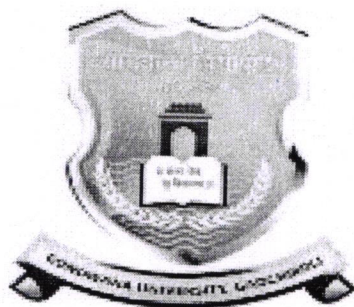


GONDWANA UNIVERSITY, GADCHIROLI



(According to NEP-2020)

SYLLABUS

For

B. A.

(SEMESTER III & IV)

SOCIOLOGY

Based on NEP-2020

Board of Studies in Sociology

From session - 2024-2025

## **SOCIOLOGY MAJOR COURSE SYLLABUS (NEP)**

### **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

#### **Major – Credit- 4**

#### **B.A. II (Sociology) NEP Syllabus**

#### **B.A. Sem. III: Social Problems in India**

- Objectives:** 1) Students should be made aware of the problems that are emerging in the society.  
2) Students should always be ready to solve the problems of the society.  
3) To create courage to fight against the losers who are injustice through social issues.

#### **UNIT – I - Nature of social problems**

- A) Meaning, and Definition of Social Problem
- B) Characteristics of Social Problem, causes of Social Problems
- C) Social Problems Approaches:
  - 1) Anomie Approach
  - 2) Value Conflict Approach
  - 3) Social Disorganization Approach

#### **UNIT – II – Contemporary Problems in Indian Society**

- A) Corruption:
  - 1) Meaning and Definition of Corruption
  - 2) Causes and Consequences of Corruption
- B) White Collar Crime:
  - 1) Meaning of White Collar Crime
  - 2) Characteristics and causes of White Collar Crime
- C) Juvenile Delinquency:
  - 1) Meaning of Juvenile Delinquency
  - 2) Characteristics and Preventive Measures of Juvenile Delinquency

#### **UNIT – III – Problems in Rural Community**

- A) Migration:
  - 1) Meaning and Definition
  - 2) Causes and Consequences of Migration
- B) Unemployment:
  - 1) Meaning and Definition
  - 2) Causes and Types of Unemployment

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D) Farmers Suicide:

- 1) Meaning and Definition of Suicide
- 2) Causes and Consequences of Farmers Suicide

**UNIT- IV – Cyber Crime**

- A) Meaning and Definition
- B) Origin of Cyber Crime
- C) Causes of Cyber Crime
- D) Types of Cyber Crime
- E) Remedial Measures for Cyber Crime

**संदर्भसूची:**

- १) भौमिक अभिजित २०१५. : भारतीय समाज समस्याएँ एवं समाधान, ओमेगा पब्लिकेशन्स, नई दिल्ली.
- २) लोटे रा. ज. २०११ : भारतीय समाज आव्हाने आणि समस्या, पिंपळापुरे अँड पब्लिशर्स, नागपूर.
- ३) पाटे सुमन २००० : भारतातील सामाजिक समस्या, विश्व पब्लिशर्स अँड डिस्ट्रीब्यूटर्स, नागपूर.

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## **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

**Major – Credit- 4**

### **B.A. Sem. III: Sociology of Religion**

#### **Objectives of the Paper:**

1. To familiarize the students with religious practices and beliefs in the various human cultures and analyze the various types of religious organizations in different societies.
2. To understand the nature and importance of religion in society.
3. To introduce the students to the basic concepts in Sociology of religion.
4. To explain the role of Religion to the development of the society.

#### **Unit I Introduction to Sociology of Religion**

- a) Meaning and definition of sociology of religion
- b) Subject matter of sociology of religion
- c) Nature of sociology of religion
- d) Origin and development of sociology of religion
- e) Importance of sociology of religion

#### **Unit II Major Concepts in Sociology of Religion**

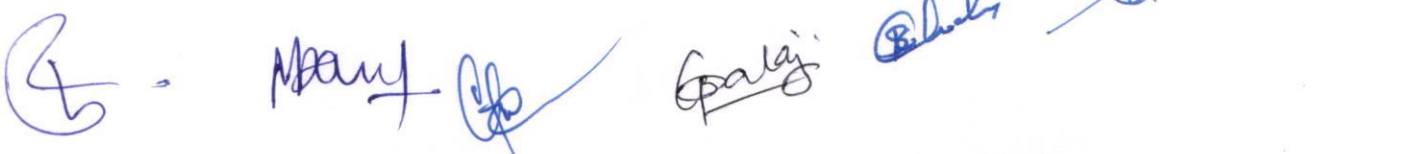
- a) Religion- Meaning and definition, Characteristics, functions of Religion
- b) Religious beliefs- Meaning and definition, Characteristics and types
- c) Religious practices- Meaning and definition, Characteristics and types

