

M.Tech. Mechanical Engineering Design (CBCS) Semester - II
MED22 - Finite Element Analysis

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours

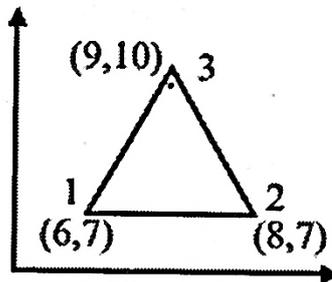


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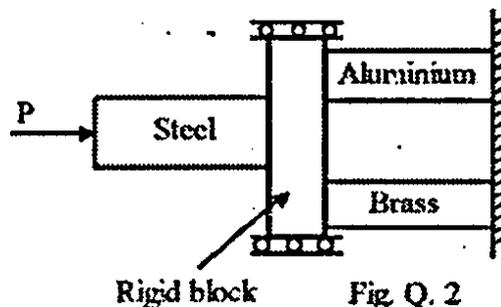
Max. Marks : 70

- Notes :
1. All questions carry equal marks.
 2. Solve **any five** questions.
 3. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.
 4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

1. Derive the shape function for 4 noded rectangular element by using natural co-ordinate system. 14
2. Calculate the element stiffness matrix for the axis symmetric triangular element shown in figure. Element experiences a 15°C increase in temperature. The co-ordinate are in mm. 14
 $\alpha = 10 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$ $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $1/m = 0.25$

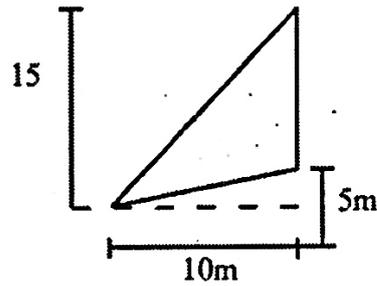


3. a) Explain in detail the isoparametric element & its uses. 5
 b) Derive an expression for strain displacement relation matrix B, for a linear bar element. 9
4. A axial force $P = 400\text{kN}$ is applied to a composite block shown in figure. Determine the stress in each material. 14

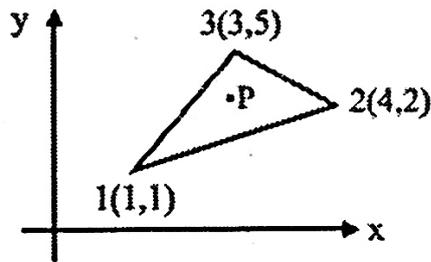


Steel	Alluminium	Brass
Area = 1000mm ²	Area = 600mm ²	Area = 600mm ²
E = 200 GPa	E = 70 GPa	E = 105 GPa
L = 400 mm	L = 400 mm	L = 400 mm

5. For the triangular element as shown in figure determine displacement matrix [B] and constitutive matrix [D], assume plane stress condition, Take $\mu = 0.3$, $E = 30 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$ and thickness $t = 0.1 \text{ m}$. Also calculate the element matrix for triangular element. 14



6. For the point 'P' located inside the triangle shown in figure, shape functions $N_1 = 0.15$ and $N_2 = 0.25$. Determine the x, y co-ordinates of point P. 14



7. Write a note on **any two**. 14

- 1) Steps involved in FEM.
- 2) Natural coordinates and Shape functions.
- 3) Raleigh Ritz Method
