnology. Biotechnology postgraduates are expected to branch out into different paths of seeking advanced research based knowledge, professional employment, or entrepreneurship that they find fulfilling. They will be able to demonstrate knowledge as well as skills in diverse fields of Biotechnology. This will provide a foundation, which shall help them to embark on research careers by attaining doctoral positions in coveted institutions, as well as securing employment in research projects in industry or institutes. Besides research, they can get suitable teaching positions in Colleges and Universities as an Assistant Professor after qualifying National Eligibility Test (NET). It is expected that besides the skills specific to the discipline, the wider life skills of analysis, logical reasoning, scientific aptitude, communication skills, research and life ethics, and moral values will be inculcated in the students.

The list below provides a synoptic overview of possible career paths provided by a postgraduate training in Biotechnology:

- 1. Research
- 2. Industry
- 3. Teaching
- 4. Biotechnology entrepreneurship
- 5. Administration and Policy Making
- 6. Scientific Communication
- 7. Patents and Law
- 8. Scientific Writing and Editing
- 9. Document preparation and publication

M. Sc. Biotechnology Program Specific Outcomes (PSO)

After completion of M.Sc. Biotechnology, the students will be able:

PSO –1 :To understand the basic principles and applications of biotechnology.

PSO– 2:To understand the principles of microbiology, animal biotechnology, plant biotechnology, genetic engineering, applied biotechnology involved in biotechnology to identify crucial biological problems.

PSO-3 :To realize the importance of laws and ethics in biotechnological practices and be able to practice good laboratory practices.

PSO–4:To handle basic, sophisticated advanced instruments needed in a research laboratory with ability to design and execute experiments with precision in a logical manner.

PSO–5:To understand theoretical as well as practical aspects of gene cloning, expression of recombinant proteins, tissue culture, and transgenic development.

PSO-6:To understand the basics of statistics and computational methods used in biological processes.

PSO–7:To understand the principles and applications of genomics, transcriptomics, and proteomics, and integrate the knowledge of genomics and genetic engineering to address problems of healthcare, cropimprovement, energy and environment.

PSO–8:To understand the principles and applications of bioprocess designing, pharmaceutical biotechnology, and nanotechnology for solving problems of biology and other related sciences.

PSO-9:To launch start-ups and become entrepreneurs for novel biotechnology products and processes in various industries.

PSO-10:To understand Bio safety measures, Ethical issues and regulatory compliances in the field of Biotechnology and effective scientific communication



Gondwana University, Gadchiroli

NEP 2020 P.G. PROGRAMME SESSION 2024-25

Faculty of Science and Technology

Program Name - M.Sc. Sem-III (Biotechnology)

				Teaching Scheme (Hrs)						Exami	nation S	chem	e			
				Teachin	ig scheme	e (1115)			The	ory		Practical			1	
Sr. No.	Course Category	Subject Name	Total Credit	Theory	Pract	Total Hrs.	UA	CA	Total Mark	Min. Passing	Durati on of Exam (Hrs.)	UA	CA	Total Mark	Min. Passing	Total Marks
1		Subject-1 Animal Biotechnology	04	04		04	80	20	100	40	03					100
2	Major	Subject-2 Plant Biotechnology	04	04		04	80	20	100	40	03					100
3		Subject-3 Genetic Engineering	04	04		04	80	20	100	40	03					100
4		Practical-I Based on subject1,2,3	02	-	04	04	-	-	-	-	-	30	20	50	25	50
5	Major	Any one from Elective basket	02	02		02	40	10	50	20	02				25	50
6	(Elective)	Practical-II Based on Elective Paper	02	-	04	04	-	-	-	-	-	30	20	50	25	50
7		Research Project	04		08	08						60	40	100	50	100
	Tota	1	22	14	16	26	280	70	350	-	•	120	80	200	125	550

M.Sc. Biotechnology (PG) Program

Faculty of Science and Technology

(Affiliated Colleges) (W.e.f. Academic Year 2024-25) Scheme of Teaching and Examination under Semester Pattern for M.Sc. Program in Biotechnology

SEM	Core Course	Elective	Research Project
	Major 1- STPG03BTH001 (4 Credits) (4Hours/Week)	STPG03BTH004 to STPG03BTH008	STPG03BTH009 Research Project
SEM III	Major 2 – STPG03BTH002 (4 Credits) (4Hours/Week) Major 3 – STPG03BTH003	Elective Course - Student shall select any one course.	(4 Credits) (4Hours/Week)
	(4 Credits) (4 Hours/Week)	(2 Credits) (2Hours/Week)	
	Practical – I (50 Marks) STPG03	BTH010	
	Based on Major Course only		
	(4 Hours/Week)		
	(2 Credit)		
	Practical – II (50 Marks) STPG03		
	Based on Elective Course		
	only(4Hours/Week)		
	(2 Credit)		

Total 22 Credits

		Teaching and Examination Sch	ieme						
	M.Sc. Semester III Master of Science (Biotechnology) Gondwana University, Gadchiroli								
Faculty Name : Scien	Faculty Name : Science and Technology Name P.G.: BIOTECHNOLOGY								
U	Two Years Regular Post Graduate								
	Program SEM – III								
Major (Mandatory)	Credit		Credit	Research Project	Credit	Total Credit			
1. Animal Biotechnology (STPG03BTH001) Paper - I Theory = 100 (UA80 +		1.Applied Biotechnology, Paper – IV(STPG03BTH004) Theory = 50 (UA40 + CA10) 02 Credit 2.Molecular Diagnostic,	-	Research Project STPG03BTH 009	4	22			
CA20) 04Credit		Paper - IV (STPG03BTH005) Theory = 50 (UA40 + CA10) 02 Credit		Project = 80 Viva = 20					
2. Plant Biotechnology (STPG03BTH002) Paper - II Theory = 100 (UA80 + CA20) 04credit		3.Clinical Trial And Research, Paper – IV(STPG03BTH006) Theory = 50 (UA40 + CA10) 02 Credit 4.Phytosecondary Metabolite And Its Bioactivity, Paper - IV(STPG03BTH007)							
3.Genetic Engineering– (STPG03BTH003) Paper -III Theory =100 (UA80 +	(4x3)D	Theory = $50(UA40 + CA10)$ 02 Credit 5 Genomics and Proteomics , Paper - IV(STPG03BTH008) Theory = 50 (UA40 + CA10) 02 Credit	2						
CA20) 04credit									
Practical I-(50 Marks) Based on Paper 1,2 & 3 (4Hours/Week) (02credit) STPG03BTH010 Practical – II (50		Note:- Student shall select anyone from above group							
Marks) STPG03BTH011 Based on Elective Course only (4Hours/Week) (2Credit)	(2x2)4								

Master of Science (Biotechnology) M.Sc. Semester III

	Assessment and Evaluation					
Suggested Continuous Evaluation	Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:					
Internal Assessment (Theory) Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)	Class Test, Attendance, Assignment (Charts/Models/Seminar/Rural Service/Report of Excursion/Lab visit/Industrial visit/project orreview work)	20				
	Total	20				
External Assessment Practical Exam	Experimentation, Viva Voce, Spotting etc.	30				
Practical Internal	Practical Record and others	20				
	Total	50				
External Assessment	Section (A) – one Long Question	16 X 1=16				
University Theory Exam	Or Two brief questions	8 X 2 = 16				
	Section (B) – one Long Question Or	16 X 1=16				
	Two brief questions	8 X 2 = 16				
	Section (C) – one Long Question Or	16 X 1=16				
	Two brief questions	8 X 2 = 16				
	Section (D) – one Long Question Or	16 X 1=16				
	Two brief questions	8 X 2 = 16				
	Section (E) – Four Short Question	4 X 4 = 16				
	Total	80				
Project/Dissertation	Project work	80				
	Presentation/VIVA	20				
	Total	100				

General Rules and Regulations Regarding Pattern of Question Paper for the Semester End Examination:

A) Pattern of Question Paper for Major Paper

- 1. Maximum marks of each theory paper will be 80.
- 2. Question paper will consist of five questions, each of **16** marks.
- 3. Four questions will be on four units with internal choice (One question on each unit).
- 4. Fifth question will be compulsory with questions from each of the four units having equal weightage and there will be no internal choice.