#### **Unit III Religion in India**

- a) Hinduism- Nature, Principles of Hinduism, Religious practices
- b) Jainism- Origin and expansion, Principles of Jainism
- c) Buddhism- Origin and expansion, Principles of Buddhism

#### **Unit IV Religion in India**

- a) Christianity- Origin and expansion, Principles of Christianity
- b) Islam- Origin and expansion, Principles of Islam
- c) Sikhism- Origin and expansion, Principles of Sikhism





### Reference Books

1. Baird, Robert D. "Religion in Modern India" Manohar, Delhi, 1995.
2. Madan, T.N.(Ed), Religion in India", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1992.
3. Muzumdar, H.T. "India's Religious Heritage", Allied New Delhi, 1996.
4. Roberts, Keith A. "Religion in Sociological Perspective", Donsey Press, New Delhi, 1984.
5. Prabhu, Pandharinath H. "Hindu Social organization: A Study in Socio-Psychological and ideological Foundations", Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1963.
6. Dsouza, Leela. "Sociology of Religion".
7. Pias, Richard. "Sociology of Religion".
8. प्रा. चंद्रकांत रघुनाथ खंडागळे, 'धर्माचे समाजशास्त्र' सौ. मायादेवी चंद्रकांत खंडागळे प्रकाशन २०२१
9. डॉ. विद्याधर पुंडलिक, 'धर्माचे समाजशास्त्र' कॉन्टिनेन्टल प्रकाशन २००३
10. डॉ. प्रदीप आगलावे, 'समाजशास्त्र संकल्पना आणि सिद्धांत' साईनाथ प्रकाशन नागपूर २००९
11. डॉ. दा. धो. काचोळे, 'भारतीय समाजरचना' कैलाश प्रकाशन औरंगाबाद, १९९८
12. डॉ. बी. एम. कऱ्हाडे, 'समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना', पिंपळापुरे प्रकाशन नागपूर २०११
13. मंगला आठलेकर 'धर्म आणि हिंसा' राजहंस प्रकाशन पुणे २०१७
14. डॉ. ज्योती डोईफोडे 'भारतीय समाज' विद्या प्रकाशन औरंगाबाद

6. Manj. Ch. Galaj. 2021

## **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

### **Open Elective - Credit- 2**

#### **B.A. Sem. III: Society and Culture**

##### **Objectives:**

The objective of studying society and culture is to gain a comprehensive understanding of how people within a group interact, share beliefs, values, practices, and norms, which collectively shape their way of life and social structure within a specific community or region; essentially, to analyze the interconnected patterns of behavior, customs, and institutions that define a society and its cultural expressions.

##### **Unit-I: Introduction to Society**

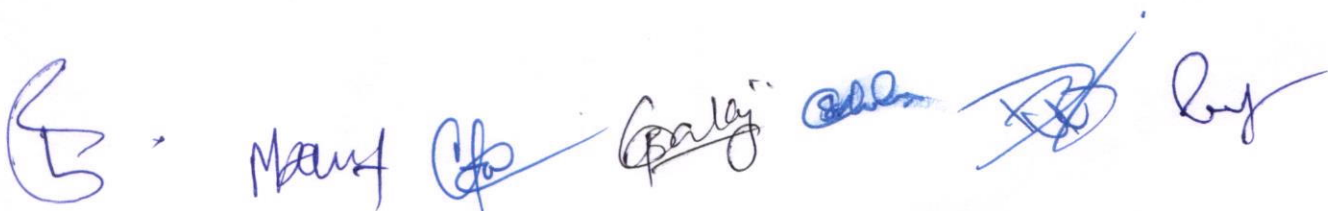
- Meaning and Definition of Society
- Characteristics of Society
- Basic Needs of Society
- Theory of Origin of Society (Social Contract Theory & The Organic Theory)
- Individual and Society

##### **Unit-II:-Introduction to Culture**




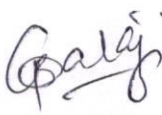
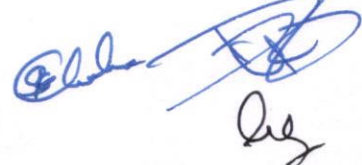
- Meaning and Definition of Culture
- Characteristics of Culture
- Types of Culture
- Elements of Culture
- Importance of Culture

##### **References:-**

- CBC. 2010. "Part 3: Former Gang Members," *The Current*, CBC Radio. September 14. Retrieved February 24, 2014, from <http://www.cbc.ca/thecurrent/2010/09/september-14-2010.html>
- Durkheim, Émile. 1951 [1897]. *Suicide: A Study in Sociology*. New York: Free Press.



