

021C - Mathematics Paper-IV - DSE-VIII : Special Relativity-II

P. Pages : 2



GUG/S/23/13362

Time : Three Hours

Max. Marks : 60

- Notes : 1. Solve all the questions.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

UNIT – I

1. a) If $f = a_{rs} x^r x^s$ then show that: 6

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^r} = (a_{rs} + a_{sr}) x^s \text{ \& } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^r \partial x^s} = a_{rs} + a_{sr}$$
- b) A covariant vector has component $2x - z, x^2y, yz$ in rectangular coordinates. Find its covariant components in cylindrical coordinates. 6

OR

- c) Define the inner product. If A^m, B_{nrs} are tensor then show that $A^m B_{mrs}$ is also a tensor. 6
- d) Show that δ_s^r is a mixed tensor of order two. 6
 Let A_{rst}^{pq} be a tensor. Choosing $p = t, q = s$ show that A_{rst}^{pq} is also a tensor. What is its rank?

UNIT – II

2. a) Show that $\Gamma_{mn}^m = (\log \sqrt{g})_{,n}$ for $g < 0$. 6
- b) Find the nonvanishing components of Christoffel symbols of second kind for $ds^2 = dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2$ 6

OR

- c) Show that under a linear transformation of a coordinate system $x^m = a_n^m x'^n + b^m, a_n^m, b^m$ are constants, the Christoffel symbols are tensors. 6
- d) Show that the covariant derivative of a scalar is its partial derivative. 6

UNIT – III

3. a) Derive the expression for force in the transverse & longitudinal mass. 6
- b) Obtain the mass energy equivalence $E = mc^2$. 6

OR

- c) Prove that the four velocity, in component form can be expressed as 6
- $$u^i = \left(\frac{\bar{u}}{c\sqrt{1-u^2/c^2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2/c^2}} \right).$$
- Where $\bar{u} = (u_x, u_y, u_z)$ is ordinary 3 dimensional velocity of the particle.

- d) Show that $P^2 - E^2 / C^2$ is an invariant whose numerical value is $m_0^2 c^2$. 6

UNIT – IV

4. a) Write the expression for the scalar & vector potential, Express these equation in component form. 6
- b) Show that the Hamiltonian for a charged particle moving in an electromagnetic fields is 6

$$H = \left[m_0^2 C^4 + C^2 \left(P - \frac{e}{C} A \right)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} + e\phi.$$

OR

- c) Obtain the matrix f_{ij} in electromagnetic field tensor. 6
- d) Show that 6
- i) $Ey' = \alpha \left(Ey - \frac{v}{C} Hz \right)$ & ii) $Ez' = \alpha \left(Ez + \frac{v}{C} Hy \right)$

5. Solve any six.

- a) Define Kronecker delta. 2
- b) Define symmetric & Skew symmetric tensor. 2
- c) Show that $[mn, r] = [nm, r]$. 2
- d) Show that $g_{mn}, r = 0$. 2
- e) Prove that $g_{ij} u^i u^j = 1$. 2
- f) Show that $\frac{dE}{dp} = u$ 2
- g) Write the component form of $\text{curl} \bar{H} = \frac{1}{C} \frac{\partial \bar{E}}{\partial t}$. 2
- h) Show that $E^{-1} = \bar{E}$. 2