B) Pattern of Question Paper for Elective Paper

- 1. Maximum marks of elective theory paper will be 40.
- 2. Question paper will consist of five questions, each of 8 marks.
- 3. Four questions will be on four units with internal choice (One question on each unit).
- 4. Fifth question will be compulsory with questions from each of the four units having equal weightage and there will be no internal choice.

C) Practical Examination

- 1. Practical I & II carry 50 marks. The scheme of marking consists of external assessment of 30 marks and internal assessment 20 marks.
- 2. Practical performance shall be jointly evaluated by the External and Internal Examiner.
- 3. Duration of practical examination will be as per given in the syllabi of respective subjects.

D) Project/Dissertation – Students have to prepare and submit the work (Synopsis)based on following criteria

- 1. Selection of topic
- 2. Abstract
- 3. Introduction/Statement Finding
- 4. Literature Review
- 5. Plan of work/Methodology
- 6. Conclusion including Scope and Limitation of Study
- 7. References/Bibliography

The project/dissertation will be of 100 marks which consist of 80 marks for synopsis work and 10 for presentation of synopsis & 10 marks for seminar on any one topic from syllabus. Students have to prepare a project file as a synopsis and submit to the head of the department.

Duration: 04 Hrs

Distribution of Marks for Practical for Sem III & IV : Total marks : 30

- 1. Major experiment ----- 10
- 2. Minor Experiment (2x5)-----10
- 3. Practical Record-----05
- 4. Viva-voce----- 05

Total: 30

Internal Assessment Marks : 20 (Based on Attendance, Punctuality, Lab Assignment Submission, Tour/ Field Visit Diary Submission

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH001
Paper Title	Animal Biotechnology
Number of teaching hours per week	4 Hours per week
Total number of teaching hours per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE CONTENT

Course Outcomes:

Importance and history of in vitro culture, nutritional requirement, media components, Basal and Supplemented animal cell culture, Sterilization Techniques Scaling up of animal scale culture Application of animal cell culture

Unit I	: Introduction to Animal Cell Culture	15Hrs
А.	Animal cell culture: Equipment and materials for animal cell culture	
	technology, various systems of tissue culture, advantages and limitations.	
B.	Culture media: Natural media, synthetic media, balanced saltsolutions.	
	Brief discussion on the chemical, physical and metabolic functions of different	
	constituents of culture medium, role of CO2, serum and supplements.	
D.	Characteristics of cells in culture: contact inhibition, anchoragedependence, cell-	
	cell communication	
Unit I	I: Methods of Animal Cell and Tissue Culture	15Hrs
A.	Isolation of animal cell material: various methods of separation of cell types,	
	advantages and limitations.	
В.	Primary culture: behavior of cells, properties, utility, explant culture;	
	suspension culture.	
С.	Established cell line cultures: definition of cell lines, maintenance and	
	management; cryopreservation, germplasm conservation, cell adaptation.	
	Three dimensional cultures	
Unit I	II: Scaling up of Animal Cell Culture	15Hrs
A.	Apoptosis: measurement of cell death. apoptosis (death domain, role of cytochrome C)	
B.	Cell synchronization and cell manipulation	
C.	Cell transformation, cell cloning	
	Tissue engineering- design and engineering of tissue, tissue modeling.	
	Stem cell cultures, embryonic stem cells and their applications	
	V: Application of Animal Tissue Culture	15Hrs
	Mass production of biologically important compounds (eg. vaccines),	
	cytotoxicity and diagnostic tests.	
В.	Manipulation of reproduction in animals: artificial insemination, embryo	
	transfer (multiple ovulations, multiple ovulations with embryo transfer)	
С.	In vitro fertilization technology: embryo cloning and embryonic stem cell.	
	embryo transfer in human.	
D.		
	xenotransplantation, use of transgenic animals in disease interruption.	

- 1. Animal Biotechnology, M.M. Ranga, Himalaya Publishing House, 2007
- 2. Animal Cell Culture, John R. W. Masters, Oxford Uni. Press Newyork, 2007
- 3. Biotechnology, B. D. Singh, Kalyani Publication Ludhiana2007
- 4. Biotechnology, Mohan P. Arora, Himalaya Publishing House, 2007
- 5. Culture of Animal Cells, Ian Freshney, A John Willey 2007
- 6. Animal Cell Culture, John R. W. Masters, Oxford Uni. Press Newyork, 2000

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH002
Paper Title	Plant Biotechnology
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hours per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Introduction to cell and tissue culture techniques

Understand the techniques of plant tissue culture

Plant transformation Technology, Mechanism of DNA transfer

Application of plant tissue culture

	Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture	15 Hrs
А.	Brief introduction to conventional plant breeding	
В.	Introduction to cell and tissue culture technique.	
С.	Tissue culture media (composition and preparation)	
	Role of growth hormone in plant tissue culture (auxins, cytokinin)	
E.	Callus and suspension cultures: initiation and maintenance of callus	
	and suspension cultures; single cell clones.	
Unit I	l: Techniques of Plant Tissue Culture	15 Hrs
А.	Organogenesis. embryogenesis; transfer and establishment of whole plants in soil.	
	Shoot tip culture: rapid clonal propagation and production of virus free plants. Embryo culture and embryo rescue.	
	Hybrid plants: protoplast isolation, culture and fusion.	
	Selection of hybrid cells and regeneration of hybrid plants, symmetric	
	and asymmetric hybrid, cybrid.	
F.	Production of haploid plants: anther and pollen cultures for production of	
	haploid plants	
Unit I	II: Plant Transformation Technology	15 Hrs
Α.	Basis of tumor formation, hairy root.	
	General features of Ti and Ri plasmids.	
C. 1	nechanism of DNA transfer, role of virulence genes, use of Ti and Ri as vectors,	
h:-	ary vectors.	
	•	
D.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation	
D. me	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation thods.	
D. me	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation	
D. me E. (Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation thods.	15 Hrs
D. me E. Unit I	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation.	15 Hrs
D. me E. Unit I A.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation. V: Application of Plant Tissue Culture	15 Hrs
D. me E. Unit I A. B. C.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation. V: Application of Plant Tissue Culture Applications of plant transformation for productivity and performance Herbicide resistance -phosphoinothricine glyphosate, sulfonyl urea, atrazin Insect resistance- Bt genes.	15 Hrs
D. me E. (Unit I A. B. C. D.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation. V: Application of Plant Tissue Culture Applications of plant transformation for productivity and performance Herbicide resistance -phosphoinothricine glyphosate, sulfonyl urea, atrazin Insect resistance- Bt genes. Virus resistance, coat protein mediated nucleocapsid gene.	15 Hrs
D. me E. (Unit I A. B. C. D. E.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation. V: Application of Plant Tissue Culture Applications of plant transformation for productivity and performance Herbicide resistance -phosphoinothricine glyphosate, sulfonyl urea, atrazin Insect resistance- Bt genes. Virus resistance, coat protein mediated nucleocapsid gene. Fungal resistance, disease resistance, nematode resistance.	15 Hrs
D. me E. Unit I A. B. C. D. E. F.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation. V: Application of Plant Tissue Culture Applications of plant transformation for productivity and performance Herbicide resistance -phosphoinothricine glyphosate, sulfonyl urea, atrazin Insect resistance- Bt genes. Virus resistance, coat protein mediated nucleocapsid gene. Fungal resistance, disease resistance, nematode resistance. Improvement of crop yield and quality - Long shelf life of fruits and flowers.	15 Hrs
D. me E. Unit I A. B. C. D. E. F. G.	Methods of nuclear transformation, biological and physical transformation ethods. Chloroplast transformation. V: Application of Plant Tissue Culture Applications of plant transformation for productivity and performance Herbicide resistance -phosphoinothricine glyphosate, sulfonyl urea, atrazin Insect resistance- Bt genes. Virus resistance, coat protein mediated nucleocapsid gene. Fungal resistance, disease resistance, nematode resistance.	15 Hrs