- Elias, Norbert. 1978. *What Is Sociology?* New York: Columbia University Press.
- Mills, C. Wright. 2000 [1959]. *The Sociological Imagination*. 40th ed. New York: Oxford University Press.
- आगलावे प्रदीप २०११. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना आणि सिध्दांत. नागपूर: साईनाथ प्रकाशन
- क-हाडे बी. एम. २००८. समाजशास्त्र मूलभूत संकल्पना: नागपूर: पिंपळापूरे अँड पब्लिशर्स
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- खैरनार दिलीप २००८. समाजशास्त्र परिचय: पुणे: डायमंड पब्लिकेशन
- नाडगोंडे गुरूनाथ २००१. समाजशास्त्राची मुलतत्वे. पुणे: कॉन्टीनेंटल प्रकाशन
- माने माणिक २००८. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना. नागपूर: विद्या प्रकाशन
- मायी सुनिल २००८. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख. पुणे: डायमंड पब्लिकेशन
- साळुंखे सर्जेराव १९९६. समाजशास्त्री मूलभूत संकल्पना. पुणे: नरेंद्र प्रकाशन
- गायकवाड एस.पी. (संपा) २०१४. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख व मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर: अरूणा प्रकाशन
- वाघराम, मलवाडे वेदप्रकाश १९९७. समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर: न्यू रचना प्रकाशन
- संदीप गोरे २०१९. समाजशास्त्रीय परिचय. औरंगाबाद: चिन्मय प्रकाशन



## **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

**Minor – Credit- 4**

### **B.A. Sem. III: Basic Concepts of Sociology**

#### **Objectives -**

1. To teach students the concepts, theories, and methods of the Behavioral and social services.
2. To introduce students to the basic social processes of society, Social institutions and patterns of social behavior.

#### **Unit 1: Nature of Sociology**

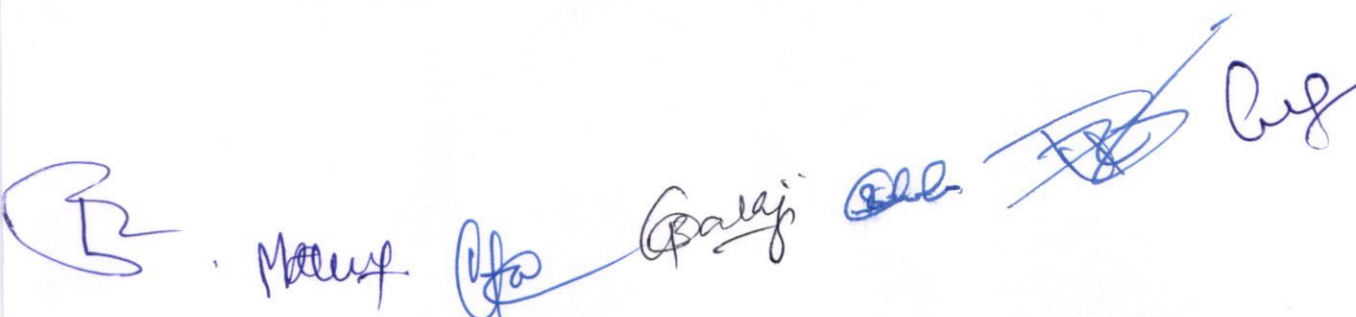
- Meaning, definitions, Nature and scope of sociology.
- Subject Matter of Sociology.
- Importance of Sociology
- Development of Sociology and Approaches: August Comte and Emile Durkheim
- Sociology and its relationship with Economics and psychology

#### **Unit II: Primary concepts:**

- Society: Meaning and characteristics, types of society: traditional and Modern Society
- Social Group: Meaning and characteristics, Types of social group: Primary & Secondary
- Social System: Meaning and Characteristics, Elements of social system
- Social Interaction: Meaning and definition, Types of social interaction

#### **Unit III: Social Control, Conformity and Social Deviation.**


- Social Control – Meaning and necessity, types of Social control, agencies of social control
- Social Conformity- Meaning and Definition, Causes of Social Conformity
- Social Deviation - Meaning and Definition, Causes of Social Deviation

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#### Unit – IV: Social Change

