

B.Sc. (Part-II) CBCS Pattern Semester-IV
USCCHT07 - Chemistry Paper-I : Inorganic Chemistry

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



GUG/W/23/12000

Max. Marks : 50

- Notes : 1. All **five** questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.
2. Write chemical equations and draw diagrams where necessary.

1. a) Write the postulates of Werner's theory? Explain the bonding in $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 3\text{NH}_3$ and $\text{CoCl}_3 \cdot 5\text{NH}_3$ 5

b) What is geometrical isomerism? Explain geometrical isomerism shown by Four coordinated complexes. 5

OR

c) Give the steps for nomenclature of co-ordination compounds. 2½

d) Define EAN? Calculate effective atomic number of following complex. 2½



e) What are ligands? How they are classified? 2½

f) What are Optical Isomerism? Give the conditions for a complex to show optical isomerism? 2½

2. a) What is SHAB principle? By using SHAB principle Explain the following: 5

i) HgS is insoluble where as $\text{Hg}(\text{OH})_2$ is soluble in dil.HCl.

ii) Calcium and Magnesium exist in nature in the form of carbonates.

b) What are Frost diagram? Discuss Frost diagram for Oxygen. 5

OR

c) Write a short note on Redox stability in water. 2½

d) Explain Latimer diagram with example. 2½

e) What are comproportionation and disproportionation reaction. Give one example of each. 2½

f) How hardness of an acid or bases depend on electronegativity. 2½

3. a) What is crystal field theory? Explain crystal field splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral complexes. 5

b) Discuss the electronic spectra of $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ with respect to position, intensity, width and symmetry of absorption band. 5

OR

- c) The value of Δ_0 for the complex ion $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ is found to be 17400cm^{-1} . Calculate the CFSE of the complex ion if the mean pairing energy is 21000cm^{-1} . 2½
- d) Discuss the limitation of VBT for Coordination compounds. 2½
- e) Explain the following- 2½
 i) Spin selection rule ii) Laporte selection rule
- f) Explain John- Teller effect? 2½
4. a) What is stepwise and overall stability constant? How are they related to each other? Explain with suitable example? 5
- b) Explain the instrumentation used in double beam spectrophotometer? 5

OR

- c) Explain the Job's method of determination of composition of Fe (III) – SSA complex. 2½
- d) Give the application of calorimeter and spectrophotometer in quantitative analysis with reference to estimation of Cu (II). 2½
- e) How does the metal ion affects the stability of metal complexes. 2½
- f) Explain the principle of single beam spectrophotometer with suitable diagram. 2½
5. Attempt **any ten**. 10
- i) Define polymerization isomerism.
- ii) What is double salt?
- iii) Write IUPAC name of $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]\text{SO}_4$
- iv) What is Pourbaix diagram?
- v) What is symbiosis?
- vi) Write Nernst's equation of single electrode potential.
- vii) Which one show strong distortion? Why?
 d^5, d^8, d^9, d^{10} .
- viii) Give the relationship between Δ_0 and Δ_t .
- ix) What is hole formalism principle?
- x) What are inert and labile complexes?
- xi) What is principle of photometry?
- xii) Define thermodynamic stability of metal complexes.