- 1. Plant Biotechnology-Practical Manual, C.C.Giri, Archana Giri, I.K.Int.Pub House 2007
- 2. An Introduction To Molecular Biotecnology, Michel Wink, Wiley VchVerlog Pub. 1999
- 3. Plant Biotechnology And Its Application, Ashavini Kumar, Shekha Roy, I.K. Int. Pub House 2007
- 4. Plant Physiology, Lincoln Talz, Sinaduar Assosiates, 2006
- 5. Plant Biotechnology, K. G. Ramawat, S.Chand, 2008
- 6. Text Book Of Biotechnology, R. C. Dubey, S. Chand, 2009

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH003
Paper Title	Genetic Engineering
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hours per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Describe fundamental molecular principle of genetics Genetic engineering and gene selection Cloning vectors and rDNA preparation Insertion of foreign DNA into host cell

Unit	I: Introduction to Genetic Engineering and Gene Selection	15Hrs
А.	Isolation of DNA from the source (plant, animal, microbes)	
В.	DNA manipulation enzymes: nucleases (exonucleases and endonucleases), ligases, polymerases and topoisomerases.	
C.	Restriction enzymes and their types, restriction modificationsystem, DNA modification enzymes	
D.	Gene isolation and purification: general methods (shotgun method for producing gene library, cloning specific genes by	
	hybridization and reverse transcriptase methods, direct selectionof a gene	
Unit	II: Cloning Vectors and rDNA Preparation	15Hrs
	Cloning vectors: plasmids as vectors, general characteristics of plasmids, bacterial vector plasmids, yeast vector plasmids, yeast artificial chromosomes. viral vectors (lambda, M13). Cosmids vectors, phagemid vectors. Insertion of DNA and ligation: Berg's terminal transferase method (dA:dT joints); Boyer-Cohen-Chang experiment (cohesive ends), butt joints (T4 DNA ligase); current ligation techniques (blunt-end ligation, complementary end ligation) linkers, adaptors, homopolymer tailing.	
Unit	III: Molecular Probe and DNA Sequencing	15Hrs
	Gene libraries and molecular probes: molecular probes for detecting nucleic acids and proteins. genomic DNA library, cDNA library. Nucleic acid hybridization (southern hybridization, northern hybridization).	
	Antibody probes (western blotting, immunoprecipitation and south-western screening).	
C.	DNA sequencing: Sanger-Coulson dideoxynucleotide method, Maxam-Gilbert chemical cleavage method, multiplex DNA sequencing, automated DNA sequencing.	
Unit	IV: Insertion of Foreign DNA into Host Cell	15Hrs
A	. Transformation: DNA uptake by bacterial cells.	
E	. Transfection: chemical and physical methods, viral vectors. polyethylene	
	glycol, DEAE-dextran, calcium phosphate coprecipitation, dimethyl	
	sulfoxide, liposomes, microinjection, microinjection, electroporation,	
	bilistics, somatic cell fusion, viral vectors (single- and two-strain	
	packaging).	
0	2. Gene transfer by pronuclear microinjection	

- 1. Genes Vi, Benjamin Lewin, Oxford Uni. Press Newyork, 1998
- 2. Molecular Biology-I Recombinant Dna, T. A. Brown, Academic Press, 1998
- 3. Molecular Cloning Vol-I, Sambrook And Russel, Cold Spring HarborLab. Press, 2007
- 4. Comprehensive Biotechnology, Ramawat K. G., Shaily Goyal, S. Chand, 2001
- 5. Techniques In Life Sciences, Dr. D. B. Tembhare, Himalaya Publication, 2004
- 6. Genes Vi, Benjamin Lewin, Oxford Uni. Press Newyork, 1998
- 7. Molecular Biology-I Recombinant Dna, T. A. Brown, Academic Press,

ELECTIVE PAPERS

Semester	Ш
Paper Code	STPG03BTH004
Paper Title	Applied Biotechnology
Number of teaching hours per week	2
Total number of teaching hours per semester	40
Number of credits	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Expression of foreign gene bacteria, yeast, insect and mammalian cells, Gene amplication and Expression Gene theory and Therapeutic products, Production of commercial by GMOs. Introduction of metabolits and Nanotechnology

Unit	I : Gene Amplification and Expression	10Hrs
A.	Salient features of expression vectors.	
B.	Expression of foreign gene: expression of eukaryotic genes in bacteria,	
	expression of foreign genes in yeast, insect and mammalian cells.	
С.	Processing of recombinant proteins: refolding and stabilization.	
D.	Protein engineering- addition of disulphide bond, changing amino acids,	
	modification of metal cofactors, changing protease activity, active site	
	modification.	
E.	Amplification of DNA: polymerase chain reaction	
Unit	t II : Gene Theory and Therapeutic Products	10Hrs
A.	Production of monoclonal bodies by phage display technique using filamentous	
	phage vectors.	
B.	Gene therapy: somatic and germline, random and targeted gene replacement, in	
	vivo and ex vivo gene delivery, retrovirus gene transfer system, advantages and	
	disadvantages of adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, herpes virus vectors, gene	
	correction, replacement/augmentation, editing, regulation and silencing. Gene	
	therapy of human diseases	
Uni	it III : Production of Commercial Products by GMOs	10Hrs
А.	Role of rDNA technology in production of alcohol	
B.	Role of rDNA technology in production of vitamin- (ascorbic acid, vitamin B12)	
C.	Role of rDNA technology in production of vaccine- (vaccinia viral vaccine, polio vaccine)	
D.	Role of rDNA technology in production of hormone- (insulin, oxytocin)	
E.	Role of rDNA technology in production of antibiotics- (streptomycin, penicillin)	
Uni	it IV : Plant Secondary Metabolits and Nanotechnology	10Hrs
A.	Plant secondary metabolites: phenylpropanoid pathway, shikimate pathway,	
	alkaloids, industrial enzymes, biodegradable plastics, polyhydroxybutyrate,	
	therapeutic proteins, lysosomal enzymes, oleosin partitioning technology.	
B.	Green house technology: principle and application	
C.	Concept of nanobiotechnology and application of nanobiotechnology in medicine	