- Meaning of Social Change
- Characteristics of Social Change
- Factors of Social Change- Geographical, Demographic, Technological, Socio-Cultural.
- Kinds of Social Change
- **References:-**
- CBC. 2010. "Part 3: Former Gang Members," The Current, CBC Radio. September 14. Retrieved February 24, 2014, from <http://www.cbc.ca/thecurrent/2010/09/september-14-2010.html>
- Durkheim, Émile. 1951 [1897]. Suicide: A Study in Sociology. New York: Free Press.
- Elias, Norbert. 1978. What Is Sociology? New York: Columbia University Press.
- Mills, C. Wright. 2000 [1959]. The Sociological Imagination. 40th ed. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Simmel, Georg. 1971 [1908]. "The problem of sociology." Pp. 23–27 in Georg Simmel: On individuality and social forms, edited by D. Levine. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
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- क-हाडेबी.एम. २००८. समाजशास्त्र मुलभूत संकल्पना: नागपूर: पिंपळापूरे अँड पब्लिशर्स
- खडसे भा.की. २००९. समाजशास्त्र मुलभूत संकल्पना. नागपूर: श्रीमंगेश प्रकाशन
- खैरनार दिलीप २००८. समाजशास्त्र परिचय: पुणे: डायमंड पब्लिकेशन
- नाडगोंडे गुरूनाथ २००१. समाजशास्त्राची मुलतत्वे. पुणे: कॉन्टीनेंटल प्रकाशन
- माने माणिक २००८. समाजशास्त्रीय संकल्पना. नागपूर: विद्या प्रकाशन
- मायी सुनिल २००८. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख. पुणे: डायमंड पब्लिकेशन
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- गायकवाड एस.पी. (संपा) २०१४. समाजशास्त्राची ओळख व मुलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर: अरूणा प्रकाशन



- वाघराम, मलवाडे वेदप्रकाश १९९७. समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना. लातूर: न्यूरचना प्रकाशन
- संदीप गोरे २०१९. समाजशास्त्रीय परिचय. औरंगाबाद: चिन्मय प्रकाशन
- रावत हरीकृष्ण २००३. समाजशास्त्रीय चिंतक एवं सिध्दांतकार. जयपूर: रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
- रावत हरिकृष्ण २००५. समाजशास्त्र विश्वकोष. जयपूर: रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
- लवानिया एम.एम.एवं शशी जैन २००८. समाजशास्त्र के सिध्दांत. जयपूर: रिसर्च पब्लिकेशन्स
- शर्माआर. डी. २०१०. समाजशास्त्र के सिध्दांत. नईदिल्ली: मोहीत बुक्स इंटरनॅशनल


 Dr. S. D. Joshi

**B A SEM III ( Sociology)**

**VSC – Study Tour**

Marks: College Assessment 50 Marks

(Project Report – 40 Marks, Viva-vice – 10 Marks)

**Study Tour based on Major Subject**

'Social Problems in India' is one of the major subject for sociology. While studying this paper Students understand social problems theoretically. Many NGO's and other institutions are practically engaged in precautionary and remedial measures on various social problems. Visit to such type of NGO or institution to get insight about the local social problems, and understand their contribution through various activities and programmes run by them on specific social problems. After Study Tour students have to submit the report in the department.

## **SOCIOLOGY MAJOR COURSE SYLLABUS (NEP)**

### **B.A. SOCIOLOGY Major – Credit- 4**

#### **B.A. Sem. IV: Contemporary Social Problems in India**

##### **Objectives:**

- 1) We become aware of social conditions through our own life experience, media, and education.
- 2) It provides empirical evidence of the negative consequences of a social condition or behavior
- 3) To raise awareness, advocate for change, and address critical issues impacting society. It involves research, thoughtful planning, and proactive engagement with the community.

##### **Unit -I Population problem**

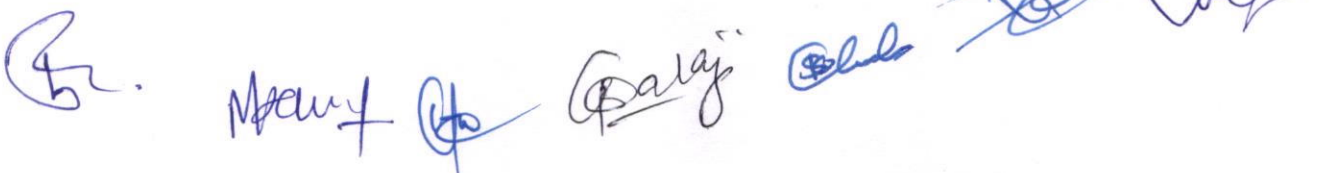
1. Population of India: Concept of Population, Characteristics of Indian Population
- 2 Causes and consequences of population growth in India
3. Remedial measures on population growth
4. Malthus theory of Population

##### **Unit-II Women's problems**

1. Dowry: Meaning, Definition, Causes and Consequences
2. Divorce: Meaning, Causes and Consequences
3. Feticide: Meaning, Causes and Remedial Measures

