

**SE202 - Probability Random Process and Numerical Method**

P. Pages : 3

Time : Three Hours



**GUG/W/23/13912**

Max. Marks : 80

- Notes : 1. All questions carry equal marks.  
2. Use of non-programmable calculator is permitted.

1. a) In binary communication channel A is the input & B is the output. Find  $P(A/B)$  &  $P(A/B')$  if  $P(A) = 0.4$ ,  $P(B/A) = 0.9$  &  $P(B'/A') = 0.6$ . **8**
- b) An urn A contains 10 white & 3 black balls, while another urn B contains 3 white & 5 black balls. Two balls are transferred from urn B to urn A & then a ball is drawn from urn A. What is the probability that this ball is white? **8**

**OR**

2. a) If X is a binomial random variable with mean 4 & variance 2.4. Find the distribution function of X. **8**
- b) The average rate of phone calls received is 0.7 calls per minute at an office. Determine probability that
- There will be at least one call in a minute
  - There will be at least three calls during 5 minutes.

3. a) Let X be a random variable giving the number of aces in a random draw of four cards from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability function & the distribution function for X. **8**

- b) A random variable X has density function **8**
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2 & , 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ kx & , 2 < x < 3 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find :

- Constant K
- $P(1 < x < 3)$
- $P(2 < x < 3)$
- The distribution function.

**OR**

4. a) Find mean, variance & moment generating function for exponential distribution. **8**
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} \alpha e^{-\alpha x} & , x > 0 \\ 0 & , x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$
- & find first four moments about the origin.

- b) Let X be a random variables having density function 8

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} cx & , 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

- i) The constant C ii)  $P\left(\frac{1}{2} < X < 3/2\right)$   
 iii)  $P(X > 1)$  iv) The distribution function.

5. a) The joint probability function of two discrete random variables X & Y is given by 8

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} cxy & , x = 1, 2, 3 \text{ \& } y = 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

- i) The constant C ii)  $P(1 \leq x \leq 2, y \leq 3)$   
 iii) Find marginal probability function of X & Y  
 iv) Determine whether X & Y are independent.

- b) Let X & Y be continuous random variable having joint density function 8

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} c(x^2 + y^2) & , 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

- i) Constant C ii)  $P\left(\frac{1}{4} < x < 3/4\right)$   
 iii) The marginal distribution function of X & Y.  
 iv) Determine whether X & Y are independent.

**OR**

6. a) Let  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x+y)} & , x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  be the joint density function of X & Y. 8

Find

- i) Marginal density functions of X & Y  
 ii) Conditional density function of X given Y.

- b) Let X & Y be random variables having joint density function 8

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3x(x+y)}{5} & , 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find

- i)  $E(X)$  ii)  $E(Y)$   
 iii)  $\text{Var}(X)$  iv)  $\text{Var}(Y)$

7. a) A bank teller serves customers standing in the queue one by one suppose that the service time  $X_i$  for customer i has mean  $EX_i = 2$  (minutes) &  $\text{Var}(X_i) = 1$ . We assume that service times for different bank customers are independent. Let Y be the total time the bank teller spends serving 50 customers. Find  $P(90 < y < 110)$ . 8

- b) Prove central limit theorem for the independent variables. 8
- $$X_K = \begin{cases} 1 & , \text{ Prob } P \\ -1 & , \text{ Prob } q \end{cases}$$

**OR**

8. a) Verify central limit theorem for a random variable X which is binomially distributed with mean np & standard deviation  $\sqrt{npq}$ . 8
- b) Find the probability of getting between 2 heads to 4 heads in 10 tosses of fair coin using 8
- i) Binomial distribution
  - ii) The normal approximation to the binomial distribution.
9. a) If a random process  $\{x(t)\}$  for which each sample function of the process is of the form  $X(t) = \sin(\omega t + \theta)$  where  $\omega$  is constant &  $\theta$  is a random variables uniformly distributed over a range  $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$  prove that  $\{x(t)\}$  is a wide-sense stationary process. 8
- b) Find the mean square value of the process whose power spectral density is 8
- $$\frac{\omega^2 + 2}{\omega^4 + 13\omega^2 + 36}$$

**OR**

10. a) Find the average power of the random process  $\{x(t)\}$ , if it's power spectral density is 8
- given by  $s(\omega) = \frac{8}{(\omega^2 + 9)^2}$
- b) If the auto covariance function of a stationary process  $\{x(t)\}$  is given by  $C(T) = A e^{-\alpha|T|}$ , 8
- prove that  $\{x(t)\}$  is mean-ergodic. Also find  $\text{Var}\{A[x(t)]\}$  where  $A\{x(t)\}$  is the time average of  $\{x(t)\}$  over  $(-T, T)$ .

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