

B.Sc. - III (CBCS Pattern) Semester-VI  
**021C - (DSE-V) Mathematics Paper-I : Numerical Methods**

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



**GUG/W/24/13363**

Max. Marks : 60

- Notes : 1. Solve all **five** questions.  
2. All questions carry equal marks.

**UNIT – I**

1. a) Find the positive root of the equation  $x^3 - x - 2 = 0$  by the regula falsi method in five iterations. **6**

- b) Show that the Newton-Raphson iteration for determining a square root of A has the form **6**  
$$x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2} \left( x_n + \frac{A}{x_n} \right).$$

Hence or otherwise find  $\sqrt{3}$  correct to 9 decimal places.

**OR**

- c) Use Gauss-Jordon method to solve the system **6**  
 $3x - y + 9z = 12, x + 2y + 3z = 4, 2x - 2y - z = 1.$

- d) Obtain the triangular factorization of the matrix **6**

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

**UNIT – II**

2. a) Construct the forward difference table for the following values of x and y: **6**  
$$\begin{array}{l} x: \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \\ y: \quad 2 \quad 9 \quad 26 \quad 58 \quad 110 \quad 187 \end{array}$$

- b) Express the polynomial  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 1$  into factorial polynomial and obtained their forward differences. **6**

**OR**

- c) The following data gives the velocity v of a particle at time t. **6**  
$$\begin{array}{l} t: \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 4 \\ v: \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 41 \end{array}$$

Use Lagrange interpolation formula to find its acceleration at the end of 4 second.

- d) Find the third divided difference with arguments 2, 4, 9, 10 of the function **6**  
 $y = f(x) = x^3 - 2x.$

**UNIT – III**

3. a) Find the values of the derivatives  $y'(x)$  at  $x = 1.2$  from the following data: **6**  
$$\begin{array}{l} x: \quad 1.0 \quad 1.2 \quad 1.4 \quad 1.6 \quad 1.8 \quad 2.0 \quad 2.2 \\ y: \quad 2.7 \quad 3.4 \quad 4.1 \quad 5.2 \quad 6.3 \quad 7.6 \quad 8.9 \end{array}$$

- b) The following data gives the velocity of a particle for 20 seconds at an interval of 5 seconds. 6
- |     |   |    |    |     |     |
|-----|---|----|----|-----|-----|
| t : | 0 | 5  | 10 | 15  | 20  |
| v : | 0 | 10 | 70 | 180 | 340 |
- Find the acceleration at  $t = 20$  seconds.

**OR**

- c) Find the maxima and minima of the function  $y = f(x)$  specified by the values: 6
- |            |    |   |    |    |     |
|------------|----|---|----|----|-----|
| x :        | -1 | 0 | 1  | 3  | 4   |
| y = f(x) : | -4 | 3 | -4 | 12 | 131 |
- d) The following data gives the relation between steam pressure  $y$  and temperature  $x$ : 6
- |                   |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| x (temperature) : | 140 | 150 | 160 | 170 | 185 |
| y (pressure) :    | 4   | 5   | 6   | 8   | 11  |
- Find the rate of change of pressure with respect to temperature when  $x = 180$ .

#### UNIT – IV

4. a) Derive the trapezoidal rule from Lagrange form of Newton-Cotes formula. 6

- b) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^2 e^{x^2} dx$  by Simpson's one-third rule. 6

**OR**

- c) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^4 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  by Boole's rule. 6

- d) Prove that the trapezoidal rule has degree of precision one. 6

**5. Solve any six.**

- a) Show that the Newton-Raphson iteration for determining a reciprocal root of  $A$  has the form  $x_{n+1} = (2 - Ax_n)$ . 2

- b) Define a triangular factorization. 2

- c) Prove that  $E = 1 + \Delta$  2

- d) Prove that  $\mu = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{E^2} + E - \frac{1}{2} \right)$  2

- e) Write the Newton general forward difference formula for first derivatives. 2

- f) Write the Newton divided difference formula for second derivatives. 2

- g) Define a degree of precision. 2

- h) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x}$  by the trapezoidal rule. 2

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