##### **Unit- III Social Justice and Security**

1. Meaning and objectives of social justice
2. Indian Society and Social Reconstruction
3. Meaning and Objectives of social security
4. Importance and Means of Social Security





## Unit -IV Developmental problems

- ### संदर्भसूची:

- ४) भौमिक अभिजित २०१५. : भारतीय समाज समस्याएँ एवं समाधान, ओमेगा पब्लिकेशन्स, नई दिल्ली.
- ५) लोटे रा. ज. २०११ : भारतीय समाज आन्धाने आणि समस्या, पिंपळापुरे अँड पब्लिशर्स, नागपूर.
- ६) पाटे सुमन २००० : भारतातील सामाजिक समस्या, विश्व पब्लिशर्स अँड डिस्ट्रीब्यूटर्स, नागपूर.

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## **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

### **Major – Credit- 4**

#### **B.A. Sem. IV: Social Psychology**

##### **Objectives :**

1. To understand the concepts in the discipline of Social Psychology.
2. To make students understand the individual and group in respect to patterns of social behavior and attitudes.

##### **Unit I – Introduction to Social Psychology**

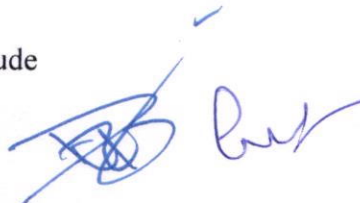
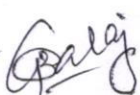
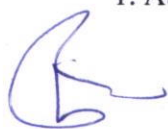
1. Definition and Nature of Social Psychology
2. Brief history of Social Psychology
3. Relationship with other Social Sciences – General Psychology and Social Psychology, Sociology and Social Psychology, Cultural Anthropology and Social Psychology
4. Methods and tools of data collection - Field Experiment, Field Studies and Survey Method, Tools of Data Collection- Observation, Self Report, Archival

##### **Unit II – The Self in the social world**

1. Self – Concept and Nature of Self, Our sense of self, Development of Social self
2. Additional aspect of self functioning – Self focusing, Self monitoring, Self Efficacy, Locus of Control, Learn Helplessness.
3. Self Esteem – The importance of self Esteem, Esteem motivation, Sex difference in Self esteem.
4. Self Presentation – False Modesty, Self Handicapping, Impression Management

##### **Unit III – Attitude, Prejudice and Stereotyping**

1. Attitude – Definition, Components, Dimensions and formation of Attitude



2. Prejudice – Definition, source of Prejudice, Remedial measures for reducing prejudice

3. Stereotype – Definition and Nature of Stereotype

#### Unit IV – Persuasion

1. Paths lead to Persuasion

2. The elements of Persuasion

3. Real life Persuasion – How do Cult Indoctrinate?

4. Resistance of Persuasion

#### References :

1. Baron R, Byrne D, Branscombe N., Social Psychology, 13<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Publication, New Delhi, 2014 .

2. Baron R, Byrne D, Branscombe N, Bhardwaj G., Social Psychology, Indian adaptation, Pearson Publication, New Delhi, 2009.

3. Taylor, Pepleau and Sears, Social Psychology, 12<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson, New Delhi 2005.

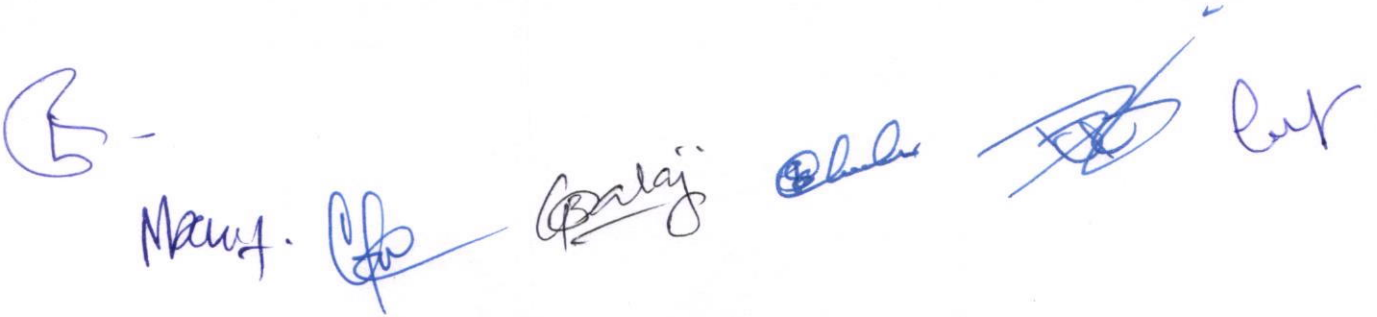
4. डॉ. निशा दिलीप मुंदडा, 'प्रगत सामाजिक मानसशास्त्र' अथर्व पब्लिकेशन्स धुळे , २०१४

