

B.Sc. (CBCS Pattern) Semester-IV
USMT-08 - Mathematics Paper-II - Elementary Number Theory

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



GUG/W/24/12015(S)

Max. Marks : 60

- Notes : 1. Solve all **five** questions.
2. Each question carries equal marks.

UNIT – I

1. a) Find all positive integer n (<17) for which $n! + (n+1)! + (n+2)!$ is an integral multiple of 49. **6**
- b) If x and y are odd, prove that $x^2 + y^2$ is not a perfect square. **6**

OR

- c) Find the g.c.d. of 275 and 200 and express it in the form $275x + 200y$. **6**
- d) For positive integers a and b prove that $(a, b)[a, b] = ab$. **6**

UNIT – II

2. a) Prove that, there are an infinite number of primes. **6**
- b) Prove that, every positive integer greater than one has at least one prime divisor. **6**

OR

- c) Prove that $(a^2, b^2) = c^2$ if $(a, b) = c, c > 0$. **6**
- d) Prove that, for any positive integer n there are at least n consecutive composite integers. **6**

UNIT – III

3. a) Let a, b, c be integers such that $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$ then prove that **6**
- i) $(a + c) \equiv (b + c) \pmod{m}$
- ii) $ac \equiv bc \pmod{m}$
- b) If $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$ then prove that $a^n \equiv b^n \pmod{m}, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$. **6**

OR

- c) Let f denote a polynomial with integral coefficient if $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$ then prove that $f(a) \equiv f(b) \pmod{m}$. 6
- d) Solve the system of three congruence $x \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$, $x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$, $x \equiv 2 \pmod{7}$. 6

UNIT - IV

4. a) Let P be a prime and K is a positive integer Then prove that- 6
 $\phi(p^k) = p^k - p^{k-1}$.

- b) Find all the positive integers x and y such that $x^{\phi(y)} = y$. 6

OR

- c) Prove that the Mobius μ - function is multiplicative. 6
- d) If x, y, z is a primitive Pythagorean triple then prove that- 6
 $(x, y) = (y, z) = (z, x) = 1$.

5. Solve **any six**.

- a) Let a, b and c be integers such that a/b and b/c then prove that a/c . 2
- b) Let a and b be any two integers that are not both zero then prove that their g.c.d. is unique. 2
- c) Define prime integer and composite integer. 2
- d) If p is a prime and p/ab then prove that p/a or p/b . 2
- e) Show that if a, b, m and n are integers such that $m > 0, n > 0, m/n$ and $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$ then prove that $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$. 2
- f) Let $a_1, b_1 \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that $a_1 \equiv b_1 \pmod{m}$, then prove that $ca_1 \equiv cb_1 \pmod{m}, c \in \mathbb{Z}$. 2
- g) If P is prime then prove that $\phi(p) = p - 1$. 2
- h) If a, b, c is a primitive Pythagorean triple then prove that $ka, kb, kc, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ is a Pythagorean triple, $\forall k \in \mathbb{Z}$. 2
