

B.Sc. - III (CBCS Pattern) Semester-VI
021C - (DSE-VIII) Mathematics Paper-IV : Special Relativity-II

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



GUG/W/24/13362

Max. Marks : 60

- Notes : 1. Solve all the questions.
2. Each questions carry equal marks.

UNIT – I

1. a) If $f = a_{rs}x^r x^s$ then show that $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^r} = (a_{rs} + a_{sr})x^s$ and $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^r \partial x^s} = a_{rs} + a_{sr}$. 6
- b) Show that if A^m , B_{nrs} are tensors then $A^m B_{mrs}$ is also tensor. 6

OR

- c) For a mixed tensor T^m_{nrs} of order 4 show that T^n_{nrs} is a tensor of order 2. 6
- d) Show that δ^r_s is a mixed tensor of order two let A^{pq}_{rst} be a tensor. Choosing $p = t$, $q = s$ show that A^{pq}_{rqp} is also a tensor. What is its rank? 6

UNIT – II

2. a) Show that $\Gamma^m_{mn} = (\log \sqrt{g})_n$ 6
- b) For a scalar A, then prove that $\frac{\delta A}{\delta u} = \frac{dA}{du}$. 6

OR

- c) Find nonvanishing components of Christoffel symbols of second kind for $ds^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2$. 6
- d) Show that $\frac{\delta T^r}{\delta u}$ is a contravariant vector. 6

UNIT – III

3. a) Derive the expression for force in the transverse and longitudinal mass. 6

- b) Show that $p^2 - E^2 / c^2$ is invariant whose numerical value is $-m_0^2 c^2$. 6

OR

- c) Obtain the equation of motion of a free particle. 6
- d) Find the expression for four velocity in component form. 6

UNIT – IV

4. a) Obtain the Maxwell's equations of electromagnetic theory in vacuum in the component form. 6
- b) Show that the Hamiltonian for a charged particle moving in an electromagnetic field is 6

$$H = \left[m_0^2 c^4 + c^2 \left(p - \frac{e}{c} A \right)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} + e \phi$$

OR

- c) An electromagnetic field is purely magnetic in an inertial frames then describe the field in inertial frames. 6
- d) Show that 6
- i) $Ey' = \alpha \left(Ey - \frac{v}{c} Hz \right)$ and ii) $Ez' = \alpha \left(Ez + \frac{v}{c} Hy \right)$

5. Solve **any six**.

- a) Show that $a_{mn} x^m x^n = 0$ for a skew symmetric tensor a_{mn} . 2
- b) Define the contraction of tensor. 2
- c) Show that $[mn, r] = [nm, r]$. 2
- d) Define Einstein tensor. 2
- e) Prove that $g_{ij} u^i u^j = 1$. 2
- f) Define the four force. 2
- g) Write the equation $E = -\text{grad } \phi - \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial A}{\partial t}$ in component form. 2
- h) Show that $E' = E$. 2