5. प्रा. मुकुंद इनामदार, प्रा. केशव गाडेकर, डॉ अनिता पाटील, 'सामाजिक मानसशास्त्र', डायमंड पब्लिकेशन्स पुणे, २०१४

6. प्रा. अभिमन्यू रा. ढोरमारे, डॉ पुंडलिक वि. रसाळ, 'सामाजिक मानसशास्त्र', उन्मेष प्रकाशन पुणे , २०१५

7. डॉ. एम. जी. शिंदे , 'सामाजिक मानसशास्त्र', विद्या बुक्स पब्लिशर्स औरंगाबाद, २०२२

8. डॉ अनुराधा प्रशांत हरकरे, 'सामाजिक मानसशास्त्राची ओळख', निराली प्रकाशन पुणे, २०१९



**B.A. SOCIOLOGY**  
**Open Elective – Credit- 2**

**B.A. Sem. IV: Sociology of Happiness**

**Course Objectives:**

- To understand the multifaceted nature of happiness from sociological, philosophical, and psychological perspectives.
- To explore the historical and cultural variations in the understanding and pursuit of happiness.
- To critically analyze the role of social factors in shaping individual well-being.
- To examine the impact of social structures, institutions, and inequalities on happiness levels.

**Unit 1: Introduction to Happiness**

- Defining Happiness: Philosophical, Psychological, and Sociological perspectives, Concept of Happiness Index
  - Exploring the historical evolution of happiness concepts across different civilizations (Ancient Greece, Roman Empire, etc.).
  - Examining the contributions of key thinkers (Aristotle, Epicurus, Bentham, Mill).
- Indian Traditions and Happiness:
  - Vedic theories (Dharma, Artha, Kama, Moksha) and their connection to happiness.
  - Non-Vedic perspectives: Buddhism (Four Noble Truths, Eightfold Path), Jainism (Ahimsa, Aparigraha), Charvaka (Hedonism), Ajivika (Determinism).

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## Unit II - Sociological Approaches to Happiness:

### ○ Social Comparison Theory:

- Relative Deprivation: The impact of social comparisons on individual well-being.
- Upward and Downward Comparisons: Their psychological and social consequences.

### ○ Social Exchange Theory:

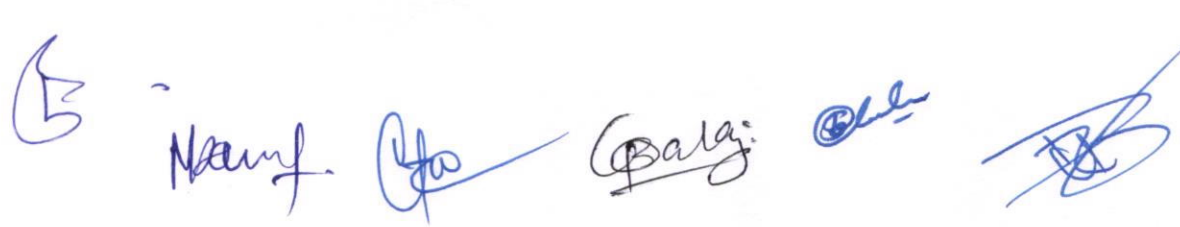
- Concept of Social Exchange, its Relevance with Happiness
- Costs and Benefits of Social Interactions

## Cultural Perspectives on Happiness:

- Cultural Values: Individualism vs. Collectivism, Materialism vs. Post-materialism.
- Cultural Norms and Beliefs: Their influence on happiness aspirations and behaviors.

## Reference Books:

- **Wilkinson, Richard, and Kate Pickett.** The Spirit Level: Why Equality Is Better for Everyone. Bloomsbury.
- **Kasser, Tim.** The High Price of Materialism. MIT Press.
- **Myers, David G.** Happy: The Science of Happiness. Broadway Books.
- **Gellatly, Ian R.** The Happiness Hypothesis: Finding Modern-Day Happiness in Ancient Wisdom. Basic Books.
- **Layard, Richard.** Happiness: Level of Happiness: Lessons from a New Science. Penguin Books.
- **Diener, Ed.** Subjective Well-Being. Oxford University Press.
- **Seligman, Martin E. P.** Flourish: A Visionary New Understanding of Happiness and Well-being. Penguin Press.
- **Graham, Carol T.** Happiness: The Science of Well-Being. W. W. Norton & Company.



