

B.Sc. / B.Sc. (I.T.) / B.C.A. CBCS Pattern Semester-I
UCA1F01S / UBITT102.1 / UBCAT102.1 - Supplementary English-I

P. Pages : 3

Time : Three Hours



GUG/W/23/10636S

Max. Marks : 80

1. a) Answer the following question in about 150 words. 10

What were the attempts Gandhi made in order to turn into a proper English gentleman?

OR

Compare Phatik's life in the village with his life in the city.

- b) Answer the following question in about 150 words. 10

Examine the idea of reconciliation that Hazlitt pushes forward in the letter. How will it help his son?

OR

How, in the opinion of Shashi Tharoor, freedom of the press and democracy is essential for progress?

2. Answer **any three** of the following questions in about 75 words each. 15

- i) What is meant by the line, 'It is an attribute to God himself'?
- ii) Describe the school master as he appeared to his students.
- iii) The poem, 'Laugh and Be Merry', points to the brevity of life and the need to rejoice. Explain.
- iv) Summarize the poem, 'The Quality of Mercy'.
- v) Do you get the impression that the poet is ridiculing the school master? Defend your answer, whatever it is.

3. Answer the following **any two** questions in about 75 words. 10

- i) How did Gandhi change his style of dressing, and why?
- ii) Write a note on Phatik's experiences at school.
- iii) What were some of the complaints Hazlitt's son had after attending a new school?
- iv) Why does Tharoor emphasis the importance of information transfer for any developing country?

- 4.** a) Rewrite the sentences using correct tense form of the verb given in the bracket. **5**
- i) Water ----- at 100°C. (boil)
 - ii) Manoj ----- for Chennai yesterday. (leave)
 - iii) He ----- continuously for an hour. (speak)
 - iv) I fell down while I ----- the mountain. (climb)
 - v) I always ----- my coffee without sugar. (take)
- b) Write the synonyms of following words: **5**
- i) Muddle
 - ii) Peril
 - iii) Fundamental
 - iv) Tussle
 - v) Enough
- c) Write the antonyms of following words: **5**
- i) Poor
 - ii) Friend
 - iii) Wrong
 - iv) Big
 - v) Newest
- 5.** a) Do as directed. **10**
- i) He tells very funny stories.
(Change into Exclamatory Sentence)
 - ii) He is sometimes foolish.
(Change into Negative without changing meaning of the sentence)
 - iii) Do we live to eat?
(Change into Assertive sentence)
 - iv) I am too weak to walk.
(Remove 'too')
 - v) As soon as I reached the platform, the train arrived.
(Rewrite the sentence using No sooner ----- than)

The moon produces no light by itself. The moon shines because it reflects the light from the sun. As the moon revolves around the earth, different parts of it are lit by the Sun. The shape of the moon appears to change during a month. First it is a thin crescent or C-shaped. It gradually gets bigger until we can see the whole disc. Then it gets smaller until it finally disappears. The moon does not change its shape, of course. What actually changes is the area which is lit by the Sun. These changes are called the phases of the moon. The full moon can be seen when the sun lights up the whole side of the moon facing the earth. The new moon appears when the moon is on the side of the earth directly in line with the sun. The side facing the earth is not lit, so it is also sometimes called the “dark moon”.

Questions:

- i) How is the moon able to give us shine?
- ii) What are the phases of the moon?
- iii) What causes the phases of the moon?
- iv) When can we see the full moon?
- v) Why is the new moon sometimes called “dark moon”?