- 1. Biotechnology, B. D. Singh, Kalyani Pub, 2007
- 2. Comprehensive Biotechnology, Ramawat K. G., Shaily Goyal, S. Chand, 2001
- 3. Techniques In Life Sciences, Dr. D. B. Tembhare, Himalaya Publication, 2004
- 4. Industrial Biotechnology, S. N. Jogdand, Himalaya Publishing House, 2006
- 5. Advances In Biotechnology, S. N. Jogdand, Himalaya Publishing House, 2007
- 6. Biotechnology, B. D. Singh, Kalyani Publication Ludhiana2007
- 7. Biotechnology, Mohan P. Arora, Himalaya Publishing House, 2007
- 8. Biotechnology Laboratory Course, Bucker, Open University Publ, 2004
- 9. In vitro Cultivation Of Of Animal Cells, Butte
- 10. Rworth, Heinemanm, Open University Publ, 2004
- 11. Biotechnological Innovations In Animalproductivity, Utterworth, Heinemanm, Open University Publ, 2004

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH005
Paper Title	Molecular Diagnostic
Number of teaching hours per week	2
Total number of teaching hours per semester	40
Number of credits	2

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COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Acquire knowledge and understanding of the fundamentals of genomics and proteomics, transcriptomics, and metabolomics.
- Apply the knowledge to various applied areas of biology.
 Develop recombinant proteins as well as primers as tools for developing diagnostics kits.
 Get acquainted with current technologies being developed and used in clinic and research

Unit	I : Genome biology in health and disease	10 Hrs
В.	DNA, RNA, Protein chromosomal structure & mutations; DNA polymorphism: humanidentity; clinical variability and genetically determined adverse reactions to drugs.	
Unit	II : Genome: resolution, detection & analysis	10 Hrs
B.	PCR: Real-time Nucleic acid sequencing: new generations of automated sequencers; Microarray chips; EST; SAGE; microarray data normalization & analysis molecular markers: 16S rRNA typing; Diagnostic proteomics: SELDI-TOF-MS & MALDI-TOF ; Bioinformatics data acquisition & analysis	
Unit	III : Molecular markers based diagnosis	10 Hrs
A.	Preliminary concept of RFLP, RAPD, AFLP.	
B.	Molecular markers linked to disease resistant genes,	
C.	application of RFLP in forensic, disease prognosis, genetic counselling, pedigree, varietals etc.,	
D.	Germplasm maintenance, taxonomy and Biodiversity.	
E.	Genome size, Genome mapping by conjugation, organelle genome with concept of DNA barcoding, and cloning in organelle genome.	
F.	Genetic defects due to mutations in the organelle genome.	
Uni	t IV : Detection of inherited diseases	10 Hrs
	Exemplified by two inherited diseases for which molecular diagnosis has provided a dramatic improvement of quality of medical care: Fragile X Syndrome: Paradigm of new mutational mechanism of unstable triplet repeats, von-Hippel Lindau disease: recent acquisition in growing number of familial cancer syndromes	

- 1. Primrose, S. B., Twyman, R. M., Primrose, S. B., & Primrose, S. B. (2006). Principles Of Gene Manipulation And Genomics. Malden, Ma: Blackwell Pub.
- 2. Liebler, D. C. (2002). Introduction To Proteomics: Tools For The New Biology. Totowa, Nj: Humana Press.
- **3.** Campbell, A. M., & Heyer, L. J. (2003). Discovering Genomics, Proteomics, And Bioinformatics. San Francisco:Benjamin Cumming

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH006
Paper Title	Clinical Trial and Research
Number of teaching hours per week	2
Total number of teaching hours per semester	40
Number of credits	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Regulatory guidelines and Quality assurance, Fundamental clinical research, good clinical research, different phases of clinical trial international council for Harmonization, Food and drug administration

Unit	: Clinical trial Introduction:	10 Hrs			
	Fundamentals of clinical research,				
	Introduction to healthcare,				
	Introduction to Good Clinical practices,				
	Introduction to New Drug Development process,				
	Preclinical studies: Selection of animals, selection of doses,				
21	protocol preparation and execution.				
F.	Different phases of clinical trials: Phase I, Phase II, Phase III,				
Unit	II : Regulatory Guidelines and Quality assurance	10 Hrs			
A.	Clinical Research regulations in India – CDSCO / ICMR guidelines, Schedule				
	Y, Clinical trial application requirements in India, ,				
В.	International Council for Harmonization (ICH),				
С.	United states-Food and Drugs administration (US-FDA),				
D.	Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) and Clinical				
	Research regulations in Europe (EMEA).				
E.	Quality Assurance and Quality Control in Clinical Trials,				
Unit III - Clinical Trial Ethics and safety					
F.	Ethics committees,				
G.	constitution and practices,				
H.	Declaration of Helsinki and Informed consent process, Liability and				
	indemnity in clinical trials (Insurance and Indemnity: roles and				
	responsibility),				
I.	Ethics and clinical trials in special population.				
Unit IV: Scientific Writing and data management:					
	Clinical Protocols,				
	Clinical Data Management (CDM)				
	Data management plan, Study set-up, Data entry,				
	CRF tracking and corrections, Central lab,				
E.	Quality Control and Quality Assurance in CDM, Data mining and warehousing Clinical Data Analysis.				

- 1. Lawrence M. Friedman, Curt D. Furberg, David DeMets. Fundamentals of Clinical Trials. Springer Cham.
- 2. Warren S. Browner. Publishing and Presenting Clinical Research, Third Edition. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins (LWW)
- 3. Dr. Stephen B Hulley, Steven R Cummings, Warren S Browner. Designing Clinical Research. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins (LWW)
- 4. Susanne Prokscha. Practical Guide to Clinical Data Management, Third Edition. CRC Press

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH007
Paper Title	Phyto Secondary Metabolite and Its
-	Bioactivity
Number of teaching hours per week	2
Total number of teaching hours per semester	40
Number of credits	2

Unit I : Strategies For Discovery Of Bioactive Phytochemicals	10 Hrs				
 A. Strategies For Discovery Of Bioactive Phytochemicals, B. Strategies For Choosing A Plant SpeciesOr Plant Tissue, C. Tools For Determination Of Active Components From Plants, D. Isolation And Characterization Of Plant Constituents, E. Phytochemical Analysis And Assay 					
Unit II : QSAR And Molecular Modelling of Bioactive Phytochemicals	10 Hrs				
 A. Lignans And Tannis, As Antiviral And Antitumour Agents B. Isoflavonoids As Phytoestrogens And Flavonoids As Antiestrogens C. Antioxidants Phenolics: Physiochemical Properties D. Curcumins And Related Compounds As Blockers Of Signal Transduction In InhibitionOf Tumour Promotion E. Bioactive Components For Treatment Of Diseases. 					
Unit III : Phyto-Antimicrobial (PAM)	10 Hrs				
 A. Phyto-Antimicrobial (PAM)- Agents As Multifunctional Food Additives B. PAM From Oils; PAMFrom Spices C. PAM From Herbs (Alove) PAM Thiosulphonates From Garlic D. PAM Polyphenolics From Green Tea 					
Unit IV : Phytobioactives From Plants					
 A. Phytobioactives From Plants, B. Their Compositions And Original Constituents, Natural Extracts C. Specific Process Development Require High Performing Technology Such As Extraction With Supercritic CO2 D. Enzymatic Biopurification Or Bioconversion E. Characterizing Fraction And Components By Analytical Methods Including HPLC, TLC, Flurometry And Spectrophotometry. 					