## **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

**Minor – Credit- 4**

### **B.A. Sem. IV: Tribal Culture**

#### **Objectives**

- 1) To gain a complete understanding of tribal society and culture.
- 2) To understand the impact of Hinduization and Sanskritization on Tribal Society.
- 3) To know what changes have taken place in tribal society and culture

#### **Unit - 1 Tribal Society and Culture**

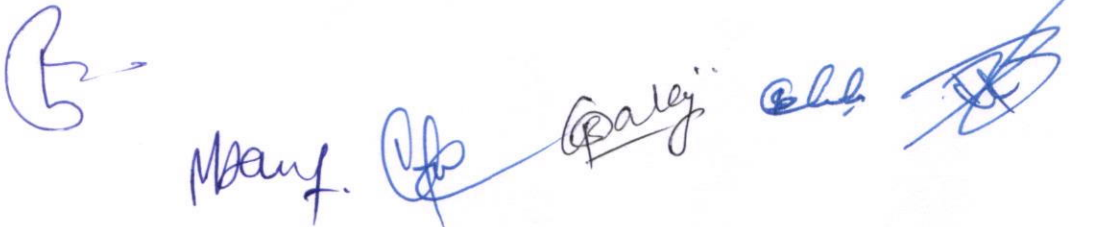
- 1) Meaning and definition of tribal society
- 2) Characteristics of tribal society
- 3) Cultural changes in tribal society
- 4) Importance of tribal studies
- 5) Tribal Art

#### **Unit - 2 Hinduization and Sanskritization**

- 1) Meaning and definition of Hinduization,
- 2) Causes of Hinduization
- 3) Meaning of Sanskritization
- 4) Characteristics of Sanskritization
- 5) Impact of Hinduization and Sanskritization

#### **Unit -3-Tribal Religion and Magic**

- 1) Meaning and definition of Religion
- 2) Characteristics of Religion
- 3) Types of worship rituals
- 4) Functions of religion
- 5) Meaning and definition of magic
- 6) Types of magic
- 7) Role of Shaman and priests



#### Unit -4- Tribal Clan

- 1) Meaning and Definition of Clan
- 2) Characteristics of Clan
- 3) Types of Clan
- 4) Functions of Clan

#### संदर्भ

- १) सामाजिक मानवशास्त्र- डॉ. भा.की.खडसे -मंगेश प्रकाशन 23नवी रामदासपेठ नागपूर
- २) आदिवासी जमातीचे समाजशास्त्र- डॉ. बी. एम. क-हाडे- पिंपळापुरे अँड कंपनी पब्लिशर्स नागपूर
- ३) आदिवासी साहित्य आणि कला संस्कृती (2022) डॉ. संजय लोहकरे अथर्व पब्लिकेशन जळगाव 424001

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## **B.A. SOCIOLOGY**

**SEC – Credit- 2**

### **B.A. Sem. IV: Introduction to Social Audit**

#### **Objective of the Course:-**

- 1-To quantify the positive and negative impacts of an organization's activities on Society.
- 2- To improve the organization's reputation by demonstrating social Responsibility.
- 3- To increase transparency and accountability by disclosing social performance.

#### **Unit No I -Introduction to Social Audit**

- A- Definition, Scope and importance of Social Audit.
- B- Principles of social audit: - Ethical Considerations, Transparency, Accountability, Participation and Independence.
- C- Emerging trends in social audit: - Social Media and digital tools in social auditing, Impact investing and social finance.

#### **Unit No. II - Types of Social Audit**

- A- Social Audit in difference sectors: - Agriculture, Healthcare, Education, Environment and other sectors.
- B- Community Based Social audit: - Role of communities in monitoring and evaluating social programs.
- C- Gender and social audit: - Gender responsive social auditing and addressing gender disparities.

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### Recommended Books:-

Chaturvedi, T. (1989). Social audit and audit of public utilities, New Delhi. Ashish Publishing house.

Geddes, Mike. (1987) Social audits and social accounting: An annotated bibliography and commentary. London: School of Applied Economics and Social Studies, South Bank Polytechnic.

Gattiker, Urs E. (2013). Social Media Audit. New York, NY: Springer New York.

Mahmoud Rahim, Samuel O. Idowu (Editor) (2016). Social Audit Regulation: Development, Challenges

And Opportunities (CSR, Sustainability, Ethics & Governance), New Delhi. Springer International Publishing.

