

B.E. / B.Tech. (Electronics & Communication / Telecommunication Engineering)  
Model Curriculum Semester-III  
**SE102 / 002 - Electronics Devices**

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



**GUG/W/24/13907**

Max. Marks : 80

- Notes :
1. All questions carry marks as indicated.
  2. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
  3. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.

1. a) Write a note on classification of materials using energy band diagrams. 8
- b) Explain the charge density in semiconductor material. 8

**OR**

2. a) What is Doping in semiconductors? With neat sketches and examples explain the Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors. 8
- b) What is Fermi Dirac Distribution function? Also explain effect of temperature on Fermi Dirac Distribution function. 8
3. a) Explain Zener Diode and its applications. 8
- b) Explain the construction of P-N junction diode. Also draw the symbol of P-N junction diode. 8

**OR**

4. a) Explain in relation with diodes the Avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown. 8
- b) Explain in detail about the two types of Capacitances that occur in P-N junction diode. 8
5. a) With neat waveforms and circuit diagram explain the operation of Half Wave Rectifier with shunt capacitor filter. 8
- b) A bridge rectifier is applied with input from a step down transformer having turns ratio 8:1 and input 230V, 50Hz. If  $R_F = 1\Omega$ ,  $R_S = 10\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 2k\Omega$ . Find- 8
- i) DC Power output
  - ii) PIV across each diode
  - iii) Percentage efficiency
  - iv) Percentage regulation at full load

**OR**

6. a) A full wave rectifier uses a center tap transformer whose turns ratio to half secondary is 10:1 and is supplied with 230V at 50Hz. The load resistance is  $50\Omega$ . Calculate the load voltage and ripple voltage. 8  
If now a capacitor of  $470\mu\text{F}$  is used as filter, recalculate the load voltage and the ripple voltage, assuming same load current.

b) For a bridge rectifier circuit derive the equations for- 8  
i) Average / DC load current ( $I_{\text{LDC}}$ )  
ii) Average / DC load voltage ( $V_{\text{LDC}}$ )  
iii) RMS load current ( $I_{\text{RMS}}$ )  
iv) DC Power output ( $P_{\text{DC}}$ )

7. a) Draw and explain input and output V-I characteristics of Common Base configuration of transistor. 8

b) Write a note on Ebers-Moll model of bipolar junction transistor. 8

**OR**

8. a) Explain the types of MOSFET with neat sketches showing their constructions. 8

b) Compare JFET with MOSFET. 8

9. a) Explain in detail the Voltage Divider Transistor Biasing. 8

b) What is DC load line? Derive its equation for CE Amplifier. Also explain Q point on DC load line. 8

**OR**

10. a) Write a note on the Collector to Base Biasing for Transistor. 8

b) Define  $\beta_{\text{dc}}$ . Also derive the relationship between  $\alpha_{\text{dc}}$  and  $\beta_{\text{ac}}$ . 8

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