- 1. Anita Patil (2020). Phytosecondary metabolites: isolation, characterization and their biological properties. STUDERA PRESS ISBN 978-93-85883-19-4
- 2. Crozier Alan Et.Al (2013). Plant Secondary Metabolites Occurrence Structure and Role In The Human Diet by Crozier Alan Et.Al, Wiley India Pvt Ltd
- 3. Mohammed Wasim Siddiqui, Kamlesh Prasad (2016). Plant Secondary Metabolites, Biological and Therapeutic Significance. Volume 1. CRC Press
- 4. Mohammed Wasim Siddiqui, Vasudha Bansal, Kamlesh Prasad (2016). Plant Secondary Metabolites, Stimulation, Extraction, and Utilization. Volume 2. CRC Press

Semester	III
Paper Code	STPG03BTH008
Paper Title	Genomics and Protomics
Number of teaching hours per week	2
Total number of teaching hours per semester	40
Number of credits	2

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- Acquire knowledge and understanding of the fundamentals of genomics and proteomics, transcriptomics, and metabolomics.
- Apply the knowledge to various applied areas of biology.
- Develop recombinant proteins as well as primers as tools for developing diagnostics kits.
- Develop recombinant therapeutics, Biopharmaceuticals and Biosimilars
- Design and develop Genetically modified as well as genetically edited plants

Unit I : Basics of genomics and Genome mapping					
 A. A brief overview of prokaryotic and eukaryotic genome organization B. extra-chromosomal DNA: bacterialplasmids, mitochondria, and chloroplast. C. Genetic and physical maps; markers for genetic mapping; methods and techniques used for gene mapping, physical mapping, linkage analysis, cytogenetic techniques in situ hybridization, comparative gene mapping. 					
Unit II : Genome sequencing projects	10 Hrs				
A . Human Genome Project, B. genome sequencing projects for microbes, plants, and animals, C. metagenomes, accessing and retrieving genome project information from the web.					
Unit III : Comparative genomics	10Hrs				
 A. Identification and classification of organisms using molecular markers- 16S rRNA typing/sequencing, SNPs B. Use of genomes to understand evolution of eukaryotes, C. Track emerging diseases and design new drugs D. Determining gene location in genome sequence. 	10 Hrs				
Unit IV : Functional genomics and proteomics					
 A. Transcriptome analysis for identification and functional annotation of gene, B. Chromosome walking and characterization of chromosomes, C. Mining functional genes in genome, gene function- forward and reverse genetics, gene ethics; protein chips and functional proteomics; D. Clinical and biomedical applications of proteomics; E. Introduction to metabolomics, lipidomics, metagenomics and systems biology. Types 					

of assays used like 3C etc.

- 1. Primrose, S. B., Twyman, R. M., Primrose, S. B., & Primrose, S. B. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. Malden, MA: Blackwell Pub.
- 2. Liebler, D. C. (2002). Introduction to Proteomics: Tools for the New Biology. Totowa, NJ: Humana Press.
- 3. Campbell, A. M., & Heyer, L. J. (2003). Discovering Genomics, Proteomics, and Bioinformatics. San Francisco:Benjamin Cummings.

Practical Based on Major Paper 1,2 & 3 Course Code: STPG03BTH010 02credit

Practical- I (ANIMAL, PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING)

Compulsory Practical

- 1. Callus propagation, Organogenesis.
- 2. Development of primary cell lines/ maintenance of established cell lines.
- 3. Plant protoplast isolation, fusion and protoplast culture.
- 4. Recombinant DNA technology: in vitro DNA ligation and transformation of E. coli

Optional Practical

- 1. Preparation of animal cell culture media.
- 2. Initiation of primary culture from chick embryo
- 3. Preparation of single cell suspension from spleen /liver / thymus.
- 4. Cell counting and cell viability.
- 5. Trypsinization of monolayer and subculturing.
- 6. Preparation of plant tissue culture media.
- 7. Surface sterilization.
- 8. Organ culture.
- 9. Anther culture: production of haploids.
- 10. Micropropagation of banana/citrus/papaya/sugarcane.
- 11. Embryo culture of different plant species
- 12. Effect of various growth hormones on cell divisions and cell proliferation
- 13. Cytological examination of regenerated plants
- 14. Agrobacterium culture and selection of transformants.
- 15. Hardening of tissue culture raised plants
- 16. Recombinant DNA technology: characterization of transformants
- 17.Cell transformation by viruses.
- 18.Northern blotting
- 19. Preparation of probes
- 20. Isolation of lambda phage DNA.
- 21. Construction of restriction map of plasmid DNA.
- 22. Cloning in plasmid/phagemid vectors.
- 23. Replica plating technique.
- 24. Production of rDNA by ligation method.
- 25. Extraction of DNA from plant source
- **Note:** In addition to the 3 compulsory practicals, at least 6 optional practicals must be conducted within the semester.

Practical Based on Elective Paper Applied Biotechnology Course Code: STPG03BTH011 02credit

Practical-II (Applied Biotechnology)

Compulsory Practical

- 1.Demonstration of technique of PCR
- 2. Estimation of Plant secondary metabolites.

Optional Practical

- 1. Gene expression in *E. coli* and analysis of gene product.
- 2. Demonstration of technique of RT-PCR.
- 3. Induction of beta-galactosidase in strains of E. coli (I+ and I-).
- 4. Production of polyhydroxybutyrate (PHB) and its analysis.
- 5. Production of industrial enzyme and its biochemical assay.
- 6. Production of alcohol and it's analysis.
- 7.Production of ascorbic acid and it's analysis.
- 8.Gene expression in S. cerevisiae and analysis of gene product.
- 9. Demonstration of Digital PCR.

Note: In addition to the 2 compulsory practicals, at least 6 optional practicals must be conducted within the semester.

SEMESTER - IV



Gondwana University, Gadchiroli

NEP 2020 P.G. PROGRAMME SESSION 2024-25

Faculty of Science and Technology

Programme Name - M.Sc. Sem IV (Biotechnology)

	1	1	1													
a	Sta Comme			Teaching Scheme (Hrs)			Examination Scheme						-			
Sr.	Course	Subject Name	Total	l'otal			Theory				Practical				Total	
No.	Category	Subject Name	Credit	Theory	Practical	Total Hrs.	UA	CA	Total Mark	Min. Passing	Duration of Exam (Hrs.)	UA	CA	Total Mark	Min. Passing	Marks
1		Subject-1 Environmental Biotechnology	04	04		04	80	20	100	40	03				-	100
2	Major	Subject-2 Applied Environmental Biotechnology And Ecology	04	04		04	80	20	100	40	03					100
3		Pract-I	02	-	04	04	-	-	-	-	-	30	20	50	25	50
4		Prac-II	02	-	04	04	-	-	-	-	-	30	20	50	25	50
5	Major (Elective)	Any one from Elective Basket	04	04		04	80	20	100	40	03					100
		Research Project	06		12	12						90	60	150	75	150
	Tot	al	22	12	20	32	240	60	300	-	-	150	100	250	125	550

Gondwana University, Gadchiroli

NEP 2020 P.G. PROGRAMME SESSION 2024-25

Faculty of Science and Technology

Programme Name -M.Sc. Sem IV (Biotechnology)

SEM	Core Course	Elective	Research Project
	Major 1- STPG04BTH001 (4 Credits) (4Hours/Week)	STPG04BTH003 to STPG04BTH007 Elective Course - Student shall select any one course.	STPG04BTH008 Research Project (6 Credits) (4Hours/Week)
SEM IV	Major 2 – STPG04BTH002 (4 Credits) (4Hours/Week)	(4 Credits) (4Hours/Week)	
	Practical – I (50 Marks) STPG04BT Based on Major I Course only(4 Hour/Week) (2 Credit) Practical – II (50 Marks) STPG04B Based on Major II Course only(4 Hour/Week) (2 Credit)		
Total 22			

Teaching and Examination Scheme M.Sc. Semester IV Master of Science (Biotechnology)

		Gondwana University, Gad				
Faculty Name : Science	ce and T			ame P.G.: BI	OTECHN	NOLOGY
	Two Years Regular Post Graduate					
		Program SEM – IV				
Major (Mandatory)	Credit	Elective	Credit	Research Project	Credit	Total Credit
1 Environmental Biotechnology , Paper - I STPG04BTH001 Theory = 03 Credit Theory = 100 (80 + 20)		 Ethics, Patenting ,Bio entrepreneurship And Biostatistics Paper -III STPG04BTH002 04credit Theory = 100 (80 + 20) 2.Nanobiotechnology, Paper - III STPG04BTH005 	-	Research Project STPG04B TH009		
2. Applied Environmental Biotechnology And Ecology. Paper - II STPG04BTH002 3. Theory = 03credit Theory = 100 (80 + 20)	(4x2)08	04 credit $Theory = 100 (80 + 20)$ $3. Cancer Biology, Paper - III$ $STPG04BTH006$ $04 credit$ $Theory = 100 (80 + 20)$ $4DNA Fingerprinting, Paper$ $- III STPG04BTH007$ $04 credit$ $Theory = 100 (80 + 20)$			6	
Practical I Based on Paper 1- Environmental Biotechnology 02credit STPG04BTH010 Practical II Based on Paper II Applied Environmental Biotechnology And Ecology 02credit STPG04BTH011	(2x2)4	5. Molecular Basis Of Drug Discovery, Paper - IV STPG04BTH008 Theory = 03 credit Theory = 100 (80 + 20) Note:- Student shall select anyone from above group	4			22

Course Outcomes and Course Content

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH001
Paper Title	Environmental Biotechnology
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teachings hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OBJECTIVE

Environmental education, need for environmental education, Interaction of Environmental Components Bio-Energy: non-conventional or renewable sources of energy, Energy from biomass: petroleum plants, alcohol, biogas andhydrogen, Biogeochemical cycles

Unit 1 : Global Environmental Problems	15Hrs
A. Environmental education, need for environmental education.	
B. Environmental pollutants: classification of pollutants.	
C. Air pollution- air quality, sources, ecology and pollutants.	
D. Water pollutants- types of water pollution, water pollutants(organic,	
inorganic, microbial, radioactive), eutrophication.	
E. Ozone depletion, green-house effect and acid rain.	
Unit2 : Interaction of Environmental Components	15Hrs
F. Ecosystem structure and functions, abiotic and biotic component.	
G. Ecological pyramids-types.	
H. Biotechnological processes: bioconversion, bioaccumulation,	
bioconcentration, biomagnification, and biodegradation.	
I. Degradation of xenobiotics in environment: ecological considerations, decay	
behavior and degradative plasmids	
Unit 3 : Bioresources and Bioenergy	15Hrs
A. Biogeochemical cycles: - (nitrogen, carbon, phosphorous and sulphur)	
B. Need for Bioresources	
C. Bio-Energy: non conventional or renewable sources of energy	
D. Energy from biomass: petroleum plants, alcohol, biogas and hydrogen.	
E. Biochips, biofilters, biofuel cells and their uses.	
Unit 4 : Soil Fertility and Pest Management	15Hrs
A. Biological nitrogen fixation- symbiotic and non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation,	
mechanism, nif gene, Role of rDNA technologyin nitrogen fixation.	
B. Biofertilizers- bacterial biofertilizers, algal biofertilizers,	
C. Biopesticide and integrated pest management:	
D. Aquatic ferns as biofertilizers, fungi as biofertilizers, earthworm as	
biofertilizers.	

- 1. Mooray Moo-Young. (Eds). Comprehensive Biotechnology (Vol. I, II, III) Pergamon Press, England.
- 2. Metcalf and Eddy. Waste water engineering treatment and uses. McGraw Hill.
- 3. Jogdand, S.N. Environmental Biotechnology. Himalaya Publication House.
- 4. De, A.K. Environmental Chemistry. Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 5. Abbasi and Abbasi. Renewable Energy Sources and their environmental impact. PrenticeHall of India, Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Chatterji, A.K. Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. Prentice Hall of India.
- 7. Thakur, I. S. Text Book of Environmental Biotechnology. I. K. International Publisher, NewDelhi.
- 8. Mohapatra, P. K. Text Book of Environmental Biotechnology. I. K. International Publisher, New Delhi.

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH002
Paper Title	Applied Environmental Biotechnology and Ecology
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OBJECTIVE

Waste water: composition biological waste water treatment, Genetic aspects of heavy metal resistance in cyanobacteria and fungi, Brief idea of land use planning and management, Detection of pathogenic organism

Unit 1 : Measurement of Water Pollution	15Hrs	
Waste water: composition, types Measurement of water pollution-	BOD	
(biological oxygen demand), COD (chemical oxygen demand) Detection of		
pathogenic organism: laboratory methods (MTFT, MFT) Techniques to de	etect	
fecal from non-fecal bacteria: IMViC test		
Unit 2 : Waste Water Treatment	15Hrs	
A. Waste water treatment: classification, types		
B. Biological waste water treatment: aerobic, anaerobic, activated sludge,		
trickling filter, rotating biological contactor, anaerobic digester.		
C. Waste water treatment by biofilms.		
D. Treatment scheme of industries: dye, pulp and paper, petroleum, dairy,		
distillery, tannery, sugar industries		
Unit 3 : Biodegradation and Bioremediation	15Hrs	
A. Xenobiotics in environment: biodegradation of hydrocarbons, substitute	ed	
hydrocarbons, surfactant, pesticides, lignin, tannin, synthetic dyes,		
B. Bioabsorption and bioleaching of heavy metals: cadmium, lead, mercury	7,	
metal binding targets, advantages and disadvantages of bioleaching.		
C. Biomethylation of elements (methylation of mercury and arsenic)		
D. Genetic aspects of heavy metal resistance in cyanobacteria and fungi		
Unit 4 : Ecology	15Hrs	
A. Mineral resources and their conservation-terrestrial mineral resources.		
B. Ecological aspects of mining.		
C. Biodiversity- biotechnological methods of conservation,		
cryopreservation and micropropagation.		
D. Forest conservation-forest cover, deforestation, afforestation (protective	e	
and exploitative forestry)		
E. Wildlife management-tiger reserve in India.		
F. Brief idea of land use planning and management		

- 1. Mooray Moo Young. (Eds). Comprehensive Biotechnology (Vol.I,II,III) Pergamon Press, England.
- 2. Metcalf and Eddy. Waste water engineering treatment and uses. McGraw Hill.
- 3. Jogdand, S. N. Environmental Biotechnology. Himalaya Publication House.
- 4. De, A.K. Environmental Chemistry. Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 5. Abbasi and Abbasi. Renewable Energy Sources and their environmental impact. Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Chatterji , A. K. Introduction to Environmental Biotechnology. Prentice Hall of India.
- 7. Thakur, I. S. Text Book of Environmental Biotechnology. I. K. International Publisher, New Delhi.
- 8. Mohapatra, P. K. Text Book of Environmental Biotechnology .I.K. International Publisher, New Delhi. Biotechnology: B.D. Singh, Kalyani Publication.
- 9. Biotechnology: U. Satyanarayan, Books & Allied Pvt.Ltd.
- 10. Biotechnology: V. Kumarsen, Saras Publication.
- 11. Environmental Biotechnology: S.V.S. Rana, Second edition.
- 12. Biotechnology- Rehm and Reid.
- 13. Waste water microbiology by G. Bitton
- 14. Biodegradation and bioremediation by M. Alexander
- 15. Waste water treatment for pollution control, 2nd edition. Arceivala Environmental Biotechnology by H. Jordening

ELECTIVE PAPERS

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH003
Paper Title	Ethics, Patenting, Bio entrepreneurship and Biostatistics
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

Course Outcomes

1.Ethics: benefits of biotechnology, Recombinant therapeutic products for human health care, Patenting And Intellectual property rights.

2. Concept of Bio-entrepreneurship, Pillars of bio-entrepreneurship, promoting bio-entrepreneurship.

3. Bio-Entrepreneurship efforts in India, difficulties, organization supporting biotech growth in India, area of scope, funding agencies in India, biotech policy initiatives

Unit 1 : Ethics	15Hrs
A. Ethics: benefits of biotechnology	
B. Recombinant therapeutic products for human health care.	
C. Genetic modifications and food consumption,	
D. Release of genetically engineered organisms,	
E. Applications of human genetic rDNA research, human embryonic stem cell research.	
F. Environmental legislation, quality control in biotechnology	
Unit2: Patenting and Biosafety	15Hrs
G. Patenting: patent and trademark,	
H. Intellectual property rights, plant breeders rights,	
I. Biotechnology in developing countries.	
J. Biotechnology products and processes,	
K. Biosafety and its implementation,	
L. Quality control in biotechnology	
Unit 3 : Bio-Entrepreneurship-I	15Hrs
A.Concept of bio-Entrepreneurship: definition, factors necessaryfor	
entrepreneurship, desirable in a startup.	
A. Pillars of bio-entrepreneurship, promoting bio-entrepreneurship	
B. Biotech company roadmap- biofertilizer company.	
${f C}.$ Legal regulatory and other business factors forentrepreneurship	
Unit 4 : Biostatistics	15Hrs
ntroduction to Biostatistics	
 A. Methods of sampling, sampling error, non-sampling errors, standard error. 	
B. B. Measures of central tendency: mean, mode, and median.	
C. Measures of dispersion: range, mean deviation, standard deviation.	
D. D. Probability.	

- 1. Text Book of Biotechnology–By H.K. Das (Wiley Publications)
- 2. Biotechnology–By H.J. Rehm and G. Reed. VIH Publications, Germany
- **3.** Text Book of Biotechnology- By S.N. Jogdand
- 4. Bioethics– Readings and Cases- By B.A. Brody and H. T. Engelhardt. Jr. (Pearson Education

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH005
Paper Title	Nanobiotechnology
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

Course Outcomes:

- Concepts, historical perspective and overview of nanoscale materials.
 Effect of length scale on properties.
- 3. Different methods of nanomaterial synthesis.
- 4. Characterization and analysis of nanoparticles by different techniques.
- 5. Nanoparticles for diagnostics and imaging.

Jnit 1	l Introduction to Bio nanotechnology	15Hrs
	Concepts, historical perspective and overview of nanoscale materials Effect of length scale on properties; challenges and opportunities associated with biology on the Nanoscale,	
C.	Nanotechnology in Nature (Lotus effect, Gecko Effect and Iridescence Phenomena); Biomimetic etc	
Jnit 2	2 : Nanomaterial Synthesis	15Hrs
	Top-down and bottom-up approach of nanomaterial Synthesis, Different methods of nanomaterial synthesis (Physical, Chemical, Biological and Hybrid),	
	Synthesis of Nanoparticles by Biological system,	
	Extracellular biosynthesis with a case study of silver and gold nanoparticles,	
F	Intracellular biosynthesis case by Bacteria	
Ľ.		
		15Hrs
U nit :	3 : Characterization Techniques Characterization and analysis of nanoparticles by different techniques such as UV-Visible spectroscopy, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR),	15Hrs
U nit (A.	3 : Characterization Techniques Characterization and analysis of nanoparticles by different techniques such	15Hrs
U nit A. B.	3 : Characterization Techniques Characterization and analysis of nanoparticles by different techniques such as UV-Visible spectroscopy, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR),	15Hrs
U nit A. B. C.	3 : Characterization Techniques Characterization and analysis of nanoparticles by different techniques such as UV-Visible spectroscopy, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), Electron Microscopy (SEM, TEM, STEM),	15Hrs 15Hrs
Unit A. B. C. Unit A. B. C. D.	3 : Characterization Techniques Characterization and analysis of nanoparticles by different techniques such as UV-Visible spectroscopy, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), Electron Microscopy (SEM, TEM, STEM), Probe Microscopy (AFM), X-RD, FTIR, ICP-MS etc	

- 1. Gero Decher, Joseph B. Schlenoff, (2003); Multilayer Thin Films: Sequential Assembly of Nanocomposite Materials, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- 2. David S. Goodsell, (2004); Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature; Wiley-Liss
- 3. Neelina H. Malsch (2005), Biomedical Nanotechnology, CRC Press
- 4. Greg T. Hermanson, (2013); Bioconjugate Techniques, (3rd Edition); Elsevier

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH006
Paper Title	Cancer Biology
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

Course Outcomes:

- 1. analyses the changes in the cells leading to cancer
- 2. formulate new assay systems for detection of cancer.
- 3. Get motivated to design markers.
- 4. help develop new drugs

Unit 1	: Hallmarks of cancer	15Hrs
B. T C. H D. A E. D tu	Cancer: Introduction to cancer, The nature of cancer cancer types and their prevalence, Hall Marks of Cancer: Evasion of Apoptosis, Limitless replicative potential, Sustained Angiogenesis, Inflammation. Diseased and cancerous cell: morphological and microscopic features, important umor markers	
Unit 2 :	Molecular basis of Key Players	15Hrs
G. C	Carcinogens, tumor virology, oncogenes, tumor suppressor genes, Cell cycle regulation in cancer development, role of genomic instability in cancer pathogenesis,	
I. U	listone acetylases/deacetylases in cancer progression, Inderstanding of post transcriptional and post translational modifications in cancer rell,	
J. A	Angiogenesis and malignancy, stem cell biology & cancer stem cells.	
Unit 3	: Altered pathways	15Hrs
ir	Appoxia/ tumor cell microenvironment and important signaling pathways involved n cancer progression, Pathways involved in cell differentiation/ immortalization in cancer.	
B. S	systems Biology in cancer, epigenetics in cancer,	
C. M	AicroRNAs and cancer, cell death: necrosis and apoptosis.	
Unit 4	: Conventional and new treatments	15Hrs
ir a B. C	Discovery and clinical validation of a targets in cancer, tools, techniques & mportant parameters involved in screening new bioactive(s) as possible inticancer agent(s), Cell cycle regulators: Role as therapeutic targets in cancer, gene silencing and RNAi technology in cancer treatment.	

- 1. The Biology of Cancer. Weinberg R. A. (2013), 2nd Ed. Garland Publishing Inc, ISBN-10: 0815342209, 978-0815342205
- 2. Molecular Biology of Cancer: Mechanisms, Targets, and Therapeutics. Pecorino Lauren, (2021), 5th Ed. OUP Oxford, ISBN-10: 0198833024, 978-0198833024
- 3. The Cell: A Molecular Approach. Cooper G. M and Housman R. E, (2009), 5th Ed. Sinauer Associates Inc, ISBN-10 : 0878933972, 978-0878933976

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH007
Paper Title	DNA Fingerprinting
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **1.** History of DNA profiling.
- 2. Multilocus probes, locus specific probes, applications in Forensic science.
- **3.** Classification of STR, history of STR for DNA profiling, STR profiling used for sex determination, problems of Amelogenin markers, advantages and disadvantages of STR based DNA profiling, problems of DNA profiling

Unit 1 : RFLP base DNA Fingerprinting	15Hrs
 A. History of DNA profiling, B. RFLP based DNA profiling, C. Multilocus probes, locus specific probes, applications in Forensic science D. Advantages and disadvantages of RFLP based DNA profiling 	· ·
Unit 2 : PCR based DNA Fingerprinting	15Hrs
 A. PCR STR based DNA profiling, B. Automation in detection of PCR STR profile, C. Classification of STR, history of STR for DNA profiling, STR profiling use determination, problems of Amelogenin markers, advantages and disady of STR based DNA profiling, problems of DNA profiling 	
Unit 3 : Linage markers	15Hrs
 A. Lineage marker: mt DNA, method of mt DNA analysis, B. Y-STR profiling, methodology for Y STR analysis, Y STR database and its application, technique, Applications of lineage markers. C. Problems of Linage markers. 	
Unit 4: DNA analysis: Legal system, application of database, ethics and soc implication	zial 15Hrs
A. DNA and Legal system in India, Indian DNA bill,B. DNA fingerprinting database, Combined DNA Indexing System (CODIS).C. Forensic genetics and ethical, legal and social implications	

- 1. Gill et al (1985) Forensic application of DNA Fingerprints. Nature 318, 577.
- 2. Jefferys et al (1985) Individual specific DNA fingerprints of Human DNA. Nature 316, 76.
- 3. Jefferys et al (1985) Positive identification of an immigration test case using human DNA fingerprints. Nature 317,818.
- 4. Jefferys et al (1985) Hypervariable Minisatellite regions in human DNA Nature, 314, 67
- 5. Rogave et al (2008) Genomic identification in the historical case of the Nicholas II royal family, PNAS www.pnas.org/cgi/content/full/ 0811190106/DCSupplemental
- 6. Clobel et al (2009) The Identification of the Two Missin g Romanov Children Using DNA Analysis, Plos 4, e4838
- 7. Wayman and White (1980) A highly polymorphic locus in human DNA, Proc. Nati. Acad. Sci. USA Vol. 77, No. 11, pp. 6754-6758,
- An Introduction to Forensic Genetic (2007) William Goodwin ed John Wiley & Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex PO19 8SQ, England

Semester	IV
Paper Code	STPG04BTH008
Paper Title	Molecular Basis of Drug Discovery
Number of teaching hours per week	4
Total number of teaching hrs per semester	60
Number of credits	4

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Interpret relationships between molecule concentration and enzyme or receptor activity
- 2. Compute a molecule's pharmacokinetic parameters from *C*p-time data points
- 3. Correlate a molecule's structure to its metabolic behavior
- 4. Prioritize the viability of weakly active molecules for potential drug development
- 5. Propose molecules with improved properties based upon data from related structures

Unit	1 : Pre-Regulatory Medicine:	15Hrs
B. C. D.	Pre-Regulatory Medicine: Natural products, Early Synthetic drugs, Pharmacophores, Need forRegulations. Drug development outline, Target based drug discovery and Phenotype based discovery, Drugrepurposing. Concept to market	
Unit	2 : Proteins and their structures	15Hrs
В. С.	Proteins and their structures, Enzymes: Enzyme kinetics, Enzyme inhibition and itsmeasurements, IC50 and Ki, Receptors and Ligands, Occupancy theory: Emax and Kd, Binding and Response, Up regulation and down-regulation	
Unit	3 : Molecular Basis of Drug Discovery	15Hrs
В	Binding, Structure and Diversity: Intermolecular forces, Drug Target Complementarity, Molecular diversity, Molecular libraries, Building libraries.	
Unit 4	: Lead Discovery	15Hrs
А.	Lead Discovery: In vitro screening, fragment-based screening, Filtering hits,	
C.	Selectiveoptimization of side activities, Natural products Lead optimization: functional group replacements, Alkyl group replacements, Isosters, DirectedCombinatorial Libraries, Peptidomimetics	

- MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY: THE MOLECULAR BASIS OF DRUG DISCOVERY: Medicinal Chemistry Made easy. Barnabas Ifitumi Samuel .ISBN-13: 979-8458903875
- Basic Principles of Drug Discovery and Development. (11th Edition). Benjamin Blass. ISBN: 9780124115255
- 3. Drug Discovery and Evaluation Pharmacological Assays (2nd Edition).H. Gerhard Vogel (Ed.). ISBN 3- 540-42396-6 Springer-Verlag
- 4. Computer-Aided Drug Design Virtual Lab https://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=3&brch=277

Practical Based on Major Paper I-ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGYCourse Code: STPG04BTH010

02credit

Practical I (ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY) Compulsory Practical

1.Production of Microbial Biofertilizers. (Rhizobium/Azatobacter)

2. Determine the efficiency of removal of air pollutant using fibrous air filter.

Optional Practical

- 1. Determination of percentage of green house gases in environment.
- 2. Effect of Mycorrhizal fungi on growth promotion of plants
- 3. Preparation and formulation of microbial biopesticide (bacteria, fungi)
- 4. Isolation of xenobiotic degrading bacteria by selective enrichment technique.
- 5. Survey of degradative plasmids in microbes growing in polluted environment

NOTE: In addition to 2 compulsory practicals at least 4 optional practicals must be conducted within the semester.

Practical Based on Major Paper II- APPLIED ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY Course Code: STPG04BTH010 02credit

Practical II (APPLIED ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY)

Compulsory Practical

- 1. Detection of fecal and non-fecal bacteria by IMViC test.
- 2. Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD) of sewage sample.
- 3. Preparation of research proposal and presentation.

Optional Practical

- 1. Determination of total dissolved solids of water
- 2. Determination of hardness and alkalinity of water sample.
- 3. Determination of dissolved oxygen concentration of water sample
- 4. Determination of biological oxygen demand of sewage sample.
- 5 .Test for the degradation of a aromatic hydrocarbons by bacteria.
- 6.Estimation of heavy metals in water/soil by atomic absorption spectrophotometry,
- 7. Estimation of nitrate in drinking water.

NOTE: In addition to 3 compulsory practicals at least 4 optional practicals must be conducted within the semester.

PROJECT/DISSERTATION GUIDELINES

DISSERTATION/PROJECT WORK SCHEME/GUIDELINES FOR THE STUDENTS, SUPERVISORS AND EXAMINERS:

Every student is required to carry out Experimental Project Work on a related research topic of the subject/ course. It must be an original work and must indicate some degree of experimental work. On the basis of this work, student must submit the project Report typed and properly bound) in two copies at least one month prior to commencement of the final Practical/lab examination of Semester IV. The project report shall comprise of Introduction, Material and Methods, Result, Discussion, Summary, Conclusion and, References along with declaration by candidate that the work is original and not submitted to any other University or Organization for award of degree and certificate by the supervisor and forwarded through head/Coursecoordinator/Director of the Department/Centre or the Principle of the college. The topic for project work will be assigned to the student by supervisor at the beginning of third semester. The topic will be forwarded to the controller of examination by the head of the department. Student will present his/her details of Project/Dissertation in PPT form on the day of final exam of project. The project work will be evaluated by both external and internal examiner in the respective Department/Center/Affiliated College.

Project must contain following subsection: -

- 1. Introduction,
- 2. Aims and Objectives,
- 3. Review of Literature,
- 4. Materials and Methods,
- 5. Experiments and Results,
- 6. Discussion,
- 7. Conclusion and References.

50% marks each shall be evaluated by external and 50% marks each shall be evaluated by Internal Examiner