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GONDWANAUNIVERSITY, GADCHIROLI

NATURE OF QUESTION PAPER FOR SEMESTER PATTERN

UG & PG Pattern

(4 Credit Papers 80 Marks)

Time : 3 Hours

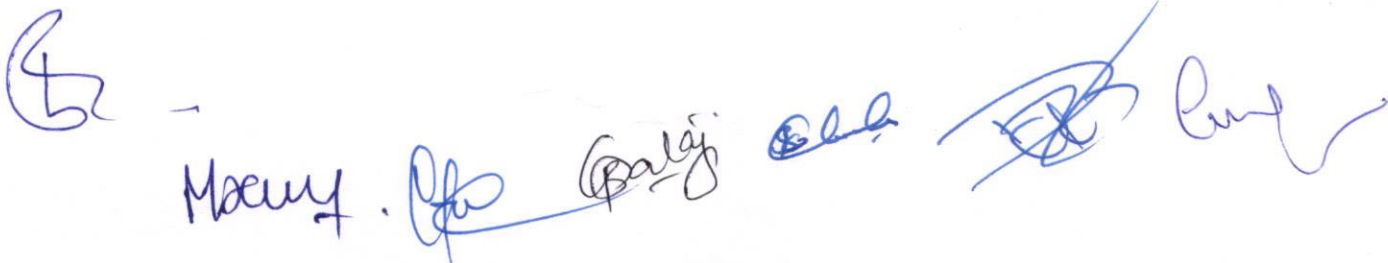
Total Marks: 80 Marks

Instruction:-1. All questions are compulsory

2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 : Answer any one long type question of the following  
(Any one out of two) 16 Marks
- Q.2 : Answer any one long type question of the following  
(Any one out of two) 16 Marks
- Q.3 : Answer any two semi long type questions of the following.  
(Any two out of four) 08 Marks  
08 Marks
- Q.4 : Answer any two semi long type questions of the following.  
(Any two out of four) 08 Marks  
08 Marks
- Q.5 : Write short answer of the following.  
(Four questions are compulsory) 04 Marks  
04 Marks  
04 Marks  
04 Marks

Total: 80 Marks



GONDWANA UNIVERSITY, GADCHIROLI

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

UG & PG

SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY

1 Paper (3<sup>rd</sup> Semester)

1 Paper (4<sup>th</sup> Semester)

Internal Assessment System: 20 Marks (Each Semester)

(As per Syllabus)

(1) Class Seminar: 10 Marks

Two class Seminar in Academic Session:

- i) First Semesters up to Diwali Vacation 10 Marks
- ii) Second Semesters After Diwali Vacation 10 Marks

2) Home Assignment & Oral Test :-

(2) Home Assignment

- i) Semester-I 05 Marks
- ii) Semester-II 05 Marks

(3) Oral Test & Personality Test:

(Co-operation, Leadership, Presentation, Confidence)

- i) Semester-I 05 Marks
- ii) Semester-II 05 Marks

Total 40 Marks (20 Marks each Semester)

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Manoj [Signature] Balaji

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Gondwana University, Gadchiroli.

Nature of Question Paper for Semester Pattern UG & PG

(2 Credit Papers 50 Marks)

Time : 2 hours

Total Marks : 50 Marks

Instruction: - 1. All questions are compulsory

2. Figures to the rights indicate full marks.

Q. 1 : Answer any Two Short type question of the following

(Any Two out of Four) 08 Marks

08 Marks

Q. 2 : Answer any two short type question of the following

(Any Two out of Four) 08 Marks

08 Marks

Q. 3 : Write short answer of the following. (Any two out of four)

04 Marks

04 Marks

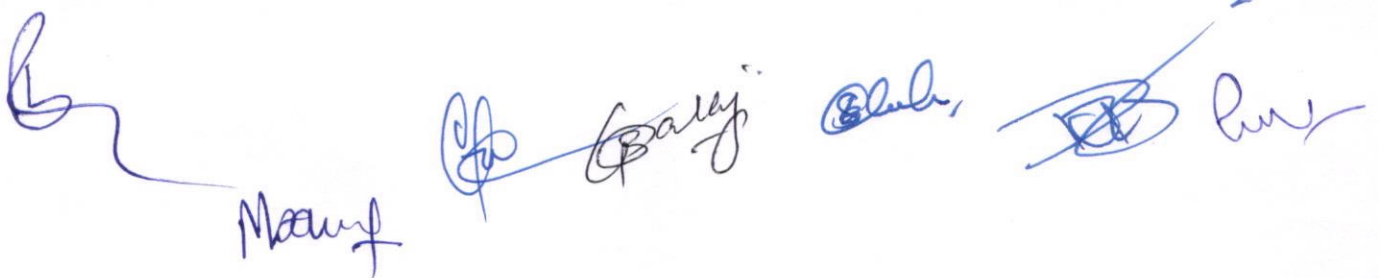
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Internal Marks 10

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Total = 